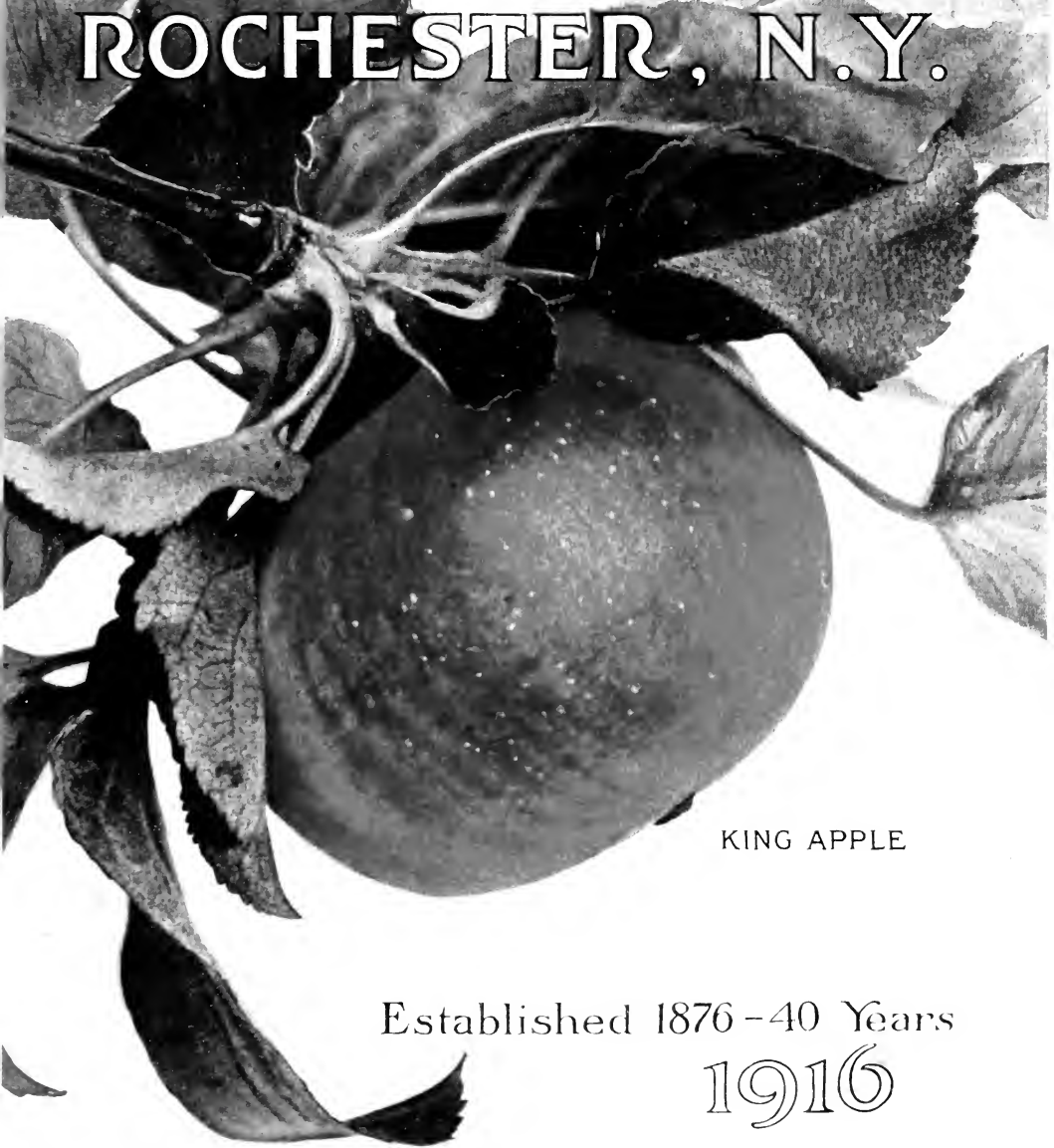


Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES ROCHESTER, N.Y.

A large, dark, textured apple is the central focus, hanging from a branch. Several serrated leaves are attached to the branch, some showing signs of aging or damage. The background is a light, mottled grey.

KING APPLE

Established 1876 - 40 Years
1916

TO OUR PATRONS—*Read Carefully*

ORDER EARLY It is our custom to fill orders in the rotation they are received and they should be placed as early as possible so that we can make shipment at the proper time. Orders that are received early in the season cannot be delayed for those coming in late marked "Rush." It is advisable to have your order forwarded early and, if the same arrives before you have your ground ready for planting, the stock can be left in the box in a cool place for a week or so or taken out and the roots covered with earth.

HOW TO ORDER In making out your order be particular to specify just what is wanted. Your name, post office and shipping point should be written plainly to avoid mistakes. If you are in doubt as to whether your order should go forward by express or freight, you may leave it to us and we will use our best judgment in the matter. Very small packages can be forwarded by mail but we do not advise this way of conveyance for an order of any size as the packages are often delayed at the Post Office and the stock becomes dried out. When stock is sent by Parcel Post we cannot guarantee it to reach a customer in good condition. Postage is required on orders to be sent by Parcel Post. Strawberries should be sent either by express or mail—not by freight. After you have written your order, read it carefully, making sure that you have listed the quantity and grade desired.

PACKING AND SHIPPING Care is given to the packing of each order which enables us to get your stock to you in fresh condition. We make no charge for packing or boxing and all orders are delivered to the express or freight office free of charge.

TERMS Cash with order. Your order may be accompanied with your check, a post office or express money order, draft or cash. If you send cash we would advise you to send same by registered mail.

CLAIMS If there is anything to criticise in regard to our service or quality of stock, tell us. If you are well pleased we would appreciate it if you would tell your friends.

RELIABILITY For thirty-nine years we have devoted our time to the growing of high grade nursery stock and have striven toward building up a business that would enable us to list ourselves among the foremost nurserymen in the country. As to our reliability we are pleased to refer you to Dun's or Bradstreet's, or any bank or business house in Rochester.

SHIPPING SEASONS The spring shipping season usually commences here about March 15th and continues until about May 1st. Of course the time of shipping your order depends on your location. We commence making southern shipments about January 1st. The most important of all is to plant stock when it is in a dormant condition or, in other words, before the leaves start. Trees and plants should not be dug in the fall until they are dormant. The time they reach this state depends on the weather. Our usual fall season commences about October 1st and we continue to make shipments until the ground freezes. We advise spring planting for berry plants and peach trees.

Please Read Testimonials in the Enclosed Folder

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

ORDER SHEET

In ordering please use this sheet.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

MAKE MONEY ORDERS PAYABLE TO ALLEN L WOOD

OUR GUARANTEE—While we exercise the greatest care to have our stock genuine and reliable, we agree to replace on proper proof, all that may prove untrue to name as labeled, at the rate of 2 to 1, and it is hereby mutually agreed that our replacing it or offer to replace it shall operate as a liquidation of all damages.

Name_____ Check - - \$_____

Street _____ P. O. Order _____

Post Office _____ Draft . . . _____

County _____ State _____ Cash or Stamps _____

Be sure to give the name of Express Office if desired by Express ; or Freight Station if desired by Freight. Also name your Post Office Address, too.

Express Office _____ Freight Station _____

Express Co. _____ Railroad _____

PRICES IN THIS CATALOG SUPERSEDE THOSE OF ALL FORMER EDITIONS

[illegible]

We aim to give satisfaction. Give us a trial.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

[illegible]

Please write below names and addresses of a few of your friends who are interested in and buyers of Trees, Shrubs, Roses, etc.

Express and Freight Rates

from our Nursery to various Cities and Towns in the U. S. If you do not happen to live in one of the places mentioned, you can readily figure out what the rate to your place would be in comparison with a place of about equal distance, that is on this list.

Ex- press Rates on 100 lbs.	From Rochester, N. Y. to	Minimum Freight Charges on a Box of Trees or Plants Weighing 100 lbs. or Less	Freight Charges on Every 100 lbs. of Trees or Plants Over the Minimum of 100 lbs.	Ex- press Rates on 100 lbs.	From Rochester, N. Y. to	Minimum Freight Charges on a box of Trees or Plants Weighing 100 lbs. or Less	Freight Charges on Every 100 lbs. of Trees or Plants Over the Minimum of 100 lbs.
\$ 94	Albany, N. Y.	\$ 31	\$ 23	\$1 50	Louisville, Ky.	\$ 53	\$ 39
57	Albion, N. Y.	25	11	2 70	Little Rock, Ark.	1 50	1 23
2 40	Atlanta, Ga.	1 17	76	94	Meadville, Pa.	36	26
2 48	Ashland, Wisc.	95	68	1 58	Milwaukee, Wis.	53	39
45	Batavia, N. Y.	25	09	2 48	Montgomery, Ala.	1 20	77
75	Binghamton, N. Y.	30	21	1 20	May's Landing, N. J.	42	32
1 13	Boston, Mass.	40	30	3 08	New Orleans, La.	1 10	76½
1 05	Baltimore, Md.	25	25	1 13	New York, N. Y.	35	25½
3 38	Bismarck, N. D.	1 58	1 35	1 95	Nashville, Tenn.	83	59½
1 05	Burlington, Vt.	50	36	2 40	Omaha, Neb.	1 25	98
45	Brockport, N. Y.	25	09	57	Olean, N. Y.	22	16
57	Clyde, N. Y.	25	22	57	Oswego, N. Y.	25	18
68	Cortland, N. Y.	30	21	87	Ogdensburg, N. Y.	38	27
1 43	Chicago, Ill.	53	39	1 05	Plattsburg, N. Y.	50	36½
94	Cleveland, O.	36	26	1 05	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	35	25½
1 35	Cincinnati, O.	46	34	1 13	Philadelphia, Pa.	26	25½
1 69	Cheboygan, Mich.	63	47	94	Pittsburg, Pa.	36	26
1 20	Concord, N. H.	40	30	1 20	Providence, R. I.	40	30
2 33	Columbia, S. C.	1 10	1 10	1 28	Portland, Me.	40	30
1 58	Charleston, W. Va.	46	34	7 28	Portland, Oregon.	2 65	2 20
75	Dunkirk, N. Y.	24	17	1 05	Reading, Pa.	26	25½
1 13	Detroit, Mich.	41	31	1 80	Raleigh, N. C.	98	98
2 03	Des Moines, Iowa.	1 15	92	1 47	Richmond, Va.	55	40
3 98	Denver, Col.	1 96	1 69	87	Scranton, Pa.	35	25½
1 13	Dover, N. J.	35	25	2 33	St. Paul, Minn.	95	68
1 05	Easton, Pa.	35	25	7 50	San Francisco, Cal.	2 60	2 20
1 28	Ft. Wayne, Ind.	48	35	1 77	St. Louis, Mo.	62	45
1 35	Georgetown, Del.	55	40	1 05	Springfield, Mass.	40	30
1 20	Glenmore, Ohio.	48	35	1 62	Springfield, Ill.	62	45
1 28	Grand Rapids, Mich.	50	36½	57	Syracuse, N. Y.	25	14
94	Harrisburg, Pa.	35	25½	1 13	Trenton, N. J.	35	25½
1 13	Hartford, Conn.	40	30	1 13	Toledo, Ohio.	41	31
57	Hornell, N. Y.	24	17	68	Utica, N. Y.	26	18
1 43	Indianapolis, Ind.	49	36	75	Williamsport, Pa.	35	25½
2 63	Jackson, Miss.	1 24	83	1 20	Washington, D. C.	45	32
2 82	Jacksonville, Fla.	1 08	52½	1 13	Worcester, Mass.	40	30
2 25	Kansas City, Mo.	1 20	98	57	Wolcott, N. Y.	25	15

No package forwarded by express for less than 21c.

ESTIMATE WEIGHT OF TREES AND PLANTS BOXED

Trees, XXX, 5 to 7 feet, 200 to 250 lbs. per 100 trees
 Trees, XX, 5 to 6 feet, 150 to 200 lbs. per 100 trees
 Trees, X, 4 to 5 feet, 100 to 150 lbs. per 100 trees
 Shrubs, Roses, etc., No. 1 size, 75 to 100 lbs. per 100 plants
 Grapes, Berries, etc., No. 1 size, 25 to 50 lbs. per 100 plants

It is impossible to give a more definite estimate as some varieties weigh more than others, on account of the difference in density of the wood growth. For instance, a Peach tree would weigh less than a Pear tree of exactly the same size. The above, however, will enable you to make a close estimate as to the express and freight rates on a given amount of stock.

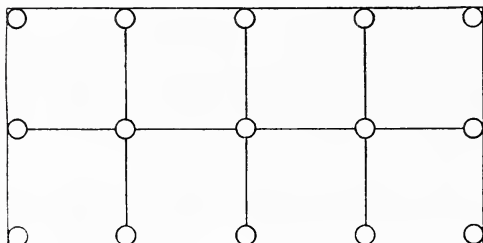
The Railroads bill all small shipments as weighing 100 lbs. each, even though the actual weight be less.

Methods for Planting an Orchard

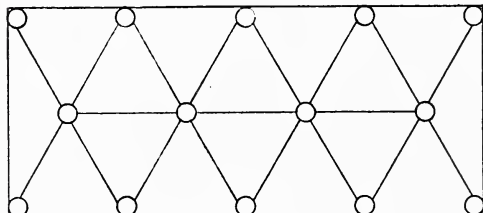
There are two ways to set an orchard. The old square way, where trees are planted on the four corners of a square, and the new way where trees are planted on the three corners of an equal-sided triangle. This new method is becoming more popular every year. It permits cultivation in three ways and gives you more trees to the acre.

	Old Method	New Method
Trees planted 30 ft. apart each way,	49 to acre	58 to acre
" " 24 ft. " " " "	75 " "	90 to acre
" " 20 ft. " " " "	108 " "	128 to acre

Fillers may be planted between the permanent trees in either method.



The Old Square Method



The New Triangular

Distance for Planting

Apples, Standard.....30 to 40 ft.	Grapes.....8 by 10 ft.
Apples, Dwarf.....8 to 10 ft.	Currants.....3 by 5 ft.
Pears, Standard.....18 to 20 ft.	Gooseberries.....3 by 5 ft.
Pears, Dwarf.....10 ft.	Raspberries, Red.....3 by 6 ft.
Peaches.....16 to 18 ft.	Raspberries, Black.....3 by 6 ft.
Nectarines and Apri- cots.....16 to 18 ft.	Blackberries.....5 by 7 ft.
Cherries, Sweet.....18 to 20 ft.	Strawberries, rows.....1 by 4 ft.
Cherries, Sour.....15 to 18 ft.	Strawberries in beds.....1½ by 1½ ft.
Plums.....16 to 20 ft.	Asparagus, in beds.....1 by 1½ ft.
Quinces.....10 to 12 ft.	Asparagus, in field.....1 by 3 ft.

Trees and Plants to the Acre

2 feet each way.....10,890	15 feet each way.....194
3 feet each way.....4,840	18 feet each way.....135
4 feet each way.....2,723	20 feet each way.....110
5 feet each way.....1,742	25 feet each way.....70
6 feet each way.....1,210	30 feet each way.....48
8 feet each way.....680	33 feet each way.....40
10 feet each way.....470	40 feet each way.....28
12 feet each way.....302	

To estimate the number of plants required for an acre, at any given distance, multiply the distance between the rows by the distance between the plants, which will give the number of square feet allotted to each plant, and divide the number of square feet in an acre (43,560) by this number, the quotient will be the number of plants required.

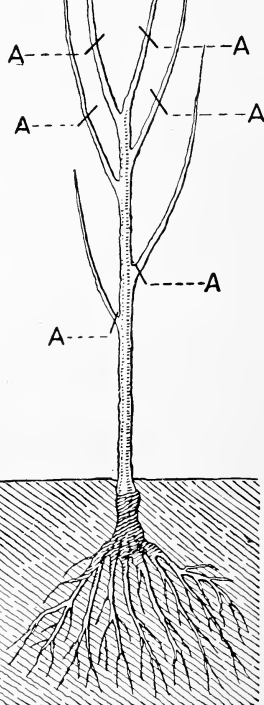
TURN to page 6 and see what you are getting when you buy "Wood Quality" Trees. They can't be beaten.

Details of Setting Young Trees

The work of planting is made comparatively easy by the opening of a furrow with a plow for the rows and cross-checking to indicate the points at which to set the trees. When planting, cut back the top to a point where the future head is to be formed, smooth off the ends of all the bruised and broken roots, then set, at the point in the row indicated by the cross-check, straighten the roots out into a natural position; fill in among them firmly, fine dirt, and tramp all down with the foot. It is best to set the trees an inch deeper than they were in the nursery row, leaning them slightly to the west or southwest, to brace them against prevailing winds. By this position the top will soon shade and protect the bodies from the intense heat of the summer sun, which is likely to cause sun scald. After the planting of the orchard is completed, the open furrows between the trees may be filled up by plowing one or more furrows against the row. The second year the young shoots are usually cut back again.

Trimming

It is surprising how many orchards you see planted out with the young trees left with the full amount of limbs on, just as they came from the nursery. By the accompanying drawing we endeavor to show how a young tree should be trimmed and planted. Trim the young tree the way you want it to grow. If a low



headed tree is preferred, cut back the top leaving such limbs as you may want. In the drawing we have shown the most popular way of trimming young trees. This generally gives a medium height tree very well formed. The cross lines marked "A" on the limbs show where the cut should be made. The two lower limbs are too low to be left on and should be cut off close to the trunk as marked by the lines "A." If more attention is given to the planting, trimming and care of nursery stock, the grower will have better results.

All of our fruit trees, except Peaches, are two years old when they leave the nursery. Peaches are one year old.

SPRAYING CALENDAR

Recommended by New York Agricultural Experiment Station, Geneva, N. Y.

	1st Application	2nd Application	3rd Application	4th Application
Apples	Before buds open in the spring use Lime-Sulphur solution, 32°B., 1-8.	As blossoms show pink apply Lime-Sulphur 1-40 to which add 3 lbs. Arsenate of Lead.	When blossoms drop, repeat (2).	Two or three weeks after (3) repeat (2).
Cherries	Spray as for plums for San Jose Scale and Curculio.			
Currants	Bordeaux mixture and Lead Arsenate 4 lbs. to 50 gallons as soon as worms appear.	Repeat (1) any time worms become numerous.	As fruit colors substitute Hellebore for the Lead Arsenate.	
Pears	Same as for apples, add Black Leaf 40 for Psylla using $\frac{3}{4}$ pint to 100 gal. dilute Lime-Sulphur solution.	As cluster buds separate at the tips, apply Lime-Sulphur solution 1-8 to kill psylla eggs.	As petals drop apply the Bordeaux-Lead Arsenate-Nicotine combination spray in the usual proportions.	If necessary repeat (3), Bordeaux may be omitted on varieties not attacked by scab.
Plums	Spray as for apples for San Jose Scale.	When "husks" or calyces drop apply Arsenate of Lead for Curculio. For Leaf Spot on European varieties use Bordeaux mixture 4-4-50.	For Leaf Spot repeat Bordeaux in about 10 days. Japanese varieties should be sprayed as directed for peaches.	
Peaches	Before buds swell apply Lime-Sulphur solution 1-8.	As calyces drop apply Lead Arsenate for Curculio. Self boiled Lime-Sulphur can be used as a carrier to control scab and Brown Rot.	Two or three weeks after (2) use self-boiled Lime-Sulphur and 2 lbs. of Lead Arsenate.	About one month before fruit ripens repeat (3) omitting the lead.
Quinces	Spray as for apples.	Spray as for apples.	Repeat (2).	Repeat (2)
Gooseberries	As leaves open apply Lime-Sulphur 1-40.	Repeat (1) in two weeks, add Lead Arsenate if worms appear.	Repeat (1) in two weeks.	Repeat (1) two weeks later if necessary.
Grapes	For "Steely Beetle" spray before buds open, when beetles appear with 6 lbs. Lead Arsenate, 2 gals. of poor molasses, 100 gals. water.	For Rose Chaper repeat (1) if beetles appear, using 8 lbs. of Lead Arsenate. For Root-worm use (1) about one week after beetles appear. Bordeaux mixture may be used as a carrier to control Brown Rot.	For Root-worm spray one week after (1), using (1) in Bordeaux mixture. This is also good for Berry Moth.	For Berry Moth spray about 10 days later with (3). For Leaf Hopper use Black Leaf 40— $\frac{1}{2}$ pint to 100 gallons of Bordeaux mixture during July, when nymphs appear.

FORMULAS FOR SPRAY MIXTURES

Commercial Lime-Sulphur Solution

Lime-Sulphur Solution (32°-34° B) - 1 gal.
Water - 8 to 9 gals.

There are a number of commercial preparations of Lime-Sulphur which have only to be diluted with water to prepare for use. For the treatment of scale and for summer spraying many orchardists prefer these to the home-made Lime-Sulphur solution.

Home-Made Concentrated Lime-Sulphur Solution

The home-made concentrated mixture is preferred by many fruit-growers to the above wash. These may be used cold, are storable, and therefore available for use as convenient.

{ Pure CaO - 36 lbs.
Lime { If 95 per cent. pure - 38
 { If 90 - 40 "
Sulphur, high grade, finely divided - 80 "
Water - 50 gals.

Directions for making and using Concentrated Lime-Sulphur wash are given in Popular Bulletin 329-330, which may be obtained on application to the Geneva Station.

Self-Boiled Lime-Sulphur Mixture

Fresh Stone Lime - 8 lbs.
Sulphur - 8 lbs. Water - 50 gals.

Place lime in a barrel and pour on enough water to cover it. As lime begins to slake, stir in the sulphur, which has previously been sifted to get rid of lumps. Add water as needed to keep the mixture in form of rather thick paste at first, and then gradually to a thin paste. As soon as lime is well slaked add the full amount of water to prevent further cooking. The sulphur should not go into solution. Strain into spraying tank and apply.

Hellebore

White Hellebore - 1 oz. Water - 3 gals.
Apply when thoroughly mixed. It is important to have fresh powder

Kerosene Emulsion

Kerosene - 2 gals.
Fish-oil Soap - $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. Soft Water - 1 gal.

Dissolve the soap, which has been finely divided, in one gal. of boiling water. Remove the vessel from the stove and add the oil. Then agitate the mixture violently for from 3 to 5 minutes by pumping into itself under high pressure until a creamy mass is formed, from which the oil does not separate. Fruit growers are advised not to employ an emulsion which shows a separation of the oil, as application of such preparations may cause injuries to the trees. This is used with success by some growers for summer spraying at a dilution of one gallon of the emulsion to eight gallons of water.

Nicotine Extract

Tobacco Extract (Black Leaf 40) - $\frac{3}{4}$ pint
Water - 100 gals. Soap - 3-5 lbs.

Nicotine may also be used in combination with the diluted lime-sulphur sprays. In such instances the soap should be omitted. For special insects use as directed in table.

Bordeaux Mixture

Copper Sulphate - 2-5 lbs. Water - 50 gals.

Dissolve the Copper Sulphate in 2-5 gals. of water. This may be quickly done by suspending the material in a bran sack over the side of the container so that it comes in contact with the water. In a separate vessel slake the lime slowly, being careful not to let it become dry. Add the necessary amount of water to the lime and agitate thoroughly, allow it to settle somewhat and then add the Copper Sulphate solution, stirring vigorously meanwhile. Use wooden containers only.

Arsenate of Lead

Lead Arsenate - 3 lbs. Water - 50 gals.
Lime-Sulphur solution or Bordeaux mixture may be used as a carrier for the lead.

“Wood Quality”

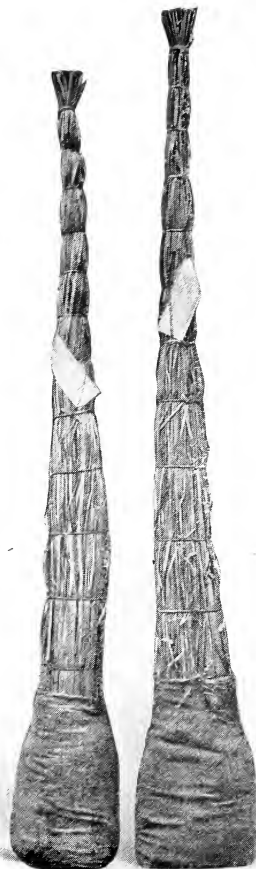
Our idea in the growing of trees is just this — a customer wants good trees and we grow them. “Wood Quality” trees are straight, have well-shaped heads, plenty of fibrous roots and most important of all, they are true-to-name.

Small orders are carefully tied up, the tops in flag to keep the trees from bruises and the roots in damp moss wrapped over with burlap to retain the moisture.

Large orders are packed in paper lined boxes. We use wet moss for the roots and straw for the tops. The paper lining keeps the air and frost out and the moisture in.



XXX Grade XX Grade X Grade



The Best Varieties of Fruit for the United States and that Portion of Canada Along the Border

THE list given below is based on "The Catalogue of Fruits" of the American Pomological Society in which the country is divided into nineteen horticultural districts, and each district includes states or parts of states having approximately similar conditions of soil and climate. From many varieties of fruits recommended for each of these districts, we have selected the following because they are especially valuable for home use and commercial purposes. In preparing this list we have had the co-operation of the leading expert pomologists of the United States.

Varieties recommended for northern Maine, northern Vermont, northern New Hampshire, northern New York, northern Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Prince Edwards :

Apples: Early—Red Astrachan, Yellow Transparent, Midseason—Duchess of Oldenburg, Fameuse (Snow), Gravenstein, King of Tompkins County, Wealthy. Late—Grimes Golden, McIntosh Red, Northern Spy, N. W. Greening, Tolman Sweet, Wolf River.

Crab Apples: Whitney.

Pears: Early—Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite. Midseason—Flemish Beauty, Seckel. Late—Beurre de Anjou, Kieffer.

Plums: Early—Abundance, Lombard, Red June. Midseason—Felleberg, Reine Claude. Late—Shipper's Pride, Shropshire Damson.

Peaches and Apricots: None.

Sweet Cherries: Black Tartarian, Governor Wood,

Napoleon, Schmidt's Bigarreau, Windsor, Yellow Spanish, Lambert.

Sour Cherries: Bender, Early Richmond, Montmorency.

Quinces: Orange.

Grapes: Brighton, Diamond, Lindley, Moore's

Early, Niagara, Worden.

Currants: Fay's Prolific, Lee's Prolific, Red Cross,

White Grape, Wood's Improved Cherry.

Gooseberries: Pearl, Josselyn.

Strawberries: Early Beauty, Monroe, Steven's

Late Champion, Wilson.

Red Raspberries: Columbian, Herbert, Marlboro,

St. Regis, Wood's Improved Cuthbert.

Black Raspberries: Gregg, Kansas, Plum Farmer.

Blackberries: Blowers, Eldorado, Snyder.

Varieties recommended for southern Maine, southern New Hampshire, southern Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, northern Pennsylvania, northern Ohio, northern Indiana, the southern peninsula of Michigan and southern Ontario :

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent. Midseason—Duchess of Oldenburg, Fameuse (Snow), Gravenstein, King of Tompkins County, Maiden Blush. Late—Baldwin, Ben Davis, Grimes Golden, Hubbardston Nonesuch, Jonathan, McIntosh Red, Northern Spy, Rhode Island Greening, Rome Beauty, Spitzenburg, Stark, Sutton Beauty, Tolman Sweet, Wagner, Winter Banana, Wolf River, Woodlawn Golden Pippin.

Crab Apples: Hyslop, Transcendent, Whitney.

Pears: Early—Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite. Midseason—Flemish Beauty, Rossney, Seckel, Sheldon. Late—Beurre de Anjou, Duchess, Kieffer.

Plums: Early—Abundance, Lombard, Red June. Midseason—Felleberg, Reine Claude, Wickson, Yellow Egg, Burbank, Bradshaw. Late—Shipper's Pride, Wood's Improved German Prune, Shropshire Damson.

Peaches: Early—Greensboro, Champion, Carman, Fitzgerald. Midseason—Woodlawn Golden, Early Crawford, Yellow St. John, Niagara, Belle of Georgia. Late—Crosby, Late Crawford, Hale, Willett, Lamont, Elberta.

Varieties recommended for New Jersey, southeastern Pennsylvania, Delaware, eastern Maryland and eastern Virginia :

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent. Midseason—Gravenstein, Maiden Blush, Wealthy. Late—Grimes Golden, Hubbardston Nonesuch, Jonathan, Rome Beauty, Stayman Winesap, Tolman Sweet, Woodlawn Golden Pippin, York Imperial.

Crab Apples: Hyslop, Transcendent, Whitney.

Pears: Early—Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Koonce. Midseason—Flemish Beauty, Rossney, Seckel, Sheldon. Late—Beurre de Anjou, Kieffer.

Plums: Early—Abundance, Red June. Midseason—Burbank, Felleberg, Reine Claude, Wickson. Late—Shropshire Damson, Shipper's Pride, Wood's Improved German Prune.

Peaches: Early—Greensboro, Champion, Carman. Midseason—Early Crawford, Woodlawn Golden, Belle of Georgia. Late—Hale, Late Crawford, Willett, Lamont, Elberta.

Sweet Cherries: Black Tartarian, Governor Wood,

Napoleon, Schmidt's Bigarreau, Yellow Spanish, Windsor, Lambert.

Sour Cherries: Bender, Montmorency, English Morello.

Apricots: Moorpark.

Quinces: Orange, Bourgeat.

Grapes: Brighton, Catawba, Concord, Delaware, Diamond, Lindley, Moore's Early, Niagara, Worden.

Currants: Wood's Improved Cherry, Fay's Prolific, White Grape, Victoria, Red Cross.

Gooseberries: Downing, Pearl, Josselyn.

Strawberries: Monroe, Senator Dunlap, William Belt, World's Wonder, Steven's Late Champion.

Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, Columbian, St. Regis.

Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer, Kansas, Black Diamond.

Blackberries: Blowers, Eldorado, Snyder.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

Varieties recommended for southern Pennsylvania, West Virginia, southern Ohio, southern Indiana, southern Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Oklahoma, western Virginia, western North Carolina, northern Georgia and northern Alabama :

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent. Midseason—Gravenstein, Maiden Blush, King of Tompkins County, Wealthy. Late—Woodlawn Golden Pippin, Ben Davis, Delicious, Gano, Grimes Golden, Hubbardston Nonesuch, Jonathan, Northern Spy, Rome Beauty, Spitzenburg, Stark, Stayman Winesap, York Imperial.

Crab Apples: Hyslop, Transcendent.

Pears: Early—Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Koonce. Midseason—Flemish Beauty, Rossney, Seckel, Sheldon. Late—Beurre de Anjou, Kieffer.

Plums: Early—Abundance, Red June. Midseason—Burbank, Reine Claude, Wickson. Late—Shropshire Damson, Shipper's Pride.

Peaches: Early—Greensboro, Champion, Carman. Midseason—Woodlawn Golden, Early Crawford, Belle of Georgia. Late—Hale, Late Crawford, Elberta, Willett, Lamont.

Varieties recommended for eastern North Carolina, South Carolina and Southern Georgia :

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent, Red Astrachan. Midseason—Maiden Blush. Late—Grimes Golden, Jonathan, Stayman Winesap, Tolman Sweet, York Imperial.

Pears: Early — Koonce. Midseason — Flemish Beauty, Seckel. Late—Beurre de Anjou, Kieffer.

Plums: Early—Abundance, Red June. Midseason—Reine Claude. Late—Wood's Improved German Prune, Shropshire Damson, Shipper's Pride.

Peaches: Early—Greensboro, Champion, Carman. Midseason—Woodlawn Golden, Belle of Georgia. Late—Hale, Elberta, Lamont.

Varieties recommended for most of Florida and that part of Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas bordering on the Gulf :

Apples: Early Harvest, Yellow Transparent.

Pears: Koonce, Kieffer.

Plums: Abundance, Burbank, Red June.

Peaches: Champion, Greensboro, Carman.

Varieties recommended for southern Alabama, southern Arkansas and Central Texas :

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent. Red Astrachan. Midseason—Duchess of Oldenburg, Maiden Blush. Late—Tolman Sweet, Stayman Winesap, Ben Davis, Gano, Jonathan.

Pears: Early — Koonce. Midseason — Seckel, Sheldon. Late—Duchess, Kieffer.

Peaches: Early—Greensboro, Champion, Carman. Midseason — Woodlawn Golden, Early Crawford, Crosby, Fitzgerald. Late—Hale, Late Crawford, Elberta.

Plums: Abundance, Red June.

Sweet Cherries: None.

Varieties recommended for southern Iowa, northern and central Illinois, northern Missouri, eastern Kansas and eastern Nebraska :

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent. Midseason—Duchess of Oldenburg, Maiden Blush, Fameuse (Snow), Wealthy. Late—Hubbardston Nonesuch, McIntosh Red, Grimes Golden, Jonathan, Rome Beauty, Stayman Winesap, Tolman Sweet, Ben Davis, Gano, N. W. Greening, Stark, Woodlawn Golden Pippin.

Crab Apples: Hyslop, Whitney.

Pears: Early—Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Koonce. Midseason—Flemish Beauty, Seckel, Sheldon, Rossney. Late—Duchess, Beurre de Anjou, Kieffer.

Plums: Early—Abundance, Red June. Midseason—Burbank. Late—Shropshire Damson.

Peaches: Early—Greensboro, Champion, Carman. Midseason—Crosby, Early Crawford, Woodlawn Golden, Belle of Georgia. Late—Late

Sweet Cherries: Black Tartarian, Governor Wood, Yellow Spanish, Napoleon, Lambert, Windsor.

Sour Cherries: Bender, Montmorency, English Morello.

Apricots: Early Golden, Harris, Montgamet.

Quinces: Champion, Orange.

Grapes: Agawam, Brighton, Catawba, Concord, Delaware, Diamond, Lindley, Moore's Early, Niagara, Worden.

Currants: Wood's Improved Cherry, Red Cross, Fay's Prolific, Victoria, White Grape.

Gooseberries: Pearl, Josselyn.

Strawberries: Monroe, Senator Dunlap, Steven's Late Champion, William Belt, World's Wonder.

Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, Columbian, Ruby, St. Regis.

Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer, Kansas, Black Diamond.

Blackberries: Blowers, Eldorado, Snyder.

Sweet Cherries: Black Tartarian, Lambert, Napoleon, Yellow Spanish, Windsor.

Sour Cherries: Bender, Early Richmond, Montmorency.

Apricots: Early Golden, Montgamet.

Quinces: Champion, Orange.

Grapes: Brighton, Moore's Early, Delaware, Concord, Diamond, Niagara, Catawba.

Currants: Lee's Prolific.

Gooseberries: Josselyn.

Strawberries: Monroe, World's Wonder, Senator Dunlap.

Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, St. Regis.

Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer, Kansas.

Blackberries: Snyder.

Apricots: Early Golden, Montgamet.

Quinces: Champion.

Grapes: Catawba, Niagara.

Strawberries: Monroe, Wilson, World's Wonder.

practically all of Mississippi, northern Louisiana,

Sour Cherries: Bender, Montmorency, English Morello.

Apricots: Early Golden, Moorpark.

Grapes: Moore's Early, Delaware, Diamond, Catawba, Niagara.

Currants and Gooseberries: None.

Quinces: Champion, Orange.

Strawberries: Monroe, Senator Dunlap, World's Wonder, Wilson, Steven's Late Champion.

Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, St. Regis.

Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer.

Blackberries: Snyder, Eldorado.

Crawford, Hale, Elberta, Lamont.

Sweet Cherries: Governor Wood, Yellow Spanish.

Sour Cherries: Bender, Early Richmond, Montmorency, English Morello.

Apricots: Early Golden, Moorpark.

Quinces: Orange.

Grapes: Moore's Early, Brighton, Worden, Delaware, Agawam, Concord, Diamond, Niagara, Catawba.

Currants: White Grape, Wood's Improved Cherry, Victoria, Red Cross, Lee's Prolific.

Gooseberries: Pearl, Downing, Josselyn.

Strawberries: Monroe, Senator Dunlap, Steven's Late Champion, World's Wonder.

Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, Columbian, St. Regis.

Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer, Kansas, Gregg.

Blackberries: Blowers, Snyder, Eldorado.

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

Varieties recommended for Wisconsin, northern Iowa, eastern South Dakota, eastern North Dakota, Minnesota and contiguous parts of Canada :

Apples: Early—Yellow Transparent. Midseason—Duchess of Oldenburg, Wealthy. Late—N. W. Greening, Golden Russet.
Crab Apples: Hyslop, Whitney.
Pears, Peaches, Sweet Cherries, Apricots and Quinces: None.
Plums: Shropshire Damson, Shipper's Pride.
Sour Cherries: Bender, Early Richmond, Montmorency, English Morello.
Grapes: Moore's Early, Brighton, Delaware, Wor-

den, Concord, Agawam.
Currants: Wood's Improved Cherry, Red Cross, White Grape, Victoria.
Gooseberries: Pearl, Downing.
Strawberries: Monroe, Senator Dunlap, Wilson, Steven's Late Champion.
Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, Columbian, Herbert, St. Regis.
Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer, Kansas.
Blackberries: Blowers, Snyder, Eldorado.

Varieties recommended for western Nebraska, western Kansas, eastern Colorado and northwestern Texas above 2,000 feet :

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Yellow Transparent. Midseason—Duchess of Oldenburg, Maiden Blush, Wealthy. Late—Woodlawn Golden Pippin, Gravenstein, Grimes Golden, Hubbardston Nonesuch, Jonathan, Stayman Winesap, Ben Davis, Gano, N. W. Greening, Stark.
Crab Apples: Hyslop, Transcendent.
Pears: Early—Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Koonce. Midseason—Flemish Beauty, Seckel, Sheldon Rossney. Late—Beurre de Anjou, Kieffer.
Plums: Early—Lombard. Midseason—Fellemburg. Late—Wood's Improved German Prune, Shropshire Damson.
Peaches: Early—Greensboro, Champion, Carman. Midseason—Early Crawford, Belle of Georgia.

Woodlawn Golden. Late—Hale, Elberta, Late Crawford.
Sweet Cherries and Apricots: None.
Sour Cherries: Bender, Early Richmond, English Morello.
Quinces: Champion, Orange.
Grapes: Moore's Early, Brighton, Worden, Concord, Delaware, Agawam, Niagara, Catawba.
Gooseberries: Pearl, Downing.
Strawberries: Monroe, Early Beauty, Senator Dunlap, Steven's Late Champion, William Belt, World's Wonder.
Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, St. Regis, Columbian.
Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer, Kansas.
Blackberries: Blowers, Snyder, Eldorado.

Varieties recommended for western and central Colorado, northern New Mexico, Utah and northern Arizona :

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent. Midseason—Maiden Blush, Duchess of Oldenburg, Fameuse (Snow), Wealthy. Late—Woodlawn Golden Pippin, Ben Davis, Gano, Grimes Golden, Hubbardston Nonesuch, Jonathan, McIntosh Red, N. W. Greening, Spitzenburg, Stark, Stayman Winesap, Tolman Sweet.
Crab Apples: Hyslop.
Pears: Early—Bartlett, Koonce. Midseason—Flemish Beauty, Seckel, Sheldon, Rossney. Late—Beurre de Anjou, Kieffer.
Plums: Early—Abundance, Lombard. Midseason—Reine Claude, Fellemburg. Late—Wood's Improved German Prune, Shropshire Damson.
Peaches: Early—Greensboro, Champion, Carman. Midseason—Woodlawn Golden, Early Crawford. Late—Hale, Elberta, Late Crawford.

Sweet Cherries: Bing, Lambert, Napoleon, Windsor.
Sour Cherries: Bender, Early Richmond, English Morello, Montmorency.
Apricots: Early Golden, Moorpark.
Quinces: Champion, Orange.
Grapes: Moore's Early, Brighton, Delaware, Agawam, Worden, Concord, Diamond, Niagara.
Currants: Wood's Improved Cherry, Red Cross, Fay's Prolific, White Grape, Victoria, Lee's Prolific.
Gooseberries: Pearl, Josselyn.
Strawberries: Monroe, Senator Dunlap, Steven's Late Champion, World's Wonder.
Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, St. Regis, Columbian.
Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer, Kansas.
Blackberries: Blowers, Eldorado, Snyder.

Varieties recommended for Wyoming, western South Dakota, western North Dakota, eastern Montana and contiguous parts of Canada :

Apples: Early—Yellow Transparent, Red Astrachan. Midseason—Duchess of Oldenburg, Wealthy, Wolf River. Late—Grimes Golden, N. W. Greening, Tolman Sweet, Gano.
Pears: Flemish Beauty.
Plums, Peaches, Sweet Cherries, Apricots, Quinces and Grapes: None.
Sour Cherries: English Morello, Bender.

Currants: Wood's Improved Cherry, Red Cross, Victoria, Lee's Prolific.
Gooseberries: Downing, Pearl.
Strawberries: Monroe, Senator Dunlap, Wilson, World's Wonder.
Red Raspberries: Herbert.
Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer.
Blackberries: Blowers, Snyder, Eldorado.

Varieties recommended for western Montana, Idaho, eastern Washington, eastern Oregon, Nevada, eastern California and adjacent parts of British Columbia :

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent. Midseason—Maiden Blush, Gravenstein, Duchess of Oldenburg, Fameuse (Snow), Wealthy, King of Tompkins County. Late—McIntosh Red, Woodlawn Golden Pippin, Grimes Golden, Spitzenburg, Jonathan, Northern Spy, Wagener, Rome Beauty, Stayman Winesap, Ben Davis, Gano, Stark.
Crab Apples: Hyslop, Transcendent.
Pears: Early—Clapp's Favorite, Bartlett, Howell, Rossney. Midseason—Flemish Beauty, Seckel, Sheldon. Late—Beurre de Anjou, Kieffer.
Plums: Early—Lombard, Bradshaw. Midseason—Reine Claude, Fellemburg. Late—

Shropshire Damson, Wood's Improved German Prune.
Peaches: Early—Greensboro, Champion, Carman. Midseason—Woodlawn Golden, Early Crawford. Late—Hale, Elberta, Late Crawford, Lamont.
Sweet Cherries: Bing, Black Tartarian, Lambert, Napoleon, Windsor.
Sour Cherries: Bender, English Morello.
Apricots: Moorpark, Harris.
Quinces: Orange, Champion.
Grapes: Moore's Early, Brighton, Worden, Delaware, Concord, Niagara, Agawam, Lindley.
Currants: Wood's Improved Cherry, Red Cross, Victoria, White Grape.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

Gooseberries: Pearl, Josselyn.
 Strawberries: Monroe, Senator Dunlap, Steven's
 Late Champion, World's Wonder.
 Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, St.

Regis, Columbian, Ruby.
 Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer, Kansas, Black
 Diamond.
 Blackberries: Blowers, Eldorado, Snyder.

Varieties recommended for the Coast region of western Oregon, western Washington and contiguous parts of British Columbia:

Apples: Early—Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent, Midseason—Gravenstein, Fameuse (Snow), Duchess of Oldenburg, Wealthy. Late—Woodlawn Golden Pippin, McIntosh Red, Baldwin, Spitzenburg, Jonathan, Northern Spy, Tolman Sweet, Grimes Golden, Rome Beauty.
 Crab Apples: Hyslop, Transcendent.
 Pears: Early—Clapp's Favorite, Bartlett, Midseason—Seckel, Sheldon, Flemish Beauty, Rosney. Late—Beurre de Anjou, Kieffer.
 Plums: Felleberg, Wood's Improved German Prune, Reine Claude, Shropshire Damson.
 Peaches: Greensboro, Woodlawn Golden, Early Crawford, Late Crawford, Hale.
 Sweet Cherries: Bing, Black Tartarian, Lambert, Napoleon, Windsor.

Sour Cherries: Bender, Early Richmond, Montmorency, English Morello.
 Apricots: Moorpark, Harris.
 Quinces: Orange, Champion.
 Grapes: Moore's Early, Brighton, Worden, Delaware, Concord, Niagara, Agawam, Lindley.
 Currants: Wood's Improved Cherry, Red Cross, Victoria, White Grape.
 Gooseberries: Pearl, Downing, Josselyn.
 Strawberries: Monroe, Senator Dunlap, Steven's Late Champion, World's Wonder.
 Red Raspberries: Wood's Improved Cuthbert, St. Regis, Columbian, Ruby.
 Black Raspberries: Plum Farmer, Black Diamond, Kansas.
 Blackberries: Blowers, Eldorado, Snyder.

Our Special Offer to You

This season we are giving our customers their choice of a **CASH DISCOUNT** or a large **THERMOMETER**. They will be given under the following conditions:

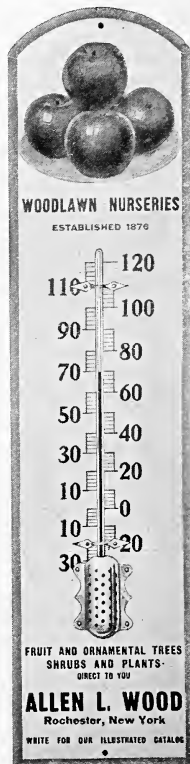
On all orders that are received before March 1st we will allow a **CASH DISCOUNT** of 5 per cent. Deduct this from the total amount of the order and send us a remittance to cover the balance. **This offer does not hold good after March 1st.**

The **THERMOMETER** will be given with an order of \$10.00 or more, but you are not entitled to it if you deduct the discount. **This offer holds good the entire year.**

You must deduct the **DISCOUNT** or ask for the **THERMOMETER** at the time you send in your order.

See our offer to prepay the freight charges on page 47.

This Thermometer is 6 inches wide, 24 inches long, and of natural finish. We will sell them to customers who may desire them and whose orders are not large enough to entitle them to one as a premium. **Price \$1.00, postpaid.**



Wood's Reliable Apple Trees

THE Apple is a universal favorite and can be grown in nearly every state. The best results are obtained by planting on elevated ground rather than in a hollow or on low ground and the trees require fertile soil, such as is needed for corn and wheat. A careful selection of trees properly planted and cared for will, on the average, produce one-fourth more income per acre than any ordinary farm crop. The buds which we use are cut from bearing trees in the best orchards in the country. We give our trees constant and careful attention and, therefore, those that we have to offer are straight, healthy rooted, have well shaped heads and are guaranteed true-to-name. It is an established fact that there is a greater demand each year for choice Apples, so why hesitate planting your orchard this season? **WOOD'S RELIABLE TREES** will bring you quick and large returns. **Before making your selection kindly refer to pages 7 to 10 inclusive in this book.**

PRICES OF TWO-YEAR-OLD APPLE TREES

(Except Woodlawn Golden Pippin and Delicious.) See Descriptions.

	Each	Ten	Hundred
Largest Size, 5 to 7 ft., XXX Grade	35c	\$2.50	\$17.50
Orchard " 5 to 6 ft., XX "	30c	2 00	14.00
Smaller " 4 to 5 ft., X "	25c	1.50	10.00

5 Trees at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate

One-Year-Old Trees, 3 ft. and up, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100.

We can furnish these in the same varieties as the Two-Year-Old Trees.

SUMMER VARIETIES

*An Apple a Day
Keeps the Doctor Away*



Early Harvest

Early Harvest—Medium size; pale yellow, with a fine, mild flavor which makes it a very desirable variety for dessert and culinary uses. Season, middle to end of August.

Red Astrachan—This is a very handsome summer variety and the fruit brings the highest price on the market. It is of medium size; yellow, largely covered with light and dark red, presenting a striped appearance. It is rather acid in flavor which makes it popular for dessert and culinary uses. Season July to September.

Sweet Bough—This variety is a universal favorite. Fruit is large, pale yellow, and with its honied sweetness and tender flesh surpasses all other varieties for culinary uses. Tree is very young and prolific bearer and long lived. Season, August and September.



Yellow Transparent

Yellow Transparent—Earliest of all Apples. Color when ripe pale yellow; mild, yet sprightly flavor; good quality and of decided merit. Tree bears abundantly at a very early age. Three year trees frequently produce fine fruit. It should be in every home garden.

APPLES—(Continued)

AUTUMN VARIETIES



Duchess of Oldenburg

Duchess of Oldenburg—Fruit is medium to large, uniform in size and shape. Skin is pale yellow almost covered with irregular splashes and stripes of bright red; very attractive. Flesh is firm, crisp, tender, juicy, sub-acid. It is planted extensively for fillers in orchards. The fruit brings a high price on the market and we highly recommend this variety. Season—August and September.



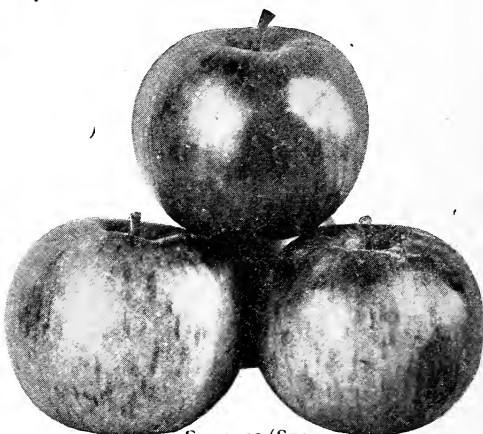
Gravenstein

Gravenstein—This is a large, handsome Apple streaked and splashed with red over a strong yellow. The flesh is yellowish, firm, fine, crisp, tender, juicy and sub-acid. In quality it ranks very good to best. The tree is a strong grower and a regular prolific bearer. Season—September to November.

Maiden Blush

Maiden Blush—This is a beautiful Apple of pale waxen-yellow color with crimson cheek. The flesh is white, fine quality, crisp, tender and very juicy. It is one of the best Apples for drying that can be grown, as its flesh dries to a pure white. The fruit ripens in September and October. The tree is vigorous in growth and is used a great deal by fruit growers as a filler in orchards. Maiden Blush will bear fruit when very young and bring good prices on the market.

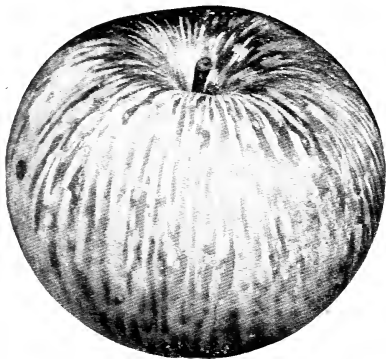
King of Tompkins County—One of the standard varieties grown for commercial purposes, and gives the greatest satisfaction when top-worked on some hardier variety. The fruit



Fameuse (Snow)

Fameuse (Snow)—This is one of the most desirable eating varieties of its season. Flesh is white, tender, juicy and sub-acid. Its season extends from October to the holidays. Being very attractive it usually sells above average market prices.

APPLES—(Continued)



Wealthy

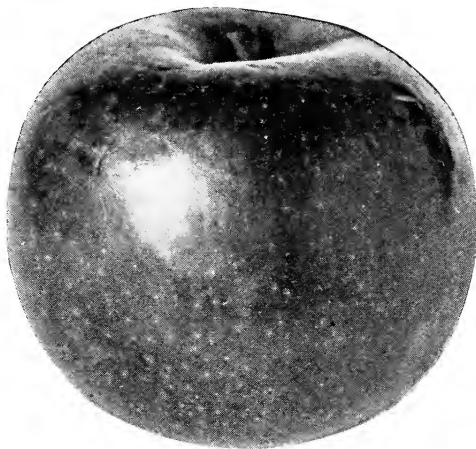
Wealthy—Fruit is large, with pale yellow skin blushed and marked with stripes and splashes of red; very attractive. The flesh is white, sometimes stained with red; fine, crisp, tender, and juicy. Wealthy is a good keeper in storage and is profitable as a market sort. Tree is hardy and a young and prolific bearer. We recommend this as being the best for use as a filler in orchards. Season October to January.

WINTER VARIETIES



The above is a photograph of a four-year-old "Wood Quality" Jonathan Apple Tree planted by Mr. Wm. Powley, Lyndonville, N. Y.

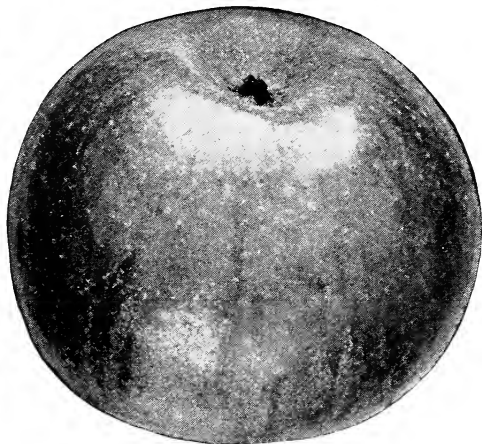
Jonathan—Is of the Spitzenburg class. It is very beautiful, of a brilliant red color, highly flavored, and of excellent quality for either dessert or culinary use. It excels its parent in hardiness, productiveness, health and vigor—comes into bearing young, but requires a fertile, well tilled soil. The flesh is whitish, sometimes tinged with red. It brings a fancy price at the holiday season.



Hubbardston Nonesuch

Hubbardston Nonesuch—This is a large, roundish, smooth Apple with a yellow skin mottled and splashed with bright red. The flesh is firm, finely grained, tender, crisp and juicy; in quality very good to best. Season is from Oct. to Jan. The tree is vigorous and bears when young, making it a very valuable orchard variety.

"Hubbardston is an excellent variety for commercial planting and deserves to be better known among New York fruit growers."—From the Apples of New York, by the Department of Agriculture, New York State.



Wolf River

Wolf River—One of the largest of all Apples—it resembles the Alexander but is better and more popular among fruit men as it is very hardy and can be grown both north and south. Striped and blushed with bright red, it is a very handsome fruit. Season is from November until April.

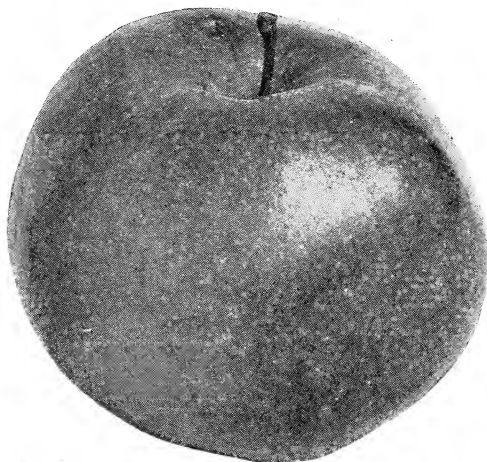
WOODLAWN NURSERIES

APPLES—(Continued)



Rome Beauty

Rome Beauty—A large, smooth, uniform sized Apple beautifully shaded and striped with red. It is an annual bearer and coming into great prominence in all parts of the country. Its fine quality and handsome appearance make Rome Beauty bring the highest prices on all markets. There is always a ready sale for this variety. It is thick skinned and stands handling remarkably well. Rome Beauty blooms late which insures it against late frosts and makes it a tree that can be relied upon even when other kinds fail. We can recommend Rome Beauty as a fine commercial variety for any part of the country. Season February to May.



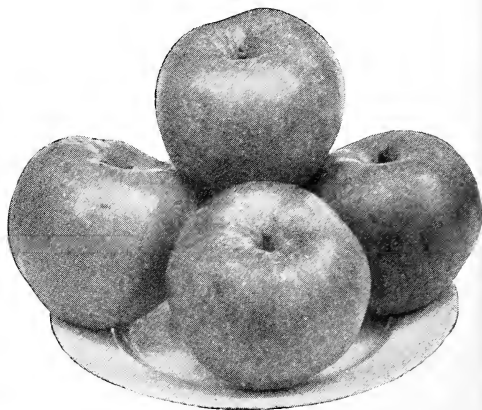
York Imperial

York Imperial—It is one of the leading Apples in Pennsylvania and the middle Atlantic States and over a belt of country extending west into Missouri and Kansas. The skin is tough, smooth,

blushed and striped with scarlet. The flesh is yellowish, firm, crisp, tender and of good quality. Season Dec. to April.

Gano—This Apple resembles the Ben Davis very closely. Fruit is more highly colored. It is very attractive in appearance, stands handling well, and is a good keeper. Tree comes into bearing young and is an excellent cropper, bearing regularly and abundantly. The flesh is tender, juicy, mild, subacid. Season December to May.

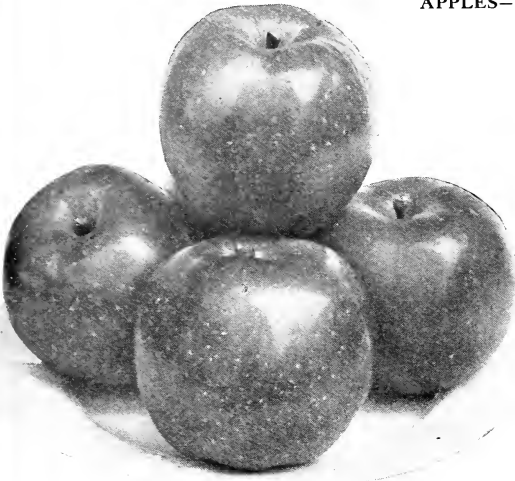
Spitzenburg—An Apple of superior excellence. Medium sized, completely covered with red. Flesh is tender, juicy, mild, subacid. Its attractive colorings make it very suitable for marketing in fancy packages. Season is between R. I. Greening and Baldwin. In cold storage Spitzenburg may be held until June.



Northern Spy

Northern Spy—The fruit is large and attractive, being of a bright red color, overspread with a delicate bloom. Flesh is very juicy, crisp, tender and most excellent for dessert or culinary uses. This variety ranks about third in commercial importance with the fruit growers of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio, being surpassed by Baldwin and R. I. Greening. When it is well grown it is superior to either of these in flavor and quality. Its fine reputation brings high prices on the market and the fruit is always in demand. The fruit is ready for use in November or December; keeps well in cold storage until April, or if more carefully handled, until May. The tree is very strong and a thrifty grower; orchard trees should stand 40 to 50 feet apart to prevent them from crowding.

APPLES—(Continued)



Baldwin

Baldwin—The Baldwin is the leading commercial variety in the orchards of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio. It is the standard fruit in the American markets and is one of the leading Apples used in cold storage for the export trade. It is a large, red winter Apple and is very desirable on account of its size, color and quality. The tree is a strong grower, long-lived and vigorous, and yields a uniform grade of fruit with very few culls. Fruit keeps in common storage until April; cold storage until May or later.



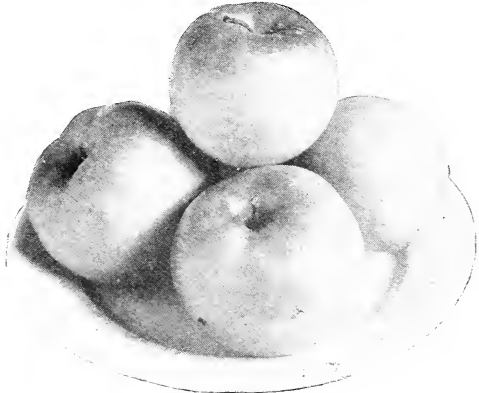
Stayman Winesap

Stayman Winesap—Medium to large; uniform in size and shape; red tinged with yellow. The flesh is crisp, juicy and tender. It is one of the best of all commercial varieties for south of New York State. December to May.



Winter Banana

Winter Banana—Fruit large, clear pale yellow with beautiful contrasting pinkish-red blush. Flesh is yellowish-white, tender, mild and subacid; flavored like a banana. Excels as a dessert Apple. Tree comes into bearing at an early age and bears annually. The fruit sells for the highest price on the market when packed for fancy trade. Dec. to April.



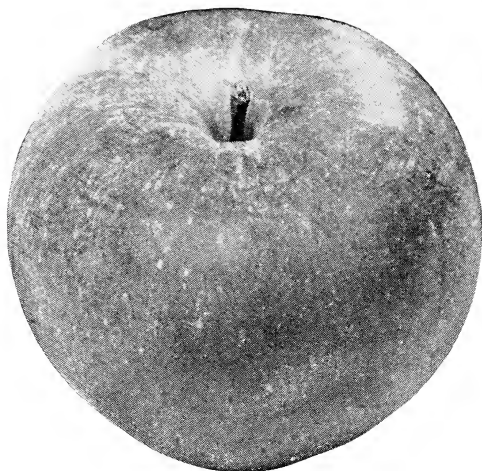
Tolman Sweet

Tolman Sweet—Splendid sweet winter Apple. Light yellow in color with a faint blush cheek. Tree is a good grower, long-lived and very hardy. Comes in bearing at an early age and is a reliable cropper. Season November to April.

Rhode Island Greening—Is of the highest quality and ranks next in popularity to the Baldwin. The tree is a strong and vigorous grower. The skin is thick and tough, waxy, grass-green or yellow in color. Flesh is yellowish, firm, crisp, tender and subacid. In growing the tree it should be headed high as, when it gets older, the branches become long, wide-spreading and drooping. In ordinary storage its season is from Oct. to Feb., but in cold storage it may be held commercially until April.

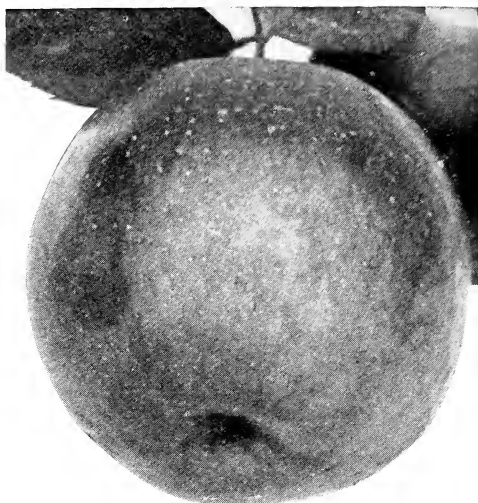
WOODLAWN NURSERIES

APPLES—(Continued)



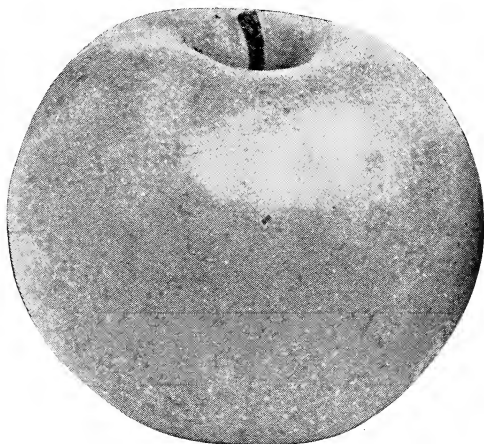
McIntosh Red

McIntosh Red—A very attractive Apple of a deep red color and of good uniform size. The flesh is white, firm, crisp and tender. Its season is from October until May. The tree is a vigorous, strong grower and will bear from about four to five years from planting. McIntosh brings a good price on the market and makes a profitable investment for the fruit grower.



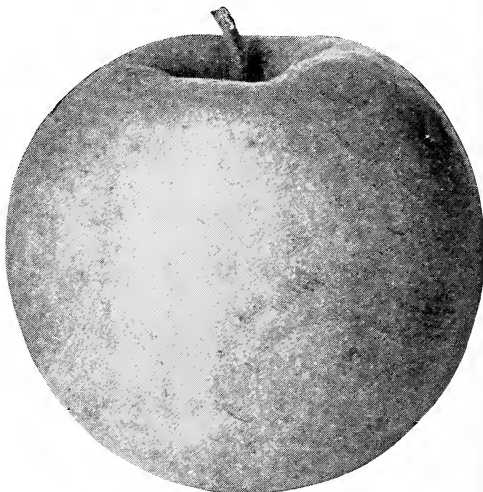
Wagener

Wagener—A superior Apple. The color is a beautiful bright red with some contrasting pale yellow. It has a fine texture, high flavor, and excellent quality. It is desirable for culinary use, but is especially esteemed for dessert. Wagener is a good grower, comes into bearing at an early age, and is a reliable cropper. It is planted a great deal as a filler for orchards. Season, Oct. to Feb. or later.



Northwestern Greening

Northwestern Greening—Fruit medium to very large, with a smooth somewhat waxy, clear, pale yellow or greenish skin, sometimes faintly blushed. The flesh is tinged with yellow, crisp, firm, juicy, subacid. It is an excellent cooking kind and a good keeper. Tree is a strong, clean grower and a very productive and reliable cropper. Season, November until April.



Grimes Golden

Grimes Golden—Beautiful, rich, golden yellow Apple with flesh that is tender, juicy and fine. Early, an annual and good cropper, a vigorous and hardy grower. This variety comes into bearing when young and makes a good filler. Season is from November to January.

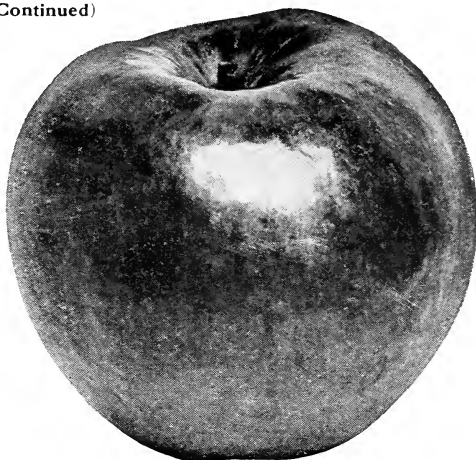
ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

APPLES—(Continued)



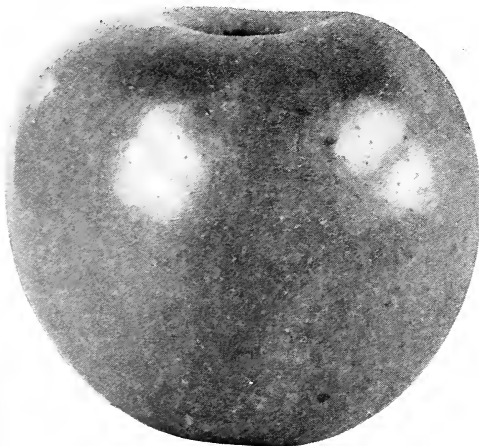
Ben Davis

Ben Davis—A leading commercial sort. The fruit is medium to large, with a tough, waxy, bright, smooth, usually glossy, clear yellow or greenish skin, mottled and washed with bright red, striped and splashed with carmine. It is a very early bearer and one of the best keeping Apples on the market today, lasting in cold storage until June or July. Its habit of blossoming late in the spring is a great advantage in some regions, as the weather is then apt to be more favorable during the pollenating period—the result is that Ben Davis, in such cases, often bears a heavy crop where other varieties fail.



Stark

Stark—This variety is considered one of the good commercial kinds. The tree is thrifty, hardy, healthy and a reliable and productive cropper. The fruit is large, the skin is smooth, pale green or yellow blushed and mottled with red and darker red stripes. The flesh is yellowish, firm, tender, juicy with a slightly sub-acid flavor, and is of very good quality. Brings high prices on the market. It stands handling well and can be kept in ordinary storage until May or June.



Woodlawn Golden Pippin

Woodlawn Golden Pippin—Is one of the very best varieties. The Apple is golden yellow, with a delicious flavor. The flesh is firm, crisp and juicy. It is the best Apple for baking that can be grown. The tree bears at an early age—one of the best keepers, and one of the last Apples on the market in the spring. It should be in every garden. Price, 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.

Sutton Beauty—A large, roundish Apple with a waxy yellow skin striped with crimson. Flesh is tender, juicy, crisp and sub-acid. Tree is a vigorous grower and very productive. A valuable market variety, brings a high price for fruit-stand trade. Season, November to April.

Age that Apple Trees begin to Fruit

The following list is not complete but it will help the fruit grower to make his selection if he wants early bearing varieties.

Three Years

Duchess of Oldenburg	Maiden Blush
Grimes Golden	Wealthy
Jonathan	Yellow Transparent

Four Years

Ben Davis	Sweet Bough
Gravenstein	York Imperial
Stark	

Five Years

Early Harvest	Red Astrachan
Fameuse or Snow	Rome Beauty
Hubbardston Nonesuch	Stayman Winesap
McIntosh Red	Sutton Beauty
Northwestern Greening	

Seven Years

Baldwin	Spitzenburg
King	Tolman Sweet
Northern Spy	Wagener
Rhode Island Greening	Wolf River
Woodlawn Golden Pippin	

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

APPLES—(Continued)



Twelve-year-old Duchess Apple Tree from J. Garburt's Orchard, Middleport, N. Y. See description on page 12.



Delicious

Delicious—The fruit is large and uniform in size; striped and marked with light and dark red. The coloring is so deep on the cheek next to the sun that it is almost a solid crimson with a light bloom spreading over it. On the shaded side it often shows a rich yellow. Flesh is fine, tender, firm and juicy. The skin is thin but tough. When it is bruised its skin seldom breaks, and the bruise dries up without decaying or disfiguring the fruit. Its vigor, productiveness, and the exceptionally high quality of the fruit, its great beauty and shipping qualities, make it a valuable sort. Price, 40c each; \$3.50 per 10; \$30.00 per 100.

Dwarf Apple Trees

3½ to 5 ft., XXX Grade 50c each; \$4.00 per 10.

VARIETIES

Yellow Transparent	McIntosh Red
Duchess of Oldenburg	Northern Spy
Baldwin	R. I. Greening

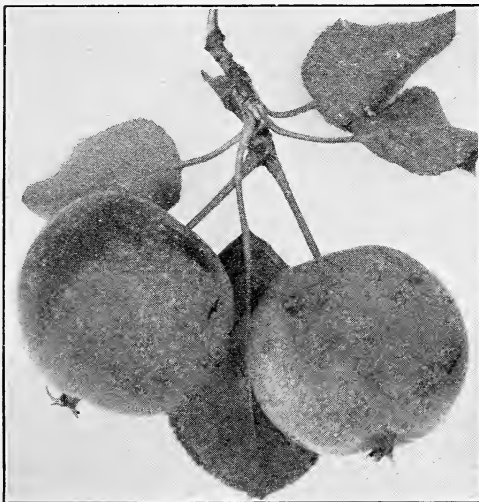
CRAB APPLE TREES

As an ornamental fruit, and for jellies, preserving, etc., the Crab Apple is unequalled. All are very hardy and prolific, come into bearing when very young, and command a ready and profitable market.

PRICES OF CRAB APPLE TREES

	Each	Ten	Hundred
Largest Size, 5 to 7 ft., XXX Grade	35c	\$2.50	\$17.50
Orchard “ 5 to 6 ft., XX “	30c	2.00	14.00
Smaller “ 4 to 5 ft., X “	25c	1.50	10.00

5 Trees at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate



Hyslop

Hyslop—Fruit large, very brilliantly colored, dark red or purplish overspread with thick blue bloom; borne in clusters. The tree is a good grower, very hardy, and a reliable cropper. It is desirable for either home or market use. October.

Transcendent—This fruit has for many years been one of the most popular of the Crab Apples. Large, yellow with rich crimson cheek. September.

Excelsior—Fruit very large for a Crab Apple being nearly as large as a medium sized Apple. Color yellow splashed with red. Flesh white, firm, crisp and juicy. It is attractive in appearance and excellent in quality for either dessert or culinary use. Early September.

Whitney—The fruit is attractive, yellow, striped with lively red; subacid; good for dessert and very good for culinary uses. The tree is a thrifty grower, comes into bearing young and is very productive. August and September.

QUINCE TREES

	Each	Ten	Hundred
4 to 5 ft., XXX Grade	35c	\$3.00	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft., XX "	30c	2.50	20.00

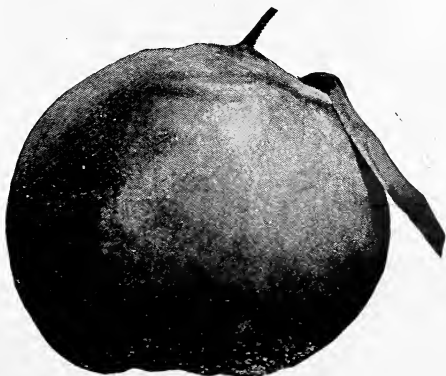
5 Trees at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate

FOR best results the Quince should be planted in rich, deep, moist, but well-drained clay soil; it will not stand in wet land. The tree responds quickly to good care and culture. It is a dwarfish grower, and if not controlled will soon develop into shrub or bush, hence "suckers" and water sprouts must be kept off and the top open to sun and air. The Quince can be planted 10 to 12 feet apart. Under proper conditions it bears heavily and regularly and is a highly profitable crop, since in all markets the demand for good Quinces is never fully supplied.

Champion—Will bear more quickly than any other variety. Trees in the nursery row often bear when two years old. The fruit is large and handsome. Flesh cooks as tender as an apple and without hard spots or cores. Very fine for preserves, jellies, marmalades, etc. The tree is vigorous, hardy and very productive. Champion is a fine all around Quince. Ripens in November.

Bourgeat—This tree produces large crops of exceedingly large and handsome fruit, of a rich golden color. It ripens soon after Orange, but will keep until mid-winter. It is very hardy and free from leaf blight.

Orange—More largely planted than any other variety. Orange is large, bright golden yellow. Cooks very tender and has a fine flavor. There is always a demand for this Quince.



Orange

BUY DIRECT FROM THE GROWER AND SAVE MONEY

STANDARD PEAR TREES

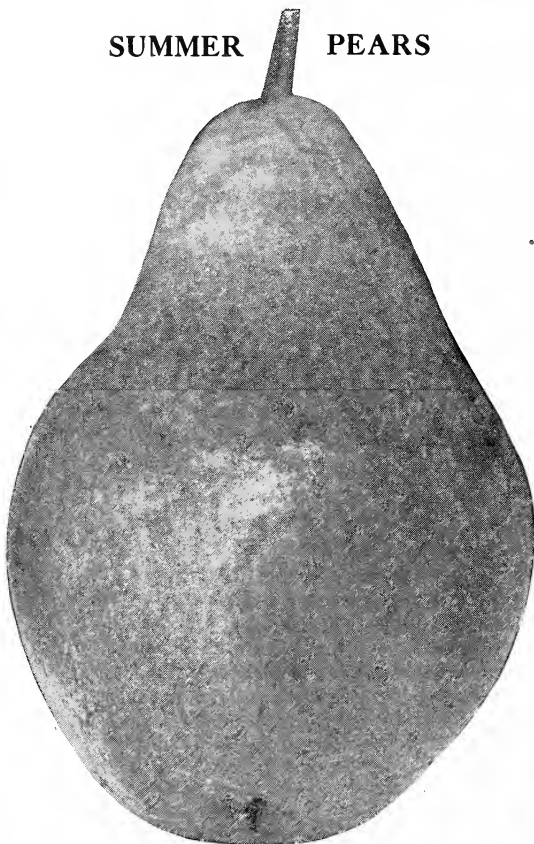
PEARS do best on a strong loam, but succeed well in a variety of soils and on almost any land that will produce good vegetables or grain. There is always a greater demand than supply of Pears of all varieties. Bartlett is, of course, the leading Pear and calls for the highest price on the market. By a careful selection of varieties the Pear season can be extended.

PRICES OF STANDARD PEAR TREES

	Each	Ten	Hundred
5 to 7 ft., XXX Grade	35c	\$3.00	\$22.50
4 to 5 ft., XX	30c	2.50	17.50
3 to 4 ft., X	25c	2.00	12.50

5 Trees at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate

SUMMER PEARS



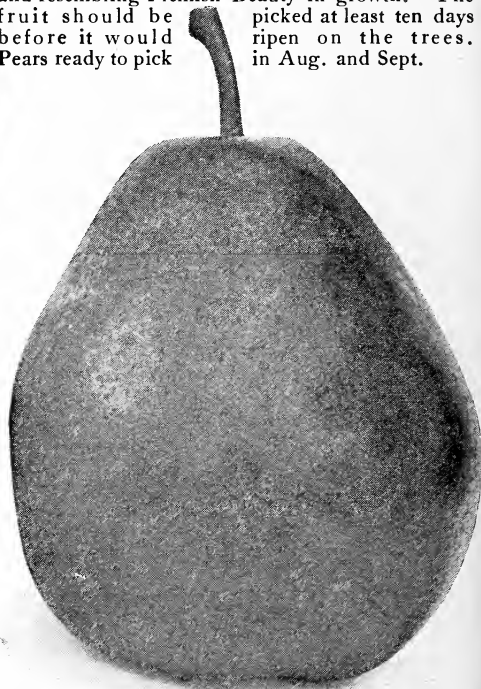
Bartlett

Bartlett—The best and most popular of all Pears both for market and home use. It has a rich golden yellow color when ripe, often with a soft blush on sunny side. It is very large, thin skinned; flesh buttery and melting, and has a fine rich flavor. The tree is a strong grower and bears young and abundantly. It requires careful cultivation to get the best results. Fruit should be thinned when small and should be picked just before it is ripe. Then it should be wrapped in paper, packed in tight boxes and placed in a cool cellar until ready for use. Season, Aug. and Sept.

Buy your Trees direct from us and save nearly 50 per cent on your order. Agents charge exorbitant prices. Don't pay them.

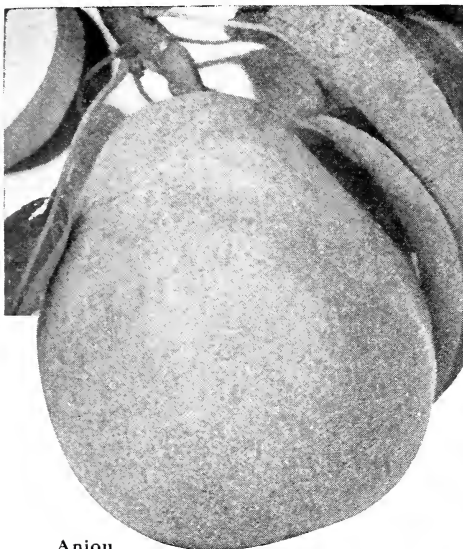
Koonce—This variety originated in Illinois. The tree is extremely hardy and seldom suffers from blight. It is a very vigorous and upright grower and will do well nearly everywhere. Koonce has been known to bear when all other kinds were destroyed by frost. It is a sure cropper. The fruit is golden yellow with a bright blush; flesh is juicy and sweet and of good quality. It does not rot at the core as many kinds do. Its time of ripening is July.

Clapp's Favorite—This is without doubt the most productive Pear in cultivation. It is of very large size; pale lemon yellow color with a bright crimson cheek. The flesh is fine grained, juicy, melting and buttery. A cross between Bartlett and Flemish Beauty; earlier than Bartlett and resembling Flemish Beauty in growth. The fruit should be picked at least ten days before it would ripen on the trees. Pears ready to pick in Aug. and Sept.



Clapp's Favorite

FALL AND WINTER PEARS



Anjou

Beurre d' Anjou—This is one of the most popular and valuable Pears one can buy. A large handsome fruit, with a fine vinous flavor; buttery and melting. It is a fine keeper and will stay good until mid-winter. The tree is a vigorous grower and a good bearer. Fruit should be picked the latter part of October or first of November.



Seckel—
Very prolific bearer

Seckel—Our most highly flavored Pear, the standard of excellence. Fruit small, yellowish brown, with a russet-red cheek; flesh very juicy, melting, aromatic, with a rich, spicy flavor; quality very best. September and October.



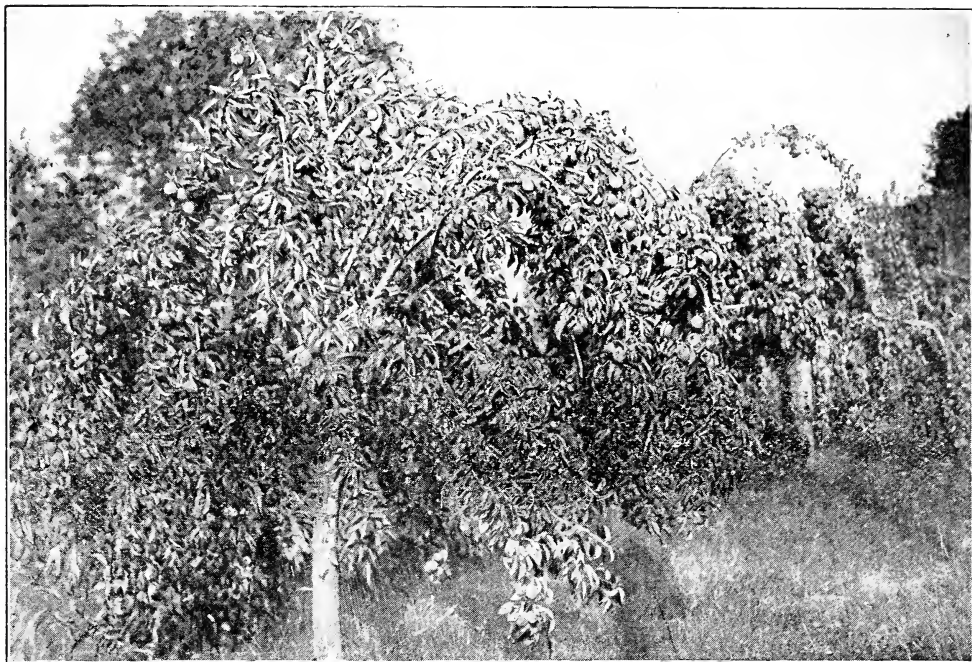
The above Kieffer Pear tree, planted by C. R. Webster, 28 Ormond St., Rochester, N. Y., bore 18 Pears the first year.

Kieffer—A popular Pear with fruit growers. Large, rich yellow, tinged with red, somewhat russet; very handsome. Flesh is white, buttery and juicy. Very valuable for canning purposes. Kieffer bears fruit when other kinds fail. Tree is a vigorous grower, early and regular bearer, extremely hardy. September to November.

OUR TREES ARE WELL ROOTED.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

PEARS—(Continued)



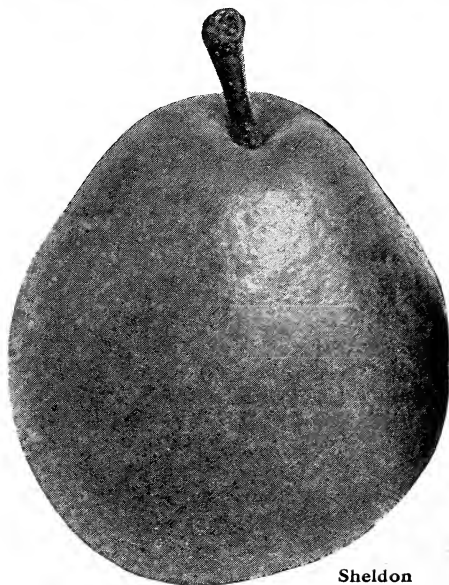
A Six-year-old Kieffer Orchard "Wood Quality" Trees—Mr. Albert Brand, Middleport, N. Y.

Worden Seckel—This great Pear is a seedling of Seckel, but far surpasses it in size, color, form and beauty. It resembles the Bartlett in shape, but is not so large. Fruit is light golden in color with a deep red blush on sunny side. The flesh is white, sweet, juicy and of fine quality. Tree is vigorous, very hardy and bears very young. It is an enormous producer. Ripens in October just after Seckel.

Rossney—Exceedingly large and handsome. Skin is pale yellow with a crimson blush. The flesh is melting, juicy, and has a delicious flavor. The tree is a very strong grower and very hardy. It equals Kieffer in these respects. Ripens in October.

Howell—One of the finest American Pears. It is large, yellow and handsome. The flesh is sweet and melting. Tree is very vigorous, hardy and productive. September and October.

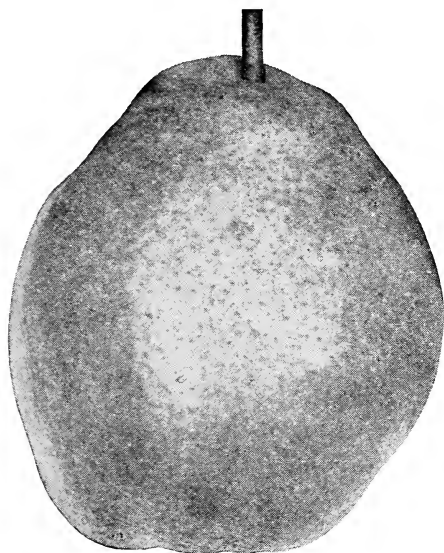
You can supply your table with choice fruit the entire season by planting some of our select varieties. It will not only be a great saving, but the pleasure derived from having the fresh fruit will more than pay you for what you expend.



Sheldon

Sheldon—This is of very large size. It is roundish in shape and has a greenish-yellow color covered with light russet. It is very juicy, melting, and has a tasty flavor. The tree is a fine grower and a good bearer. Season is Oct. and Nov.

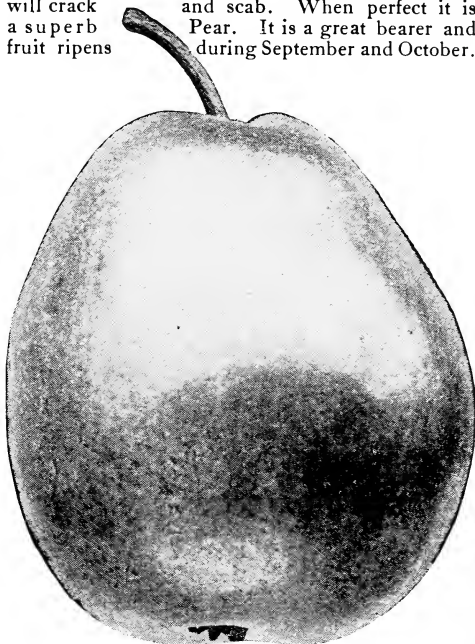
PEARS—(Continued)



Duchess

Duchess (Angouleme)—A young bearing tree, often fruiting the first season after planting. The fruit is large, frequently weighing a pound. It is of a dull greenish-yellow, spotted russet color. The flesh is white, rich and of very good quality. Duchess is a very dependable cropper and an all around good profitable market Pear. It is valuable both as a standard and dwarf. Standard Duchess are being planted extensively in Michigan.

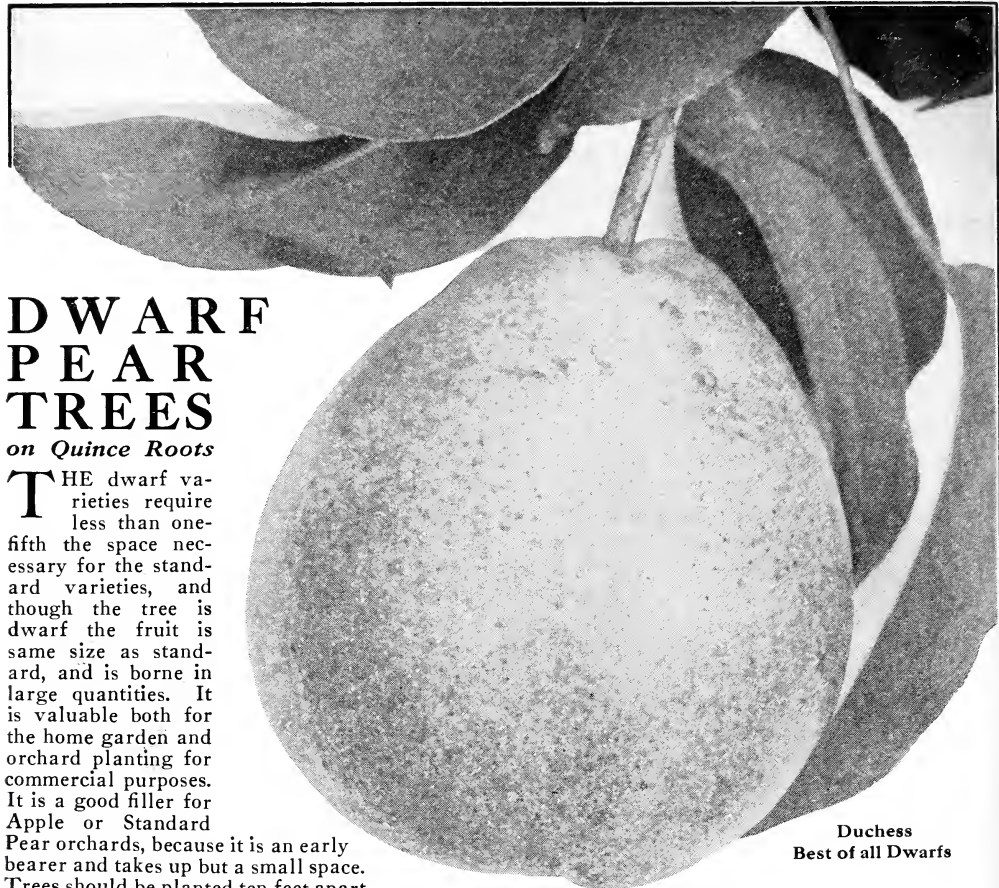
Flemish Beauty—This is a pale yellow Pear almost covered with light russet, which becomes reddish-brown when ripe. The fruit is large, melting, sweet and rich. The tree is very hardy, but needs sunny situations or the fruit will crack and scab. When perfect it is a superb Pear. It is a great bearer and fruit ripens during September and October.



Flemish Beauty



A 3-year-old Pear Orchard—Trees planted by Mr. Wm. Powley of Lyndonville, N. Y. All "Wood Quality" Trees



DWARF PEAR TREES

on Quince Roots

THE dwarf varieties require less than one-fifth the space necessary for the standard varieties, and though the tree is dwarf the fruit is same size as standard, and is borne in large quantities. It is valuable both for the home garden and orchard planting for commercial purposes. It is a good filler for Apple or Standard Pear orchards, because it is an early bearer and takes up but a small space. Trees should be planted ten feet apart.

Duchess
Best of all Dwarfs

PRICES OF DWARF PEARS

	Each	Ten	Hundred	
3 to 4 ft., XXX Grade	30c	\$2.50	\$20.00	5 Trees at 10 rate
2 to 3 ft., XX " "	25c	2.00	15.00	50 at 100 rate;

Duchess—The most popular of all dwarfs and the one most widely grown. Duchess is a great yielder and a great money getter. The tree is hardy and thrifty and bears uniformly big crops. It is a very early bearer, sometimes fruiting the first season after planting. The fruit is very large, frequently weighing a pound; dull greenish-yellow, spotted with russet; flesh white, rich and of good quality. A very valuable Pear for the home garden or commercial orchard.

Bartlett—Dwarf Pears are similar to the standard fruit of the same variety, and are very profitable when used as fillers for orchards. Many fruit growers plant Bartlett dwarf as fillers in standard Bartlett and Anjou orchards. In many parts of the country they are planted as fillers in Apple orchards.

Clapp's Favorite—This is a very good dwarf variety which is used extensively for fillers in orchards, mainly Apple orchards.

Beurre d'Anjou—A great money-making dwarf that should be extensively planted. When used as a filler in orchards of standard Anjou and Bartlett it is unexcelled; the dwarfs will have paid for the orchard and more by the time the standard trees are in full bearing. We recommend this highly to our customers.

Seckel—This variety is valuable, both as a standard and dwarf. Fruit is the same on either tree. This makes a good filler for an Apple or standard Pear orchard.

Did You See

OUR SPECIAL OFFER

On Page 10

PLUM TREES

THE Plum does best on a strong clay soil, dry and well drained. Here it grows the most thriftily and with cultivation suffers least from "Curculio" or "Black Knot". There is little trouble in keeping the trees free from insects and disease. After the blossoms have fallen, spread a sheet on the ground under the tree. Then jar the tree so as to shake down the stung fruit and insects. These should be burned. This should be done every day for a week or more and it is important that it is done early in the morning.

PRICES OF PLUM TREES

	Each	Ten	Hundred
5 to 7 ft., XXX Grade	35c	\$3.00	\$25.00
4 to 5 ft., XX	30c	2.50	20.00
3 to 4 ft., X	25c	2.00	15.00

5 Trees at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate



Shropshire Damson

Shropshire Damson—An English variety of Plum and very fine for preserving. It is a roundish blue fruit and always sells well; the tree is hardy and very prolific. Fruit ripens in October.



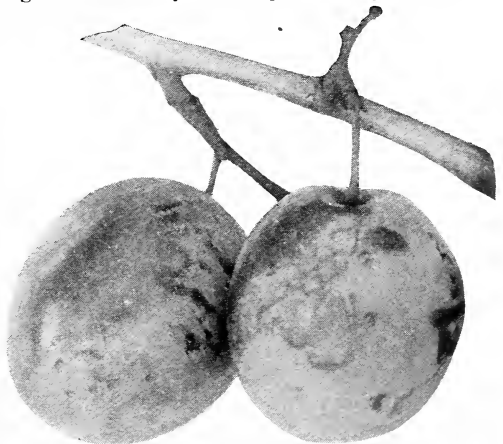
Lombard

Lombard—A reddish Plum. It is a great favorite because it is a wonderful and early bearer and a hardy grower. Fruit hangs so thickly on the trees that it must be thinned. It is a good eating and canning variety. Flesh is yellow and juicy. It can be relied on for a crop when other varieties fail. Ripens in August.



Wickson

Wickson—Japanese variety. It is a fine market variety; always sells well, as it is very handsome, large, and of fine quality. It is a large, long heart-shaped Plum of a deep maroon red color, covered with white bloom; flesh is firm and meaty, yellow, rich and delicious. The tree is an upright, vigorous grower and hardy. Fruit ripens in early September.

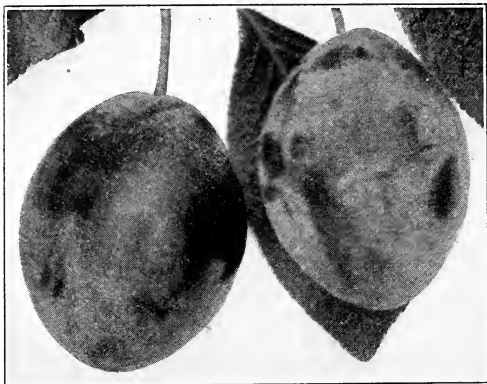


Reine Claude

Reine Claude—A delicious greenish-yellow Plum, spotted with red. It is of the finest quality and the housewife's ideal Plum for canning and preserving. One of the finest for quality, beauty and size. Ripens in September.

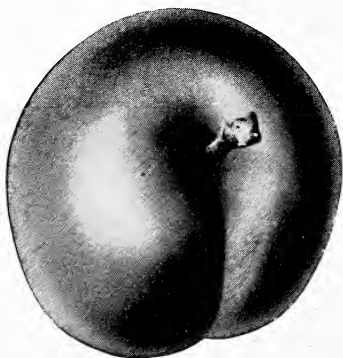
WOODLAWN NURSERIES

PLUMS—(Continued)



Wood's Improved German Prune

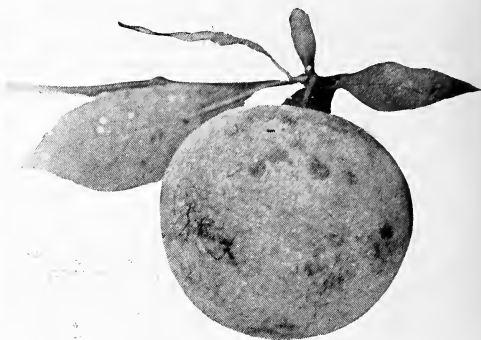
Wood's Improved German Prune—Best of all Plums for drying. This is a strain of the old German Prune which we have improved until we now can offer a Prune that is larger, better, more uniform in size and of better color than the old variety. This Prune is a dark blue color, juicy, rich and delicious. The tree is upright, vigorous and very productive. Ripens in September.



Burbank

Burbank—This variety is very much like the Abundance, except that it is much deeper in color, and ripens from ten to fourteen days later. It is one of the handsomest Plums on the market and always finds a ready sale. The fruit is large, reddish purple; flesh yellow, juicy and good. Tree is very hardy and vigorous. It will withstand the frost better than most varieties. We recommend this very highly to our customers.

Yellow Egg—A large and beautiful Plum. Very fine for cooking purposes. The tree is very vigorous and productive. Ripens in August.



Red June

Red June Japan Plum—This variety is just as productive as Abundance; fruit medium to large, deep vermilion-red with handsome bloom, very showy; flesh light lemon-yellow, slightly subacid. It is of immense value for its very early ripening, and its quality excels all of the early Japanese varieties; it is exceptionally free from rot. Tree comes into bearing in two or three years. Ripens last of July or early in August.



Felleberg

Felleberg—(Italian or French Prune)—This is a dark purple Plum with a dark blue bloom; size is medium, oval, pointed and tapering. Flesh juicy and delicious; parts from the stone; fine for drying. It is planted extensively in the west and is shipped in great quantities to all the markets of the world. The tree is very vigorous and free growing. Ripens in September.

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

PLUMS—(Continued)



Abundance

Abundance—One of the most popular of all Japanese varieties. It is favorable everywhere and should be in every collection. The fruit is large, showy and beautiful. It has a bright cherry-red color. The flesh is yellow, firm, juicy, sweet and very delicious. Stone is small and parts freely from the flesh. Its season is very early, which adds greatly to its value. The tree is vigorous and exceedingly productive.



Bradshaw

Bradshaw—This is a very large, violet-red Plum. The quality is excellent, and it is destined to become one of the most popular of all Plums for canning, while its attractive color, good quality and shipping properties will cause it to be sought for as a market variety. Ripens about ten days later than Abundance.

Buy Direct from the Grower

In the **Farmer's Bulletin, No. 113 of the United States Dept. of Agriculture**, it says: "If the farmer makes his purchase direct from the nurseryman, **he will save the expense of the middleman or agent**, and is less liable to the mistakes and injuries that occur through repeated handling."

Remember—We Prepay Freight
charges on all **ORDERS** amounting to \$10.00 or more to any **Railroad Station in NEW YORK or PENNSYLVANIA**



Shipper's Pride

Shipper's Pride—This wonderful Plum originated in New York State. It is very hardy and productive. Fruit is of large size and nearly round; color handsome dark purple; flesh is fine, juicy and sweet; excellent for canning and an unusually good shipper. A great market Plum. Ripens from first to middle of September.

CHERRY TREES

THE Cherry being a very hardy tree will thrive on nearly any good soil, but does best in a warm, dry, sandy, gravelly, or clay loam. The most important thing is to have the soil dry; no other fruit is so greatly injured by excessive moisture as is the Cherry.

The Cherry is one of the most profitable, if not the most profitable of all the fruits that are grown. More and more of the fruit growers of the country are taking up its culture and enormous profits are being realized from young orchards.

Cherries are divided into two classes, sweet and sour; sweets being called Hearts and Bigarreaus, the sours Dukes and Morellos. The sweets attain a larger size than the sours but are not as hardy.

PRICES OF SOUR CHERRIES (EXCEPT BENDER)

	Each	Ten	Hundred
5 to 6 ft., XXX Grade	35c	\$3.00	\$25.00
4 to 5 ft., XX "	30c	2.50	20.00
3 to 4 ft., X "	25c	2.00	15.00

PRICES OF BENDER CHERRIES

5 to 6 ft., XXX Grade	50c each;	\$4.00 per 10;	\$35.00 per 100
4 to 5 ft., XX "	35c each;	3.00 " 10;	25.00 " 100

5 Trees at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate



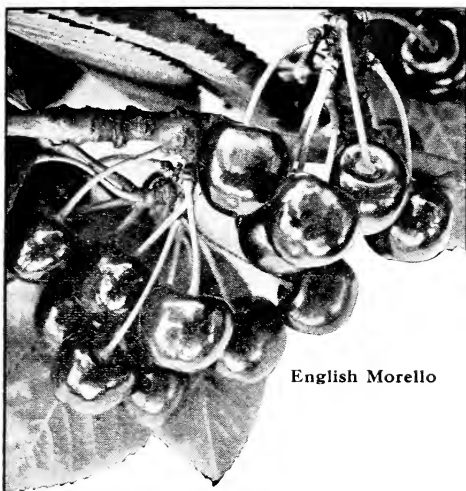
Bender—(See colored insert)

Bender—The Bender Sour Cherry is the newest and best of all sours. The fruit is far ahead of Montmorency in size, color, quality and quantity. It ripens between Early Richmond and Montmorency. Bender was found growing in a fence corner by one of our customers who lives in central Michigan. Several years ago he sent us some buds from his tree, which we budded for him and for several other fruit growers in Michigan. There has been such a demand from Michigan for the Bender that we are growing a large block of these trees and are offering them to our customers in other states. This is a coming Sour Cherry and we advise our customers

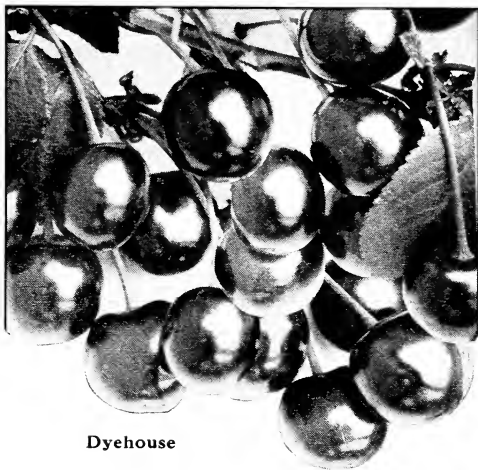
to try it. We sell all Bender Sour Cherry trees under a special guarantee seal that is affixed to each tree or bundle of trees of this variety. None are genuine or true to name that are sold without this seal or by anyone other than the Woodlawn Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

The fruit grower who has learned to purchase his stock direct from an established firm has solved the first problem in successful fruit raising.

SOUR CHERRIES—(Continued)



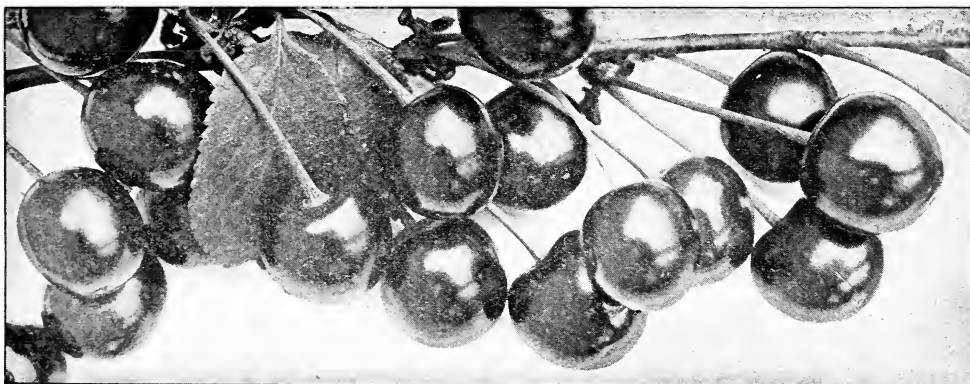
English Morello



Dyehouse

English Morello—Best late sour Cherry. Medium sized, very dark red color, sometimes nearly black. The flesh is of good quality and it being acid in flavor makes it valuable for canning and preserving. Tree is a small grower with light limbs and trunk. Fruit ripens about two weeks later than Montmorency.

Dyehouse—Earliest of the sour Cherries. It is larger, finer, of better quality, has a smaller pit than the Early Richmond. The beauty of this Cherry is its tendency to hang on the tree after it is ripe. Several varieties that ripen later can be picked before this Dyehouse Cherry drops. The tree is hardy, is an upright grower and always productive. Fine for tarts, pies, and canning.



Montmorency

Montmorency—This is the second best of the sour Cherries, being surpassed by the Bender. The fruit is clear, bright red and of good size. Flesh is of fine quality, subacid. The trees are clean growers and prolific bearers. No matter how unfavorable the season may be, Montmorency can be depended upon for a full crop. It is a good shipper, very attractive looking and always brings good prices. The canning factories use great quantities of them

and the demand is greater than the supply. Fruit ripens ten days later than Early Richmond. We strongly recommend Montmorency.

Early Richmond—Is a wonderful bearer and cannot be surpassed for hardiness. The fruit is of medium size, roundish, dark red. Flesh is tender, juicy and subacid. The tree is vigorous and long lived. Excellent for canning and drying.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

SWEET VARIETIES

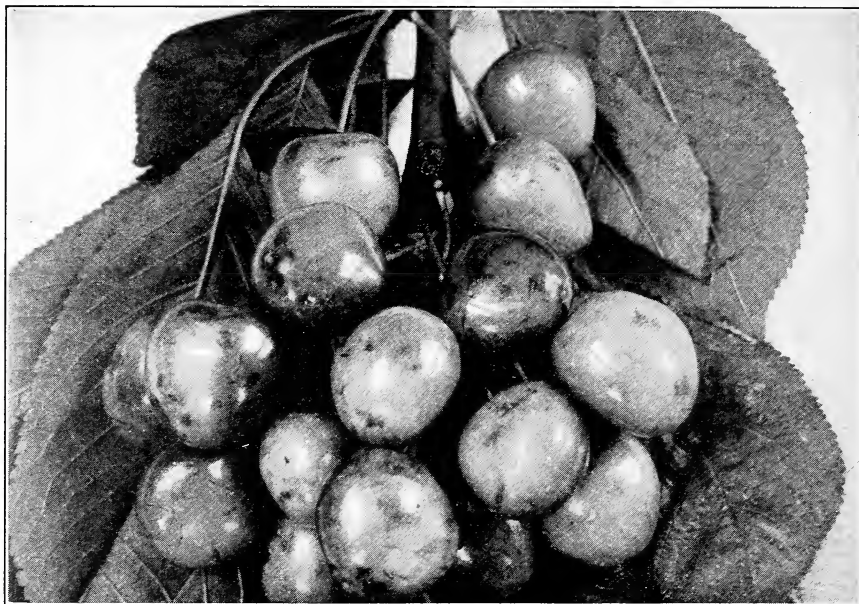
(Hearts and Bigarreus)

PRICES OF SWEET CHERRIES

	Each	Ten	Hundred
5 to 7 ft., XXX Grade	35c	\$3.25	\$28.50
4 to 5 ft., XX	30c	2.75	24.00
3 to 4 ft., X	25c	2.25	17.50

5 Trees at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate

Napoleon or Royal Ann—This is one of the largest and best of all the Sweet Cherries. It is a magnificent variety, large, sweet, pale yellow, with a bright red cheek. It is a splendid shipper and fine for canning. To eat out of the hand it is unsurpassed. Flesh is very firm and juicy. The tree is a fine grower and an immense bearer. Cherry growing for canning is becoming a great industry in the West, where Napoleon, Bing and Lambert are being planted by the hundreds of acres. It will not be long before Eastern fruit growers will be growing this fruit as the canneries are calling for it, and the demand will always be far greater than the supply.



Napoleon or Royal Ann

Schmidt's Bigarreau—The fruit is of very large size, of a deep mahogany color. The flesh is dark, tender, very juicy, with a fine rich flavor. Fruit grows in clusters. It is an excellent shipper and brings good money on the market.

Windsor—The standard of excellence. It was brought over from Canada where it originated and is very hardy, very vigorous and prolific bearer. The fruit is large, liver colored and very handsome. The flesh is remarkably firm and of fine quality. It is the most valuable late sweet Cherry for family or commercial use. Windsor comes into bearing at a very early age. Fruit is ripe in July. We have an excellent lot of two year old trees to offer of this handsome fruit.

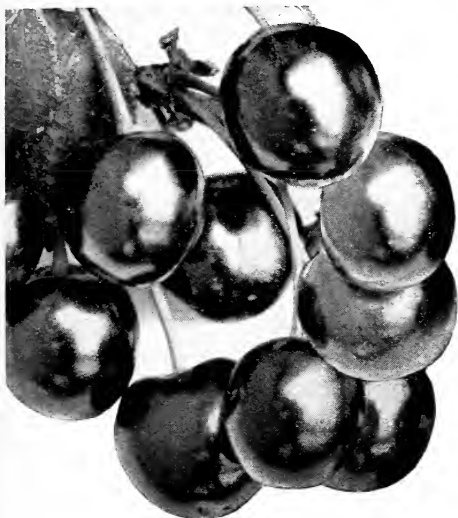
Dear Patrons:

Those of you who are seeking something extra fine in the line of fruits try the following:

Bender Cherry
Woodlawn Golden Peach
Hale Peach
Wood's Giant Black Currant
Monroe Strawberry
St. Regis Red Raspberry

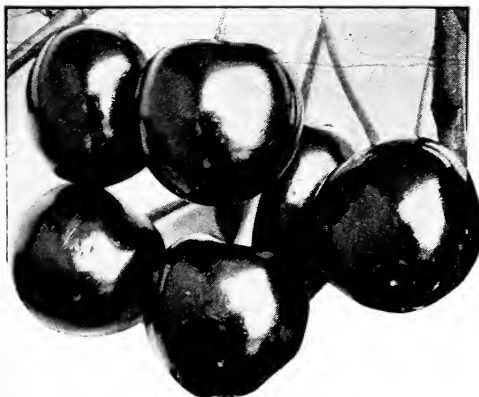
ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

SWEET CHERRIES—(Continued)



Black Tartarian

Black Tartarian—This is a large, black, heart-shaped, tender, juicy Sweet Cherry of surpassing quality. The tree is an upright, dense grower, remarkably vigorous and a regular bearer of immense crops. In 1910 a fruit grower in Michigan produced fruit from this tree which sold at the rate of \$4000 per acre. Fruit ripens last of June or first of July.



Lambert—a fine Black Cherry

Lambert—A wonderful variety of the Sweet Cherries and one of the largest. The skin is dark purplish-red, almost jet-black when ripe. Flesh is firm, rich and juicy. The tree is hardy, a strong grower and a prolific bearer.

Carthage, N. Y., R. F. D. No. 3, May 3, 1915

Gentlemen: The Trees and Berries arrived in first class condition and they are the finest that I have ever purchased from any firm. Yours truly, F. P. ROBERTS



Gov. Wood

Gov. Wood—One of the finest of the light colored Cherries. Fruit is large, tender, juicy and of fine quality. The tree is vigorous, productive and the best shaped of all the Cherries. Fruit ripens in June and hangs well on the tree. We recommend this Cherry very highly.

Bing—Is a large, fine, black sweet Cherry. The flesh is juicy but firm, and a splendid shipper. The tree is very hardy, vigorous and has heavy foliage. Unusually productive. Bing Cherry trees, grown in Geneva, N. Y., produced fruit that measured three and one-half inches in circumference.

Yellow Spanish—A pale yellow Cherry with a bright red cheek on sunny side. Flesh is firm, juicy and delicious. It is one of the best, most beautiful and popular of all light colored Cherries. Tree is upright, vigorous and productive. Fruit ripens at the end of June.

Grow Cherries for Profit

Cherries Net \$500 per Acre

Mr. Conrad Baker, of Greece, N. Y., sold \$1700 worth of Cherries from 2½ acres. The picking cost him about 1c per lb. and that, together with cost of cultivation, spraying, etc., left him a net profit of \$500 per acre. "Wood Quality" trees well taken care of are bound to make money for you.

Wood's Choice Peach Trees

BUDED FROM BEARING TREES

PEACH growing is today a great industry and there are a great many young orchards being planted throughout the country. The ease with which these trees may be cultivated, their freedom from disease, the short period before they become productive, together with the immense demand for the fruit and the facility with which it may be shipped to markets, make Peach growing extremely profitable.

To secure healthy, vigorous and fruitful trees the ground must be kept clean and mellow, and should receive an occasional dressing of wood ashes.



Mr. Dudley Watson, of Medina, N. Y., planted the above orchard in 1908. Each tree yielded from 8 to 12 bushels of fruit this past season. "WOOD QUALITY" makes a difference.

PRICES OF PEACH TREES (Except Woodlawn and Hale)

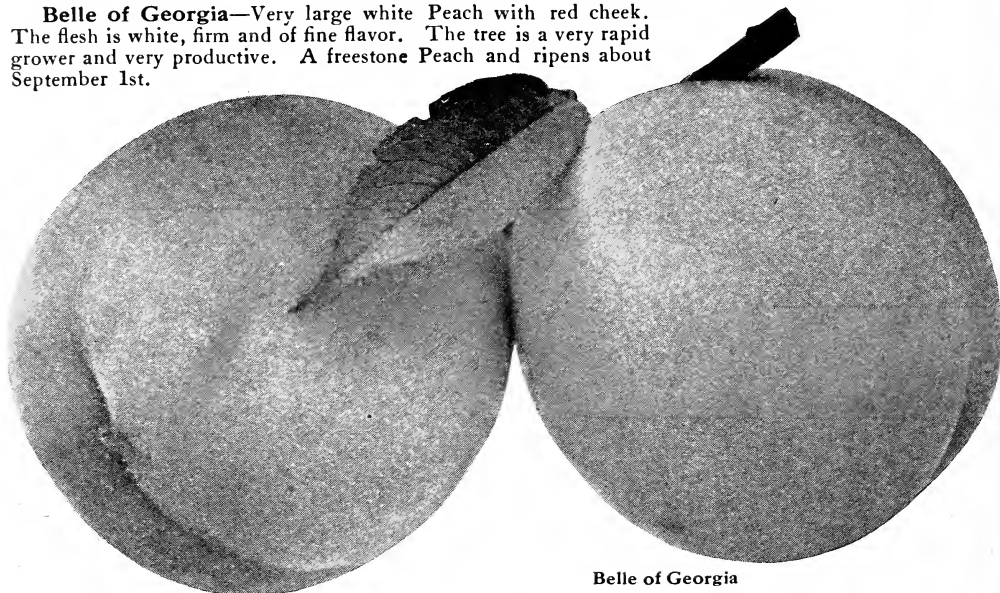
	Each	Ten	Hundred
4 to 5 ft., XXX Grade,	25c	\$2.00	\$12.00
3 to 4 ft., XX "	20c	1.50	9.00
2½ to 3½ ft., X "	15c	1.00	6.00

PRICES OF WOODLAWN GOLDEN AND HALE

	Each	Ten	Hundred
4 to 5 ft., XXX Grade,	50c	\$4.00	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft., XX "	40c	3.00	20.00
2½ to 3½ ft., X "	25c	2.00	15.00

5 Trees at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate

Belle of Georgia—Very large white Peach with red cheek. The flesh is white, firm and of fine flavor. The tree is a very rapid grower and very productive. A freestone Peach and ripens about September 1st.



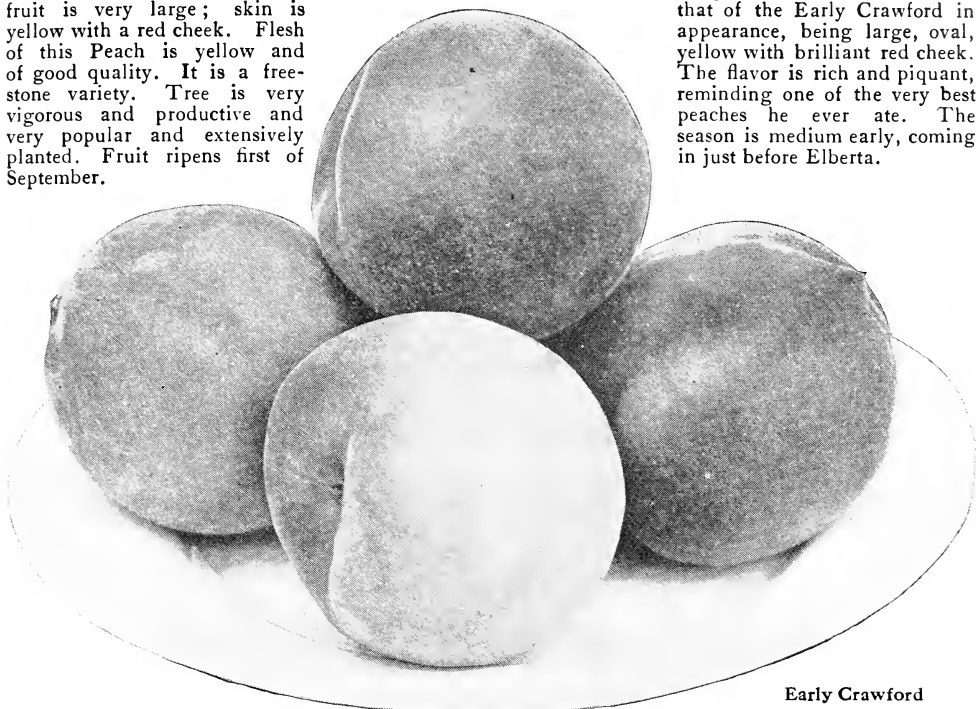
Belle of Georgia

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

Early Crawford—One of the best commercial varieties; fruit is very large; skin is yellow with a red cheek. Flesh of this Peach is yellow and of good quality. It is a free-stone variety. Tree is very vigorous and productive and very popular and extensively planted. Fruit ripens first of September.

PEACHES—(Continued)

Niagara—The fruit of the Niagara Peach is much like that of the Early Crawford in appearance, being large, oval, yellow with brilliant red cheek. The flavor is rich and piquant, reminding one of the very best peaches he ever ate. The season is medium early, coming in just before Elberta.



Early Crawford

Five-year-old Early Crawford Peach trees will yield from five to six bushels of fruit per tree



"Wood Quality" Trees planted by Mr. T. Merchant, Middleport, N. Y.

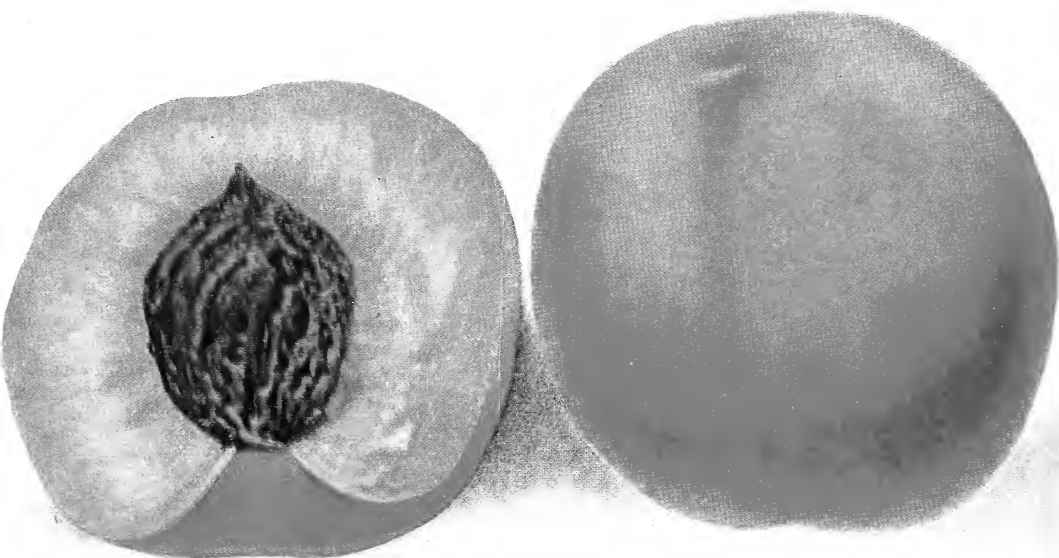
Q Do you know the first and most important thing to consider when buying Peach Trees? Turn to page 37 where we tell you.

See description of varieties
on another page



THE
HALE
PEACH

PRICES
50¢ each
\$ 4.00 per 10
\$ 25.00 per 100



WOODLAWN GOLDEN
50¢ each. \$ 4.00 per 10

Our Fortieth Anniversary Offer

THE one great pleasure in our business for the past forty years has been pleasing our customers. They have not only appreciated the quality of our stock, but the Premiums we sent.

This year we are offering something entirely different in the line of Premiums and we know they will strongly appeal to you. You need only to glance at them to determine their worth and durability. These Premiums can be obtained by simply placing your order with us this season, and our suggestion is that you select the one you would like to have and, if you are unable to make up an order large enough to entitle you to it, ask some of your neighbors to join you.

Don't you think an excellent plan would be to get up a Neighborhood Order? This offers a convenient opportunity to use your spare time profitably and at the same time you would be a benefactor to the community. We urge all of our customers to cultivate the community spirit

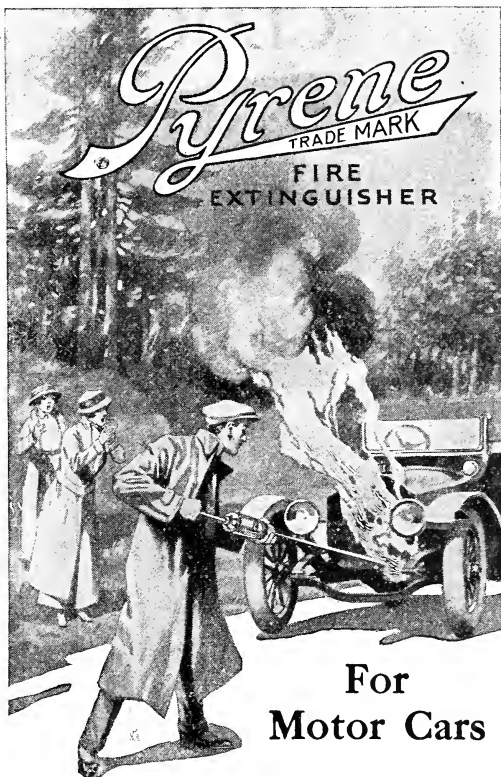
and by this we mean to improve your place not alone for selfish pleasure, but for posterity. Get your friends interested. Show them our Catalog. If you are already one of our customers you can tell them about the quality of our stock and our method of dealing. Extra Catalogs and Order Blanks will be furnished free of charge, upon request.

If possible send all orders in at the same time and we will pack each one separately and ship in one box to you. Orders and Premiums are usually shipped together.

Should you wish to buy any of the articles listed, we will be pleased to fill your order at the prices quoted. Buying them in large quantities enables us to offer them at exceptionally reasonable prices.

Premiums are not given when you ask for the 5% discount.

PYRENE is efficient on incipient fires in highly inflammable materials, such as gasoline, etc. It can be used on all classes of electrical fires with success. **PYRENE** will not stain the most delicate fabrics or injure anything with which it may come in contact. The liquid does not lose its strength or deteriorate with age. Will not freeze at a temperature of 50 degrees F. below zero. The device in which **PYRENE** is used is a double-acting pump, easily operated by hand, of one quart capacity, strongly built of brass and white metal throughout. Weighs approximately six pounds. **PYRENE** Extinguisher will throw a steady stream to a distance of about twenty-five feet. Auto Insurance Reduced 15% if your Automobile is equipped with a **PYRENE** Fire Extinguisher. Price, \$7.00.



**For
Motor Cars**



**GIVEN with
an order of
\$70 or over.**

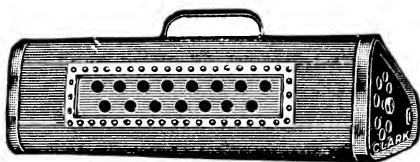
MISSION CLOCK



**GIVEN with an Order of
\$25.00 or over**

A substantially made wall clock of extraordinary value. Finished in mission; weight movement; no key winding. A splendid article for the dining room, den, hallway or office. Price, \$3.00.

Clark Steel Heater



GIVEN with an Order of \$20 or over

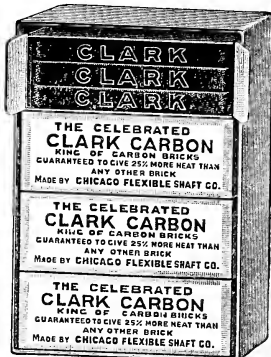


Indestructible riveted steel body. Drawn steel ends, heavily nickle plated. Side and end adjustable ventilators, allowing perfect regulation of heat. Thick asbestos lining. Covered with extra quality of Brussels Carpet. A beautiful heater. Invaluable for Automobiles, Carriages, Sleighs, etc. **Price, \$2.50.**

Carbon to be used in Clark Steel Heater

A scientifically prepared carbon densely compressed into bricks and yielding a much higher percentage of heat than any other heater fuel. One brick will furnish a strong and steady heat for a period of from 12 to 16 hours.

One dozen bricks packed in carton, **75 cents.**

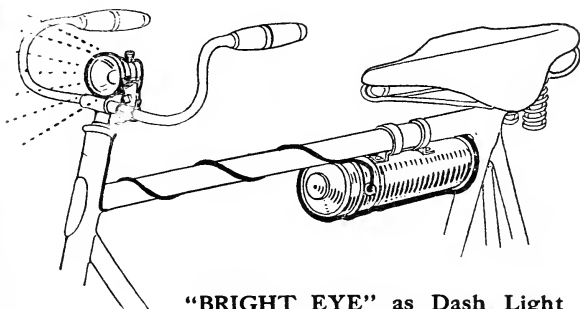
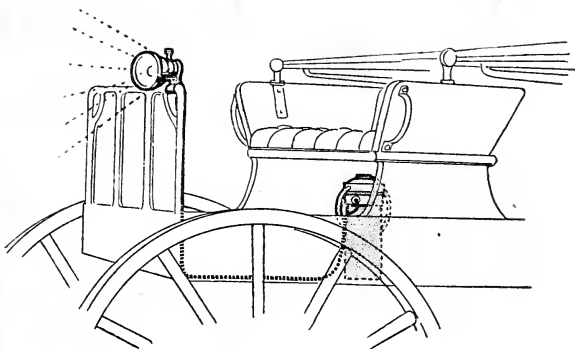


Carton containing 1 doz. bricks

"Bright Eye" Electric Lantern



**GIVEN with an Order of
\$15 or over**



**"BRIGHT EYE" as Dash Light
and Bicycle Light**

"Bright Eye" is unquestionably the most unique and useful combination ever offered the public. The **detachable projector feature** makes it adaptable to a score of special uses. The battery container can be attached to one's belt, and the projector worn on the head, making it an ideal hunting and fishing lamp. As a trouble light for motorists it has no equal. The four feet of flexible cord permits the projector to be placed where the light is most needed, and where it would be impossible to use a large lantern.

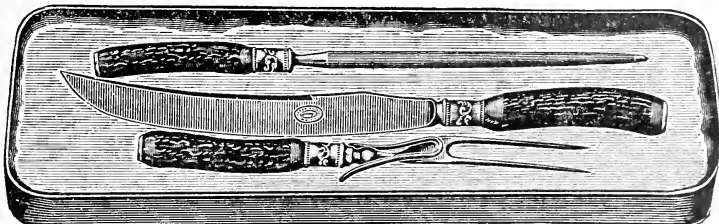
Whenever and wherever a portable light is needed the "BRIGHT EYE" will fill the need.

The case is handsomely finished in brushed brass, fitted with a mazda bulb, is dependable, durable and attractive. **Price, without battery, \$2.00.**

Should you be unable to secure a battery from a dealer in your town, write us.

This beautiful 3-Piece Carving Set will be given with an order amounting to \$30 or over.

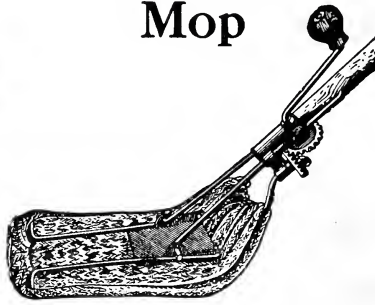
The set consists of a Knife, Fork and Steel - sharpener. Has stag handles, 9-inch blade, and is made of tempered steel, hand forged. **Price, \$3.50.**



“Easy Wringer” Mop



The Old Way



Showing Position on Floor



The New Way

See that Crank?
Two Turns Wrings Mop Dry

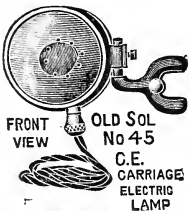


**GIVEN with an Order of
\$8.00 or over**

Take a good look at these illustrations. Then stop and consider for yourself what an invention of such nature really means to the housewife. Instead of requiring the hands to be placed in the water every time the mop is wrung out, the user of the “Easy Wringer” never wets her hands from the time she begins to mop until she has finished—the patent device wrings the cloth as dry as desired and then automatically spreads it out over the frame in the proper position for use. No aching wrists or back. No swollen hands and fatigue—flushed cheeks. The greatest drudgery of housework removed forever—transformed into a sanitary pleasure. **Price, \$1.00.**

“OLD SOL” CARRIAGE ELECTRIC LAMP

The “OLD SOL” Carriage Electric Lamp is patterned after the design of the present type of Automobile Electric Searchlight. Silver reflector parabola shape projects powerful light from 2 candle power globe-focusing tungsten filament. Perforations allow for sufficient light to illuminate rear red jewel. Switch plug attached to wiring underneath lamp body controls the light—on or off. An individual switch on each lamp. Diameter of door frame, $4\frac{1}{4}$ inches—depth of lamp, $3\frac{3}{8}$ inches. Door frame is brass nickel plated and highly polished. Body, enameled black finish. Door is removable from lamp body and lamp globe is fastened through the center of the parabola reflector. Simple construction, durable, water and dust proof, made from the best materials obtainable and by skilled artisans in this line of manufacture. **Price, without battery, \$3.50.**



FRONT VIEW
OLD SOL
No 45
C.E.
CARRIAGE
ELECTRIC
LAMP

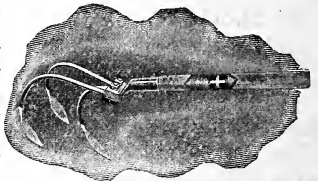


REAR VIEW
K.C.
FINGER
IRON
BRACKET

**GIVEN with
an order of
\$30 or over**

MIDGET WEEDER

The MIDGET WEEDER has a 9-inch handle and is designed for use in flowers, small shrubbery, etc., or for cultivating any sort of vegetation where the use of a long handled tool would be less practical. Excellent in strawberries and all low growing plants where tedious hand cultivation is required. We guarantee this little WEEDER to out-class anything of its kind on the market. **Price, 35c. If sent by mail, add 10c for postage.**



**GIVEN with an order of
\$3.50 or over**

*We are offering a large THERMOMETER on an order of \$10.00 or over.
See page 10 of our catalog.*

Woodlawn Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

ALLEN L. WOOD, Prop.

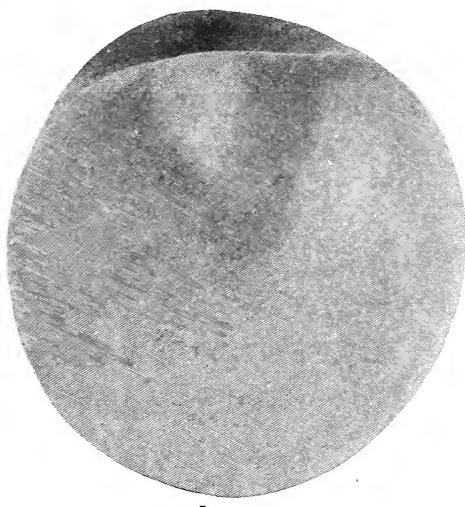
ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

PEACHES—(Continued)



Elberta—The Greatest Money-Maker of Them All

Elberta—The greatest commercial Peach on the market today. This variety is the most popular all over the country and there are more of these grown than of any other kind. It is undoubtedly the best orchard kind and also is valuable for garden planting. The tree is very hardy and a productive and uniform cropper. The fruit is large, yellow with red cheek; it is juicy and high flavored. Flesh is yellow and fine. It is a freestone Peach and ripens about ten days later than Early Crawford.



Lamont

Lamont—A new variety which originated near Sodus, N. Y., and which is very profitable and valuable for reason of its lateness of season. Lamont comes on the market when nearly all of the other Peaches are gone. Fruit is as large as Elberta and as good in quality as Early Crawford. Skin is yellow with a red cheek. The flesh is yellowish in color, tender, juicy and luscious; fine quality. Tree is vigorous, productive and exceptionally free from all diseases. Ripens two weeks later than Elberta. Perfect Freestone.



Branch of Elberta Peaches 10 days before they were picked



Greensboro

Greensboro—A large white Peach, one side covered with light and dark crimson. Very hardy and freestone when fully ripe. "Its large size, attractive appearance and reliability in bearing combine to make it one of the best of its season." Ohio Ex. Sta. Bulletin 170.

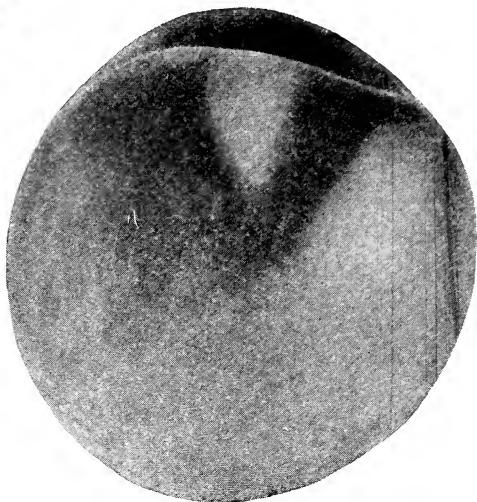
WOODLAWN NURSERIES

PEACHES—(Continued)



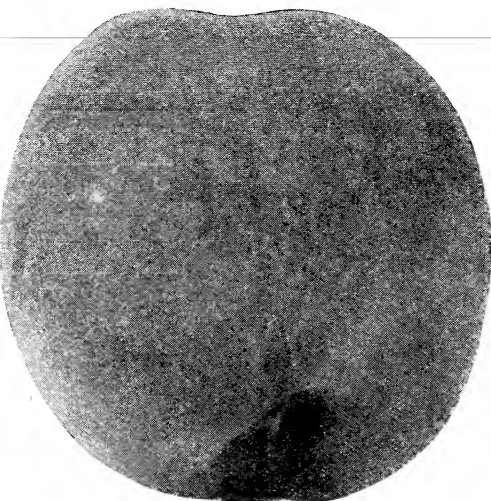
Fitzgerald

Fitzgerald—Origin Canada. Fully equal to Early Crawford in size, quality and color, with much smaller pit; a very early bearer, often when two years from bud; extra hardy, succeeding in Canada and Michigan perfectly; fruit large, brilliant yellow with red cheek; fine quality; ripens after Early Crawford. Freestone.



Yellow St. John

Yellow St. John—This is a large handsome Peach and very popular wherever it is grown. The flesh is yellow, rich and juicy. The flavor is equal to that of the Crawford. It ripens the latter part of July and is a profitable market variety on account of its earliness. Yellow St. John is a perfect freestone Peach. Tree is strong and vigorous.



Late Crawford

Late Crawford—Fruit is of the largest size; skin yellow or greenish-yellow with dull red cheek; flesh yellow; productive and one of the finest late sorts. Last of September. Freestone.

Champion—Large variety, some of the fruit will measure over ten inches in circumference. Skin is creamy white with red cheek. Flesh is white, sweet and juicy. Both the tree and the fruit buds have stood 18° below zero and produced a full crop the following season. Last of Aug. Freestone.

Willett—A freestone variety; bright yellow covered with red; is giving good satisfaction where ever planted as it is one of the largest and finest Peaches. Ripens in September.



Crosby

Crosby—This Peach originated in Connecticut and is very hardy. Has stood very cold weather (22° below zero) without harm. It has proved to be a fine Peach wherever grown, either for the market or home use. Fruit is yellow and very large; flesh is delicious. Ripens before Late Crawford, about the first of September. Freestone.

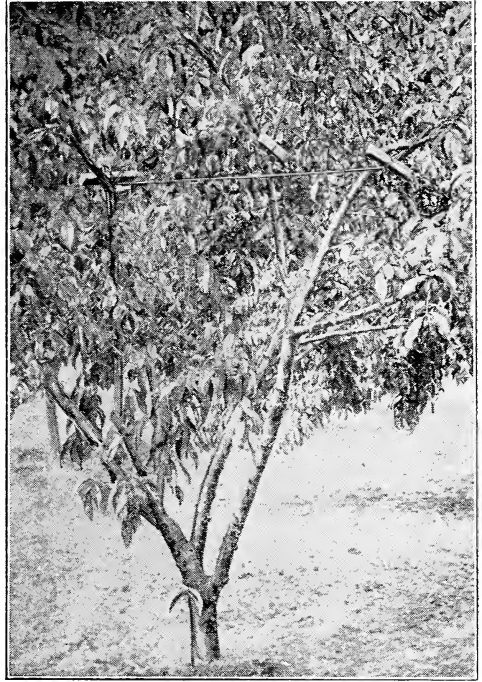
PEACHES—(Continued)



Carman—Hardy and Early

Carman—A new, hardy, rot-proof Peach ripening from the middle to end of July. Fruit is large, oval shaped, yellowish white. Flesh is creamy white, slightly tinted with red, juicy and fine. Carman is a fine shipper and is freestone.

Woodlawn Golden—A new variety which we recommend for general culture. The fruit is large and highly colored; flesh is yellow, firm, and flowing over with rich, finely flavored juice. Fine for canning as well as being the most desirable for eating from the hand. The tree is a strong grower and very productive. Perfect freestone. Ripens first of September. (*See colored insert*).



The above cut shows how to wire up a Peach tree to keep it from breaking down when heavily laden with fruit.

Hale—A description will hardly do justice to this fine variety. In size it is one-third to one-half larger than the Elberta and is more highly colored. The skin is deep crimson, smooth, tight, and without fuzz. Flesh is golden yellow, firm, and has a most delicious flavor. The pit separates easily from the flesh. It is exceptionally valuable as a commercial Peach owing to its unusual keeping and shipping qualities. Will ship nearly as well as an Apple. Fruit ripens about five days before the Elberta, but it will hang on the tree longer. Your collection is incomplete without this variety. (*See colored insert*).

TO tell you that we get our Peach buds from choice trees in the best orchards in this Peach growing section is quite enough to convince you of the quality of our stock, but we are going a step further and give you the names and addresses of a few of the Peach growers from whom we secure the buds. They are :

Mr. Albert Elnor, Appleton, N. Y.

Mr. Wm. Powley, Lyndonville, N. Y.

Mr. Joseph Blackrock, Gasport, N. Y.

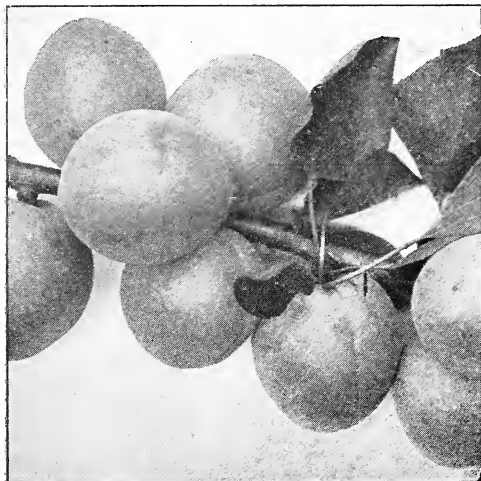
Mr. Dudley Watson, Medina, N. Y.

William's Fruit Farm, Medina, N. Y.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

APRICOT TREES 35c each \$3.00 per 10

THIS is a rich, delicious fruit, coming between Cherries and Peaches. It is very much like the Peach in outward appearance, but like the Plum in quantity and texture. The Apricot ripens a month or more before the best early Peaches come in, which explains the reason for the great demand and prevailing high prices. It should be planted in rich soil, and care should be taken to know that the sub-soil as well as the top-soil is dry.



Moorpark

Alexander—A large, oblong, orange yellow fruit, spotted with red. Flesh is sweet, juicy and very good. It is a hardy, prolific bearer and very popular in the east. One of the best of the Russian varieties. Ripens early.

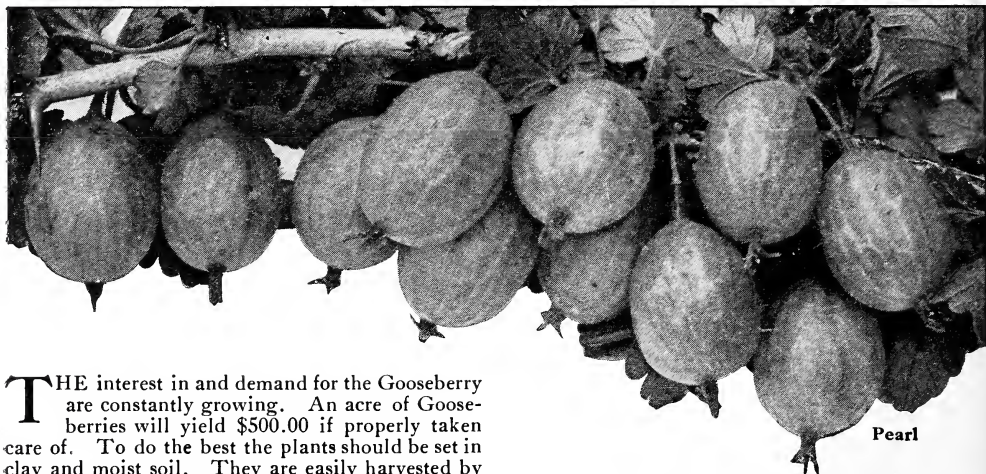
Early Golden—An American variety of Apricot. Fruit is small, pale orange, juicy and sweet. The tree is hardy and prolific. Ripens first of July.

Harris—This variety is remarkable for its size, beauty and productiveness. It is extremely hardy; will stand the severest winter. Fruit is of a rich golden color and of very fair quality. Ripens about middle of August.

Montgamet—A pale yellow Apricot, slightly tinted with red; flesh is firm, juicy and agreeably acid. A popular variety largely grown for the market.

Moorpark—The largest of all Apricots; orange in color with a red cheek. More money is made from these than from any other variety. Flesh is firm, juicy and very fine. Moorpark ripens in August.

GOOSEBERRIES



Pearl

THE interest in and demand for the Gooseberry are constantly growing. An acre of Gooseberries will yield \$500.00 if properly taken care of. To do the best the plants should be set in clay and moist soil. They are easily harvested by stripping the branches with a gloved hand; this enables the picker to gather many bushels in a day. All Agricultural Colleges are urging growers to plant Gooseberries because they are profitable.

PRICE OF 2-YEAR-OLD GOOSEBERRY BUSHES

Each	Ten	Hundred	Thousand
15c	\$1.20	\$7.50	\$65.00

If sent by Mail, add 3c per plant

Downing—Large, handsome, pale green, and of splendid quality for both cooking and table use; bush a vigorous grower, and usually free from mildew.

Pearl—This variety bears a great resemblance to the Downing. It is very hardy; free from mildew; superior in size and quality. The fruit is pale green—fine for cooking and table use. Pearl is the most productive of all Gooseberries, and is a variety that does well in Canada.

Josselyn—An American seedling of large size, smooth, prolific and hardy, of best quality. Has been tested over a wide extent of territory by the side of all the leading varieties, and so far is free from mildew, both in leaf and fruit. A wonderful cropper, with bright, clean, healthy foliage.

CURRANTS

THE Currant is of pleasant acid flavor, hardy, a free grower, easy to cultivate, and a certain and heavy cropper. Because of its extraordinary hardiness and free growing tendencies, it is often badly neglected, but good clean cultivation and careful pruning will double or triple the size and quality of the fruit and increase the profits. Currants are the most profitable of small fruits. An acre yields from 200 to 250 bushels of fruit, bringing a price of from \$4.00 to \$5.00 per bushel. Plants should be set in rows four feet each way, allowing plenty of light and air. For protection against the currant worm dust a little white hellebore powder over the bushes when the leaves are damp. Do this as soon as worms appear.

Lee's Prolific—The fruit is large and of fine quality. Bush is a vigorous grower and very productive. Price, 10c each; 75c per 10; \$5 per 100.

Victoria—A late bearing red variety. Berries are large and grow in very long bunches. Victoria is a fine bearer and is grown for commercial purposes in many parts of the country. Price, 10c each; 75c per 10; \$4 per 100; \$35 per 1000.

Wilder—It is one of the strongest growers and very productive. Bunches of berries very large, bright red color, and hang on bushes longer than any other variety. Price, 10c each; 75c per 10; \$5 per 100.



Wood's Giant Black

Wood's Giant Black—This is the largest and finest black variety known. The clusters are long, and the berries are of unusual quality. It is a strong and prolific bearer. Much valued for jellies. Price, 25c each; \$2 per 10.

Mr. Liddle, of Middleport, N. Y., writes: "The Wood's Giant Black Currant is a remarkable variety and I feel safe in saying that it has a great future. It is extremely productive. From 100 bushes I picked over 20 bushels of fruit and I consider this a wonderful crop. I strongly recommend it for either home use or commercial purposes."

Mr. Elmer E. Hall, of Middleport, N. Y., writes: "I saw some of the Wood's Giant Black Currants at Mr. Liddle's farm, and they are the greatest Currants I have ever seen. The bushes were loaded, and some of the fruit was as large as cherries."

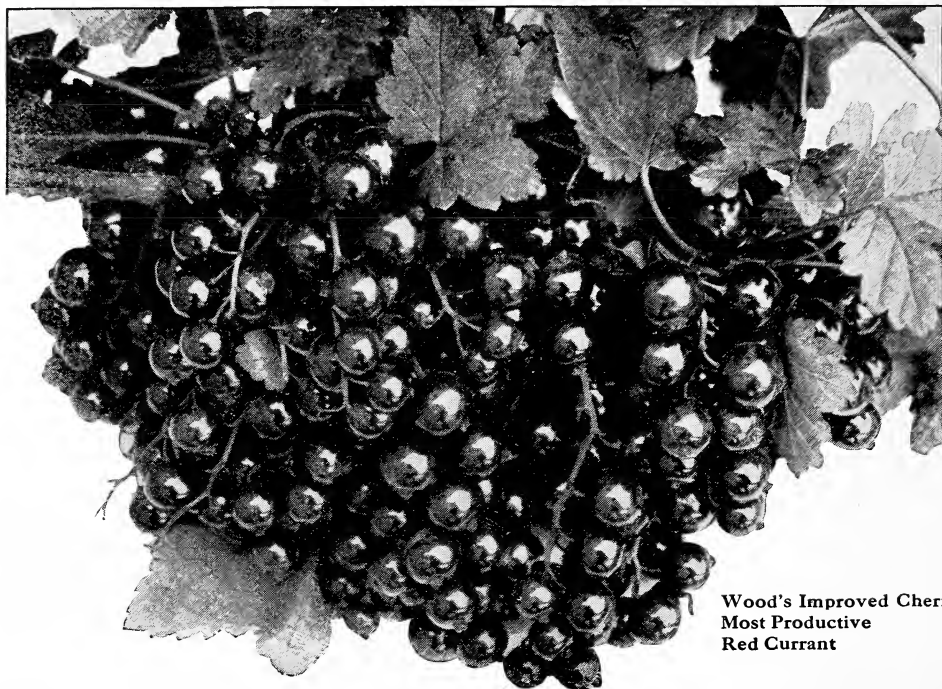
Perfection—In color it is a beautiful bright red, a size larger than the Fay; clusters average longer and the size of berries are maintained to the end of the bunch. It is one of the most productive Currants we have ever known; quality is superior to anything in the market, being of rich, mild, sub-acid flavor and having plenty of pulp with few seeds. Price, 20c each; \$1.50 per 10; \$8 per 100; \$75 per 1000.



Perfection

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

CURRENTS—(Continued)



**Wood's Improved Cherry
Most Productive
Red Currant**

Wood's Improved Cherry—A strain of the original Cherry which we have been testing and improving for years. We have proven it to be one of the best of all red market varieties. This Improved Currant is larger, has better bunches, is a stronger grower, and is better in every respect than the old Cherry. The fruit is large, deep red, and sub-acid. **Price, 10c each; 75c per 10; \$4 per 100; \$35 per 1000.**

584 Hudson St., New York, Nov. 6, 1915

Gentlemen: I received the Trees and Plants which I ordered from you and they came in first class condition. I wish to thank you for the prompt manner in which you filled my small order and to state that I am highly pleased. If I had paid \$1.00 each for the trees I would consider them full value for my money. The way in which you filled my order is the best evidence of reliability and trustworthiness and I assure you that when I am in need of more stock you will hear from me. I shall also recommend the Woodlawn Nurseries to my friends.

Yours truly,

J. J. FLANAGAN.

We are making you a Special Offer if you will send your order in early. See page 10.



White Grape

White Grape—Very large, yellowish-white, sweet, of very mild acid. Excellent quality; very productive. Best of the white varieties. **Price, 10c each; 75c per 10; \$5 per 100.**

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

(CURRANTS—Continued)

Red Cross—Large size red Currant, fine quality. One of the most vigorous varieties we have ever tested.

RURAL NEW YORKER SAYS: "Red Cross is the best of all old or new Currants for mid-season."

NEW YORK EXPERIMENT STATION SAYS: "Red Cross is large and productive. The masses of fruit are so dense as to completely hide the bearing canes from view."

JACOB MOORE SAYS: "This is a peculiarity of the Red Cross. I have cut off some of the branches thus heavily laden and sent them to the Rural New Yorker, Country Gentleman, as well as to leading pomologists. These people have said that they never saw anything to equal the Red Cross as shown by specimen branches."

E. W. REID SAYS he is remarkably impressed with this variety, especially for its large size and productiveness, it being much superior to Fay's in every respect. I have picked stems of this currant seven inches long with 23 to 26 Currants upon a single stem.

Red Cross—10c each; 75c per 10; \$4 per 100; \$35 per 1000.

Fay's Prolific—Less acid than Cherry; bunch large, berries medium, bright and sparkling. One of the leading red varieties and a remarkable cropper. Price, 10c each; 75c per 10; \$4 per 100; \$35 per 1000.



Red Cross

A Book on Fruit Growing

Amateur Fruit Growing—This is a splendid guide for those who have not made a study of fruit growing and wish to follow a course of instruction that will insure successful results. This book deals with only the common practices and the simple methods of fruit culture. An excellent book for the amateur. Plain, straightforward talk.

Price, 25 cents

Popular Fruit Growing

A wonderful book that tells about Practical Fruit Growing. How to protect orchards against frost, insects, diseases; How and when to spray; How to harvest and market; Explains plant growth, propagation, etc., and is "jammed" with interesting information about practical fruit raising, including apples, pears, plums, cherries, peaches, grapes, small fruits, nuts, etc. The most complete and up-to-date book of its kind.

300 pages, 5½ x 7; fully illustrated; paper cover 50c, postpaid.

STRAWBERRIES

THE Strawberry is the most important of the small fruits. They should be planted in April, May or October, in ground that has been well worked and fertilized with muck, wood ashes or bone dust. Set plants fifteen inches apart in rows three feet apart for field culture and fifteen inches each way for garden culture. Mulch late in the fall and uncover early in the spring. Imperfect flowering varieties must be planted with those that are perfect flowering. We have for sale some of the finest plants that can be grown—all perfect flowering.



A corner of Gus Herman's Monroe Strawberry field

Gentlemen: You will find enclosed a photograph of a small portion of my Monroe Strawberry field which covers three-fourths of an acre. This past season we picked 12,000 quarts of berries from the plants. I have been in the berry business for 25 years, but have not seen anything to equal the Monroe. I am so greatly pleased with its high merits that I have discontinued growing all other varieties that I, heretofore, thought could not be equalled, and am growing only the Monroe.

Yours truly,

GUS HERMAN

Mr. Herman is known as being one of the largest berry growers in Monroe County, N. Y.

PRICES OF STRAWBERRIES (Except Monroe)

30c per 12; \$1.00 per 100; \$5 per 1000.

If sent by Mail—35c per 12; \$1.25 per 100.

PRICES OF MONROE

50c per 12; \$2 per 100; \$15 per 1000.

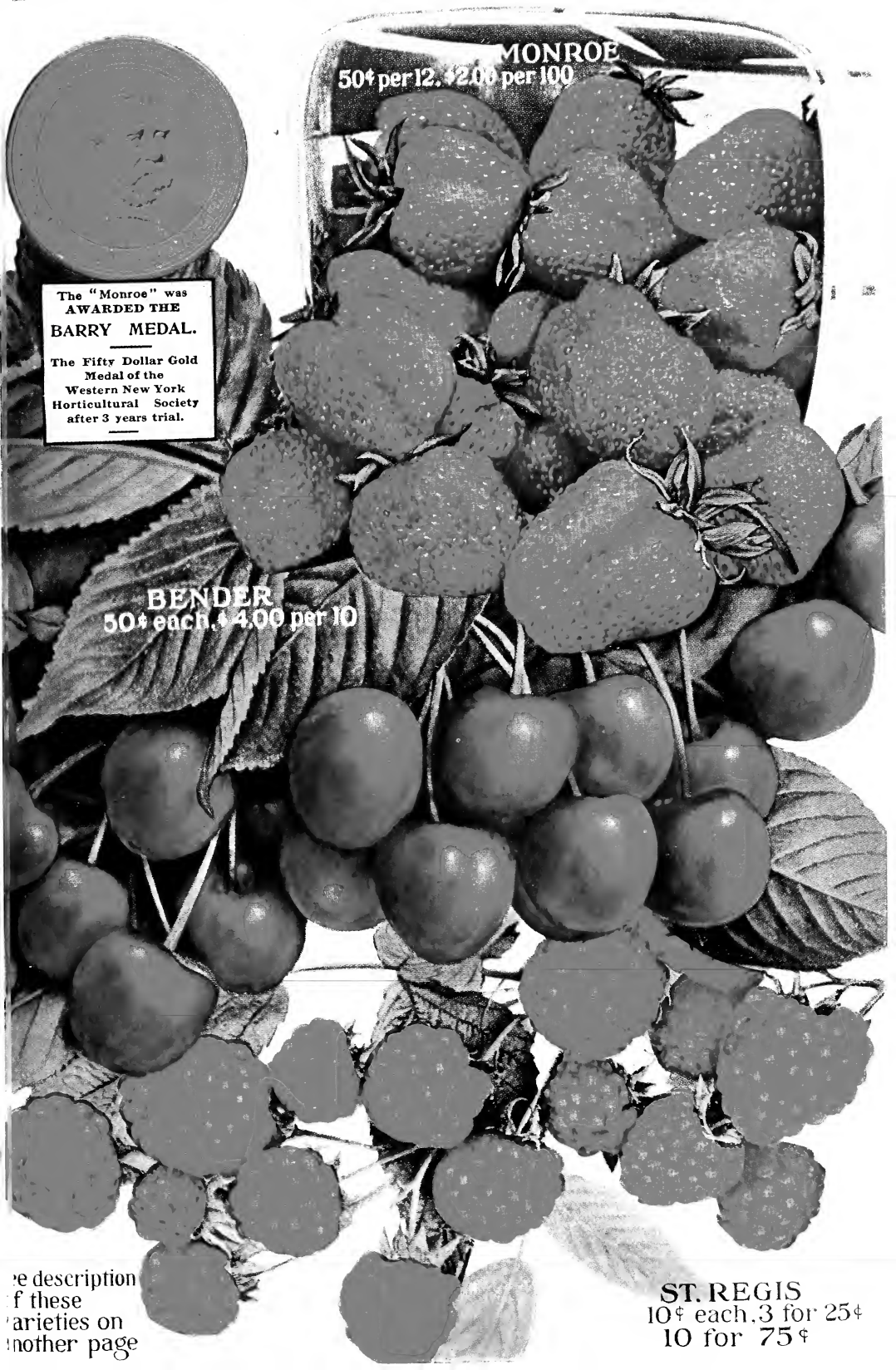
If sent by Mail—55c per 12; \$2.25 per 100.

Monroe—We are proud to say that we introduced the "Monroe" which is the finest Strawberry on the market. It was tested for three years and in 1914 was awarded the Barry Gold Medal by the Western New York Horticultural Society. The plant is a descendent of the "Sample", being very hardy and a strong grower. It makes plenty of long runners, each of which will make strong plants that bear fruit. The latest set plants will yield with "Sample" or "Clyde" and will beat "William Belt" or "Marshall" in quality. The season of ripening is what we call second early or about the time of "Senator Dunlap." The color of the berry

is deep red, not red in spots as on some varieties, but red all around, making it a very handsome fruit. The flavor of the "Monroe" surpasses that of any other Strawberry. It is very finely grained, very firm and red to the core. Everyone who has seen it on the plant or in the box declares it is a wonder.

Early Beauty—Originated in Iowa; fruit is medium to large, about size and shape of Haverland and fully as productive. Best early variety we ever fruited.

Senator Dunlap—Season early to medium; popular market sort. It withstands all conditions of weather beyond the average. Very productive; dark red all through.



MONROE
50¢ per 12, \$2.00 per 100

The "Monroe" was
AWARDED THE
BARRY MEDAL.

The Fifty Dollar Gold
Medal of the
Western New York
Horticultural Society
after 3 years trial.

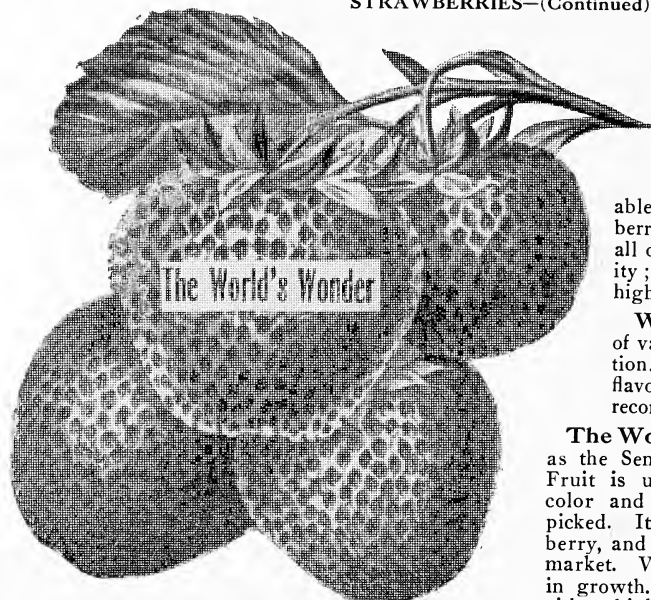
BENDER
50¢ each, \$4.00 per 10

ST. REGIS
10¢ each, 3 for 25¢
10 for 75¢

See description
of these
varieties on
another page

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

STRAWBERRIES—(Continued)



Stevens' Late Champion—Late money-making variety, yielding enormous crops of large, beautiful, good berries that ship well very late in the season after all other varieties have ripened and disappeared.

William Belt—A handsome variety that is giving remarkable satisfaction as a large productive berry for market or home use. Ripens all over without green tips; good quality; carries well to market and brings highest price.

Wilson—This is an old well thought of variety that has always given satisfaction. The best berry for canning as its flavor and quality are excellent. We recommend this variety to you.

The World's Wonder—Is as productive as the Senator Dunlap, but twice as large. Fruit is uniform in shape; bright red in color and does not turn dark after being picked. It ripens early, is a good shipping berry, and brings an extra fancy price on the market. Vines are strong, thrifty and rapid in growth. Will produce a large crop on either high or low land. The fruit is so firm and its keeping qualities are so excellent that it does not need to be picked more often than once in three days.

RHUBARB— PIEPLANT

Wood's Famous Strawberry Rhubarb—Away ahead of other varieties in color and quality, never tough or stringy. Color a beautiful strawberry red; a quick grower and very hardy. Rhubarb is the most popular and useful of all plants for the garden. It will grow in all soils and locations and takes up very little room. Delicious pies, puddings and sauces are made

from the fresh stalks, and when preserved for winter use cannot be surpassed.

Price, 10c each; 25c per 3; 60c per 10; \$3.00 per 100. If sent by mail, add 2c per plant.

Strawberry Rhubarb all the year

You can have Early Strawberry Rhubarb throughout the entire year. Cut stalks of young Rhubarb into small pieces. Put these into fruit jars. Fill jar with cold water and seal up tightly. This will keep you in fresh Early Strawberry Rhubarb the entire year.

There is a large number of different ways of serving Early Strawberry Rhubarb—pies, cakes, sauces, jellies, puddings, etc.



Wood's Strawberry Rhubarb

ASPARAGUS

To make a good Asparagus bed, prepare a plot of fine, loamy soil, to which has been added a liberal dressing of good manure. Set the plants 12 inches apart in the row and the rows 20 inches apart. Price, \$1.00 per 100; \$6.00 per 1000. If sent by mail, \$1.25 per 100.

Barr's Mammoth—Robust and vigorous and throws large shoots which remain white above ground as long as they are fit for cutting.

Conover's Colossal—This variety is remarkably tender and finely flavored.

Palmetto—An early and great yielder and very even and regular in growth. It has been tested both North and South and has proved entirely successful in every way.

Asparagus Culture

A special book that gives the most practical methods of raising, cultivating, harvesting, marketing, forcing and canning Asparagus. This authoritative up-to-date book, postpaid, 50c.

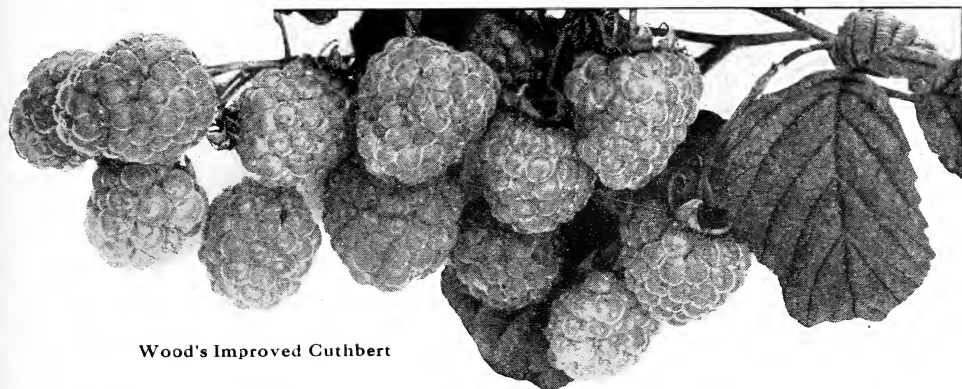


Barr's Mammoth

RED RASPBERRIES

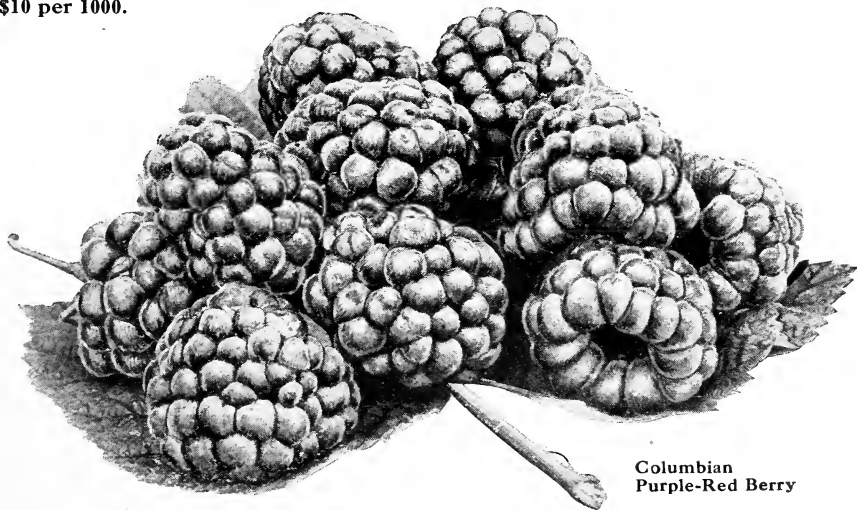
If Raspberries are to be sent by mail, add 10c per every 10 plants.

PLAN in good soil, and manure freely from time to time. The hills should not be less than four feet apart each way, with three to four stalks in a hill. Cut out the old and weak shoots each year, preserving not over six for fruiting. Surplus suckers take strength from the bearing plants. They should be cut away or hoed up frequently.



Wood's Improved Cuthbert

Wood's Improved Cuthbert—A strain of the original Cuthbert which we have been testing and improving for years. It is a strong grower, has healthy foliage, and is very productive if planted on good soil. Cuthbert is one of the old standard, reliable sorts that will give a good crop of large red berries that are firm, have rich flavor, and are of very fine quality; it is more largely grown than any other variety. We recommend it for either home use or field culture. Price, 40c per 10; \$1.50 per 100; \$10 per 1000.



Columbian
Purple-Red Berry

Columbian—Very large, often an inch in diameter; dark red, bordering on purple, adheres firmly to stem and will dry on the bush if not picked; of rich, sprightly flavor, the best for canning or evaporating, and probably the most productive of all raspberries. A most vigorous grower, canes ten to fifteen feet in length and often over an inch in diameter, strong and woody, its roots spreading and penetrating the soil to a great depth, thus enabling it to resist drought. It propagates from the tips and never suckers from the roots. It is very hardy, enduring 28° below zero without injury. Price, 50c per 10; \$2 per 100; \$12 per 1000.

Gentlemen: When I read the record of Isaac Vandermill's crop of Columbian Raspberries I thought it remarkable, but I think I can beat that. I sold 2,710 quarts of berries this past season from the 1,000 plants purchased of you two years ago.

Fairport, N. Y., R. F. D. 2, Aug. 16, 1915

Yours truly, MRS. MINNIE ROBINSON

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

RED RASPBERRIES—(Continued)



Herbert—Hardest Red Raspberry

Herbert—This is known as the "Iron Clad Variety". It is a new red berry which originated in Canada and out-classes all others in hardiness. The fruit is large, bright to deep red and the plant, being a very strong grower and very productive, pays enormous profits to the grower. It is one of the best market varieties and is highly recommended by the Government Experiment Station at Ottawa, Canada. Price, 10c each; 25c per 3; 75c per 10; \$3.00 per 100; \$20.00 per 1000.

St. Regis—This promises to be the most valuable addition to the list of Red Raspberries. It succeeds upon all soils, whether light and sandy or heavy clay. The canes are of a stalky, strong growth with a great abundance of healthy, dark green foliage. The only variety known that gives a crop of fruit the same year they are planted, and two crops a year thereafter. Plants that are set early in the spring will give a small crop of fruit the fall following, and the next spring a big crop equaling that of any Red Raspberry known. In size, quantity and quality, to say nothing of its fall-bearing qualities, it is ahead of anything we know of. About the middle of August it commences to set fruit on the young canes, and bears continuously from then until frost. The berries are large, beautiful and attractive. If you have failed with every other variety of Raspberry, either North or South, plant St. Regis and succeed. Whether growing for home use or market you cannot afford to ignore this, the most wonderful of all Raspberries. (See colored insert). Price, 10c each; 25c per 3; 65c per 10; \$2.50 per 100; \$17.50 per 1000.

Send us the names and addresses of your neighbors. We will be glad to send them our catalog of "Wood Quality" stock.



Ruby—Earliest of all

Ruby—We have grown the Ruby Raspberry for the past several years and find it a prolific bearer. The canes grow large and healthy. The fruit is very large and firm and it ships exceedingly well. We consider it a very valuable early market berry as it starts to ripen before all other varieties, and continues through a long, fruiting season. Price, 50c per 10; \$2.00 per 100; \$15.00 per 1000.



Marlboro

Marlboro—Large size, light red color; good quality and firm. Vigorous and productive. One of the best, well-tested, large early berries for the North. Price, 50c per 10; \$2.00 per 100; \$12.00 per 1000.

15 Otsego St., Oneonta, N. Y., Oct. 15, 1915

Gentlemen: The order which I sent you for Trees and Berry Bushes arrived in first class condition and I want to thank you for your prompt shipment. I am very well pleased with the stock and when I am in need of anything else in your line I certainly will order from you.

Yours truly, H. D. SITTS

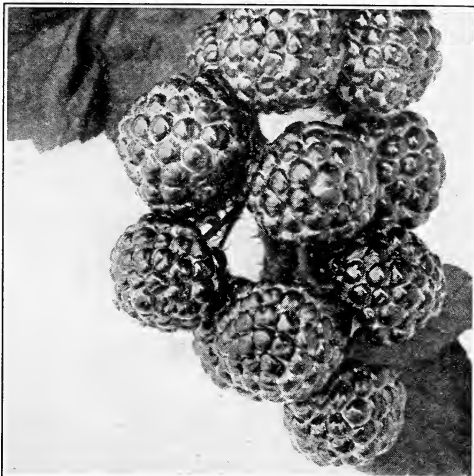
ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

BLACK RASPBERRIES

If Raspberries are to be sent by mail, add 10c per every 10 plants

Gregg—Plants vigorous, hardy and productive; fruit above medium to very large. Price, 40c per 10; \$2 per 100; \$12 per 1000.

Black Diamond—One of the best for home and market use. For drying and evaporating it excels all others. The fruit is large and handsome, and on account of its good size, good keeping qualities and its productiveness, is one of the most profitable to grow. Very sweet and excellent. Price, 40c per 10; \$2 per 100; \$12 per 1000.



Kansas

Kansas—The fruit is nearly as large as the Gregg; handsome, firm and of fine quality. For a good second-early Raspberry there is nothing better than this. It possesses all the valuable attributes of a profitable market sort, and its large size and attractive appearance insure ready sales at good prices. Price, 40c per 10; \$2 per 100; \$12 per 1000.



Black Diamond

Small fruits should find a place in every garden. They are of the easiest culture and there are varieties suited to mostly all kinds of soils and climates.

WE PREPAY FREIGHT CHARGES

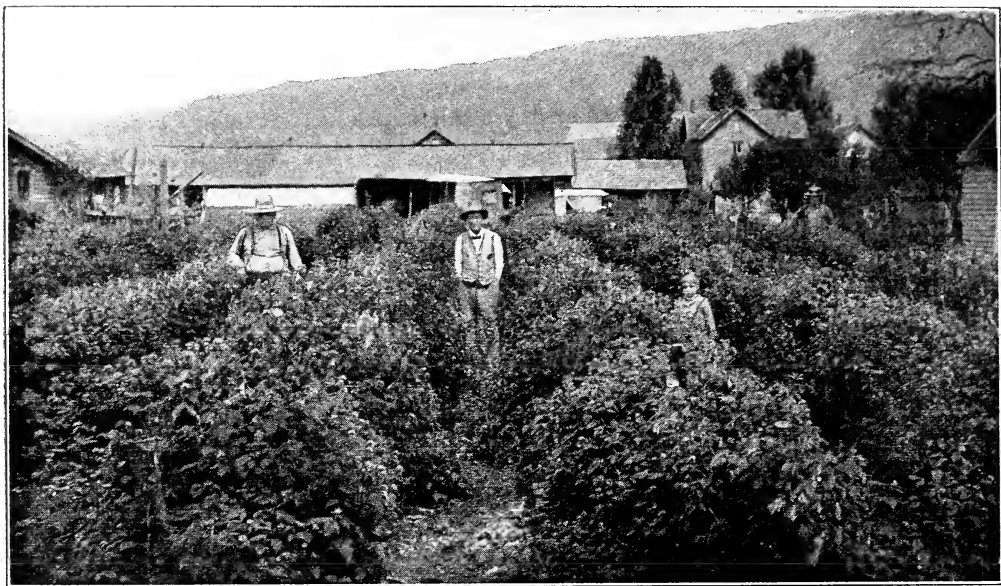
On all orders of \$10.00, \$15.00, \$20.00, \$30.00, \$50.00 or over, we will prepay freight charges to any station in the different States as follows:

\$10 Orders or Over Prepaid to	\$15 Orders or Over Prepaid to	\$20 Orders or Over Prepaid to	\$30 Orders or Over Prepaid to	\$50 Orders or Over Prepaid to
New York Pennsylvania	Ohio New Jersey Maryland	Maine Massachusetts Vermont New Hampshire Rhode Island Connecticut Indiana Michigan	Illinois District Columbia Wisconsin Delaware Virginia West Virginia Kentucky	Minnesota Tennessee Mississippi Missouri North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Florida Alabama Arkansas Louisiana Iowa

We do not prepay freight charges on orders for Berry Baskets or Tree Protectors.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

BLACK RASPBERRIES—(Continued)

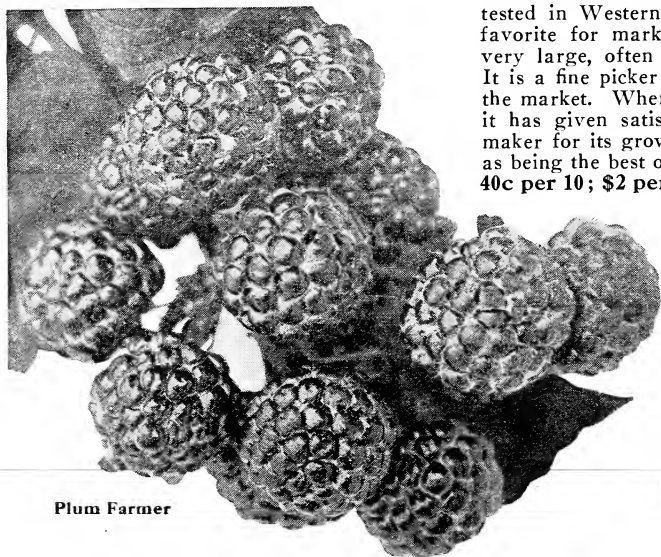


One-year-old patch of Plum Farmer Black Raspberries owned by Boyd M. Smith, Berwick, Pa. Read letter below.

DEAR SIR:—I am inclosing a photograph of my one-year-old patch of Plum Farmer Black Raspberries. I picked eight hundred (800) quarts from four hundred (400) plants—the first crop. They are the greatest thing I have ever seen. I learned of your firm through Mr. R. H. Hess of this town. He is a customer of yours and is not afraid to recommend you to his friends. Yours truly,

BOYD M. SMITH, 1508 Pine St., Berwick, Pa.

Plum Farmer—This is a very large and productive Black Raspberry and has been thoroughly tested in Western New York where it is a great favorite for market and home use. The fruit is very large, often measuring an inch in diameter. It is a fine picker and brings the highest prices on the market. Wherever we have sold Plum Farmer it has given satisfaction and has been a money-maker for its grower. We recommend this variety as being the best of the Black Raspberries. Price, 40c per 10; \$2 per 100; \$12 per 1000.



Plum Farmer

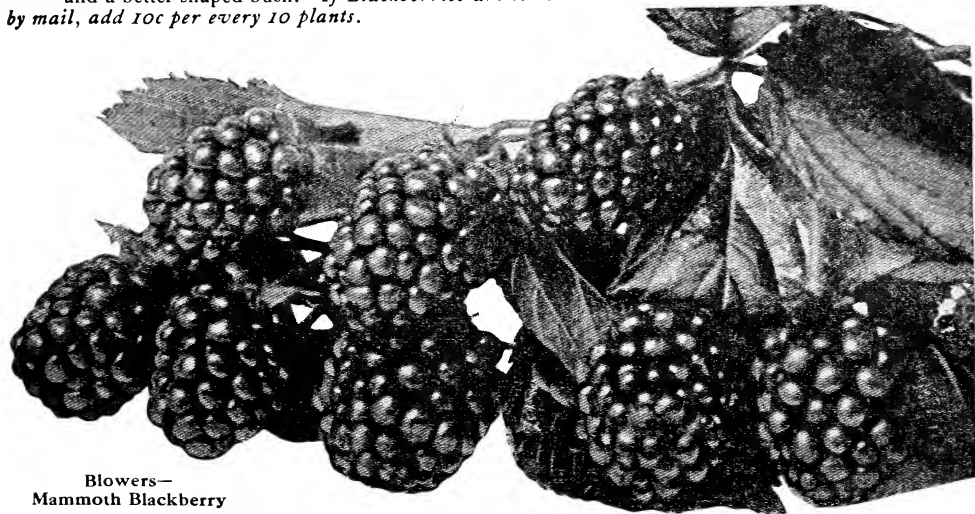
“SQUARE DEALING”

has placed us foremost in the minds of our customers and we will be glad to serve you as we have served them. No order is too small for our attention.

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

BLACKBERRIES

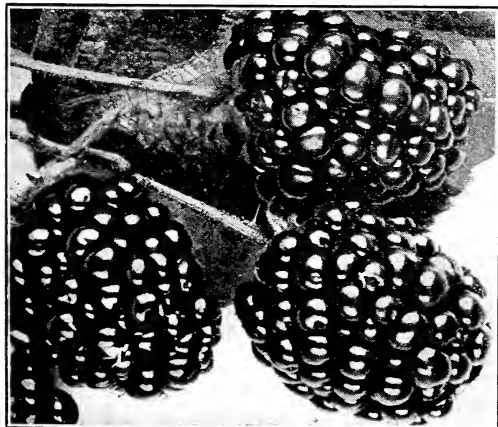
ANY moderately rich soil will answer for their cultivation, but to avoid too strong a growth and straggling habit, pinch the ends of the shoots during the season. This will give you more fruit and a better shaped bush. *If Blackberries are to be sent by mail, add 10c per every 10 plants.*



Blowers—
Mammoth Blackberry

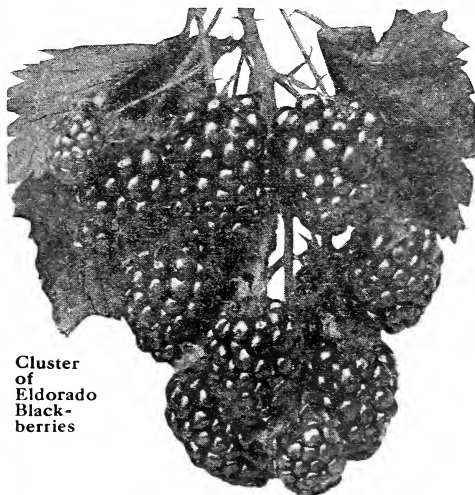
Blowers—"The Giant of all Blackberries". It is an upright, mammoth grower, is very hardy and enormously productive. A single plant produced over 2600 berries and from $\frac{3}{4}$ of an acre of land 112 bushels of fruit were picked which sold at \$4.80 per bushel or at a rate of \$716.80 per acre. The Blowers commence to ripen about the middle of July and bears about two months. Price, 10c each; 25c per 4; 60c per 10; \$3 per 100; \$25 per 1000.

"WOOD QUALITY" stock cannot be beaten. We grow it ourselves and know that it is first class.



Snyder

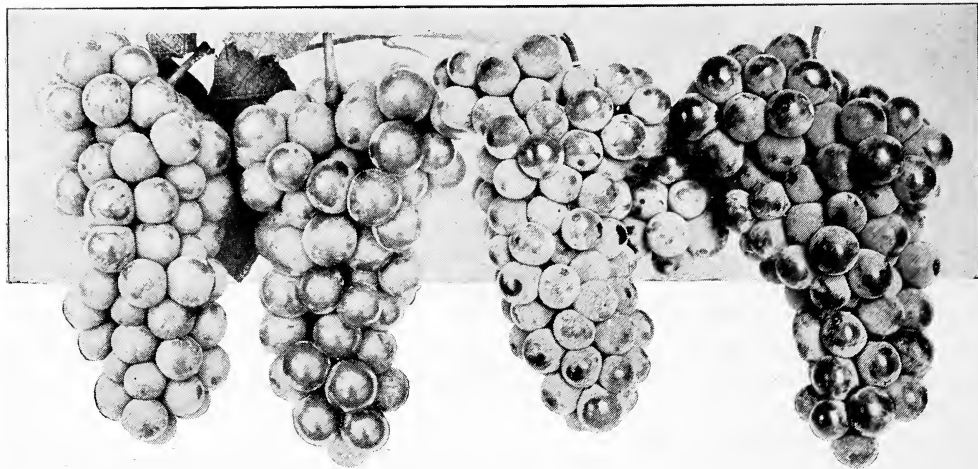
Snyder—"The Old Faithful" of the Blackberries. Medium size; sweet and melting to the core; very hardy and wonderfully productive; valuable for home use and market. Price, 50c per 10; \$2 per 100; \$15 per 1000.



Cluster
of
Eldorado
Black-
berries

Eldorado—One of the hardiest and finest Blackberries in cultivation. The berries are of good size, glossy black, very sweet and tender, and retain their lustre a long time after being picked. A reliable, standard variety. Price, 50c per 10; \$2 per 100; \$15 per 1000.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES



Diamond

Brighton

Lindley

Concord

GRAPES

THE Grape is the most healthful of all fruits, and the most highly esteemed for its many uses. It can be grown by everyone who has a garden, a yard, or a wall. It can be confined to a stake, bound to a trellis, trained over an arbor, or extended until it covers a large tree or building, and still it yields its graceful bunches of luscious fruit. Capable of most extraordinary results under wise management, it is prone also to give the greatest disappointment under bad culture or neglect. Other fruits may be had from plants that know no care, but Grapes are to be had only through attention and forethought.

Soils—Grapes are grown on various soils—sand, clay, loam, etc. Soil must be well drained, and there should be a free exposure to the sun and air. Hillsides are good places for Grapes.

Crops—Crop moderately if you would have fine, well ripened fruit. A vine is capable of bringing only a certain amount of fruit to perfection, proportioned to its size and strength; but it usually sets more fruit than it can mature; reduce the crop early in the season to a moderate number of good clusters, and cut off all the small inferior bunches; the remainder will be worth much more than the whole would have been. A very heavy crop is usually a disastrous one.

Pruning—Annual and careful pruning is essential to the production of good Grapes. If the roots are called upon to support too much wood, they cannot bring to maturity a fine crop of fruit. The pruning should be done between the months of November and March, while the vines are entirely dormant.

Diamond—Delicate greenish white with a rich yellow tinge when fully ripe. One of the most satisfactory of its class and season. Its quality and beauty make it popular, while its hardiness, vigor and productiveness make it ideal in the vineyard. Ripens before Moore's Early. 15c each; 25c per 2; \$1.00 per 10; \$5.00 per 100.

Concord—Decidedly the most popular Grape in America. There are more Concord plants by vineyardists than all other varieties combined. Bunch is large, shouldered, compact; berries large, black, covered with a rich bloom; skin tender, but sufficiently firm to carry well to distant markets. For general cultivation the most reliable and profitable variety. 10c each, 25c per 3; 75c per 10; \$1 00 per 100; \$32.00 per 1000.

Lindley—Light red; a very handsome Grape; sweet and tender, good quality; keeps well and ships well. Should be grown with Worden or Concord. 15c each; 25c per 2; \$1.00 per 10; \$5.00 per 100.

Brighton—A large, delicious, red Grape; vine thrifty and a strong grower; flesh sweet, tender and very juicy. Best of all large red Grapes. 15c each; 25c per 2; \$1.00 per 10; \$6.00 per 100.

Our Grape Vines
are Two Years Old and
Extra Strong



They can be sent by mail
at a cost of 3c per vine.

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

GRAPES—(Continued)



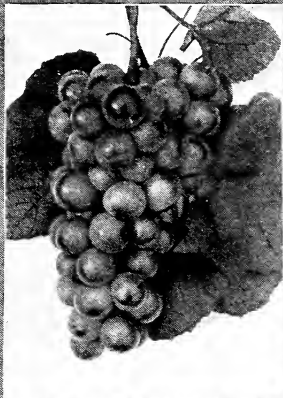
Moore's Early

Moore's Early—Bunch large, berry round, black, with a heavy blue bloom; quality better than the Concord. Vine exceedingly hardy; has been exposed to a temperature of more than 20 degrees below zero without injury, and is entirely exempt from mildew or disease. Its earliness makes it desirable for an early crop. 15c each; 25c per 2; \$1.00 per 10; \$5.00 per 100.



Delaware

Delaware—Bunches small and compact; berries small, round, thin skinned, light red. Flesh very juicy, with an exceedingly sweet and delicious flavor. Vine hardy and productive. 15c each; 25c per 2; \$1.00 per 10; \$6.00 per 100.



Agawam

Agawam—A dark red Grape with fine flavor. Large bunch and berry, rich, sweet and aromatic; strong grower and very productive. 15c each; 25c per 2; \$1.00 per 10; \$5.00 per 100.



Worden

Worden—The bunch is large, compact and handsome. Berries are black, and larger than the Concord. It ripens a few days earlier and is superior to it in flavor. 15c each; 25c per 2; \$1.00 per 10; \$5.00 per 100.



Niagara

Niagara—The vine is a strong grower and very hardy. Bunches very large, uniform and very compact; berries white, larger than Concord, and skin thin but tough, which insures their



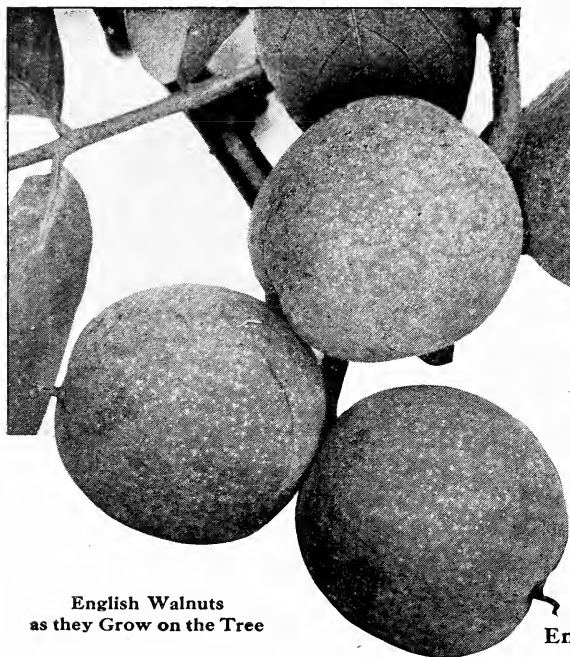
Catawba

shipping qualities; quality good, very little pulp; melting and sweet to center; ripens before Concord. 15c each; 25c per 2; \$1.00 per 10; \$5.00 per 100; \$40 per 1000.

Catawba—An old favorite red Grape, grown extensively for commercial purposes in New York State. Berries large and round; flesh finely flavored. Late September. 15c each; 25c per 2; \$1.00 per 10; \$5.00 per 100.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

Northern Grown Nut Trees



English Walnuts
as they Grow on the Tree

Nut meats are not only a good substitute for any kind of animal flesh, but they take the place of fatty substances, and are healthful and nutritious.



Black Walnut

American Black Walnut—A native tree of large size and majestic form, beautiful foliage. The most valuable of all trees for its timber, which enters largely into the manufacture of fine furniture and cabinet ware, and brings the highest price in market. The tree is a rapid grower, producing a large, round Nut of excellent quality. 4 to 5 ft., 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen.

NOT many years ago Nuts were regarded as a delicate luxury, especially the Walnuts. They were eaten only by the ultra rich, and then only during the holiday season. Everybody eats Nuts now, and they eat them all the time, for they have become one of our cherished table necessities, and are worked

into as many food products as corn and wheat. The returns from an established Nut-bearing orchard, as well as numerous experiments, show plainly how successful Nut Culture may be made. Vegetables may be grown between the young trees. Poultry raising in a Walnut grove is one of the best offerings to the man of moderate means. The poultry business is always profitable when properly managed, and the flock is more of a help than a hindrance to the growing trees.

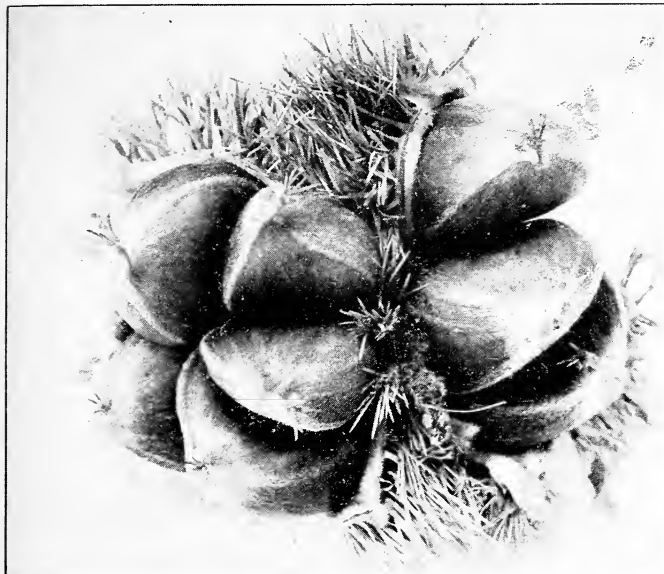
English Walnut—An exceedingly handsome tree for the lawn. It produces large crops of thin shelled, delicious Nuts which are always in demand at good prices. The English Walnut can be grown in the Eastern and Northern States as well as in California and the South. It is grown successfully in Monroe County, N. Y., and we have some extra nice trees growing in our nursery. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$3.00 per doz. 3 to 4 ft., 50c each; \$5.00 per doz. 4 to 5 ft., 75c each; \$7.50 per doz.



The Nuts in the above photograph were picked from a five-year old English Walnut tree near our office.

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

NUT TREES—(Continued)



Japan Chestnuts in the Bur

Butternut—Produces large, handsome, elongated Nuts with rich, sweet, oily kernel; very nutritious. Cultivation increases the size of the Nuts. The tree grows rapidly and yields large crops in a few years. At present the supply is in-



Butternut

sufficient for the demand of a single city market. There are large profits in Butternut growing. A small outlay will bring large returns as soon as the trees begin to bear. 4 to 5 ft., 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen.

Japan Walnut—A choice improved variety, grows with great vigor, forming a handsome head without pruning; has withstood a temperature of 20° below zero without injury. The shell is a little thicker than that of the English Walnut, which it resembles in a general way; kernels are meaty, delicate, and can be removed entirely. Tree begins to bear when 2 or 3 years old. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$3.00 per doz. 3 to 4 ft., 50c each; \$5.00 per doz. 4 to 5 ft., 75c each; \$7.50 per doz.

Chestnut, Japan—Of dwarf habit, hardy, and extremely productive. The tree comes into bearing at an early age and the nuts are of enormous size. Besides being very valuable for the nuts it bears, it is decidedly ornamental. 4 ft., 50c each; \$5 per doz.

October, 1915

Gentlemen: I have several Japan Chestnut trees that are about nine years old and each bore three pecks of nuts this past season. They were of very large size, of fine appearance and sold for \$2 per peck. I have planted a great many trees as I find that there is a larger profit in growing them than in fruit trees.

Yours truly,
MARSH WHIPPLE.

Chestnut, Spanish—Handsome, round-headed tree, producing large crops of very large Nuts that sell readily at good prices. Not as sweet as American. Valuable shade tree and very ornamental. 4 ft., 50c each; \$5. per doz.



American Chestnuts in Burs

Chestnut, American Sweet—This is the well-known native variety with which nearly everyone is familiar. It is a stately tree, attaining great height when mature. It is beautifully symmetrical, and when in blossom is as handsome as a tree can be. It bears a Nut of good quality and seldom fails to produce a good crop. Aside from their crop value, all Chestnut trees are especially desirable for shade purposes and for ornamental planting. 4 to 5 ft., 50c each; \$5.00 per doz.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES



ORNAMENTAL TREES

GREAT care should be exercised in the planting of Shade Trees. All planting must be done with reference to the character and position of the house, care being taken not to obstruct sightly views, but unsightly views must be screened.

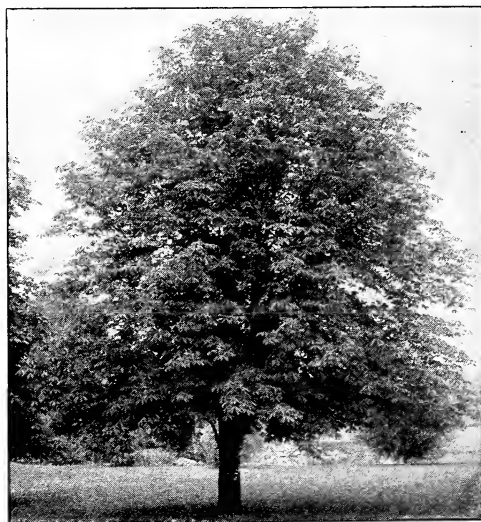
- A denotes trees which attain the large size, 50 feet and upwards.
 B " " " " " secondary size, 20 to 40 feet.
 C " " " " " medium size, 8 to 15 feet.



Spanish Chestnut

Chestnut, Spanish (C)—This nut tree is also very valuable for the lawn as well as for the nuts it bears. 4 ft., 50c each.

Chestnut, Japan (C)—Of dwarf habit, hardy, and very ornamental. It bears extremely young and the nuts are of enormous size. 4 to 5 ft., 50c each.



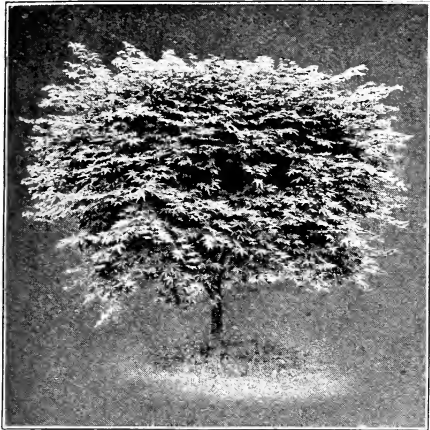
American Chestnut

Chestnut, American (A)—This tree, besides being valuable for the nuts it produces, is very ornamental as a shade tree. 4 to 5 ft., 50c each.

Horse Chestnut (A)—The well-known variety. Has magnificent spikes of white flowers. Fine for street planting. 7 to 8 ft., 75c each.

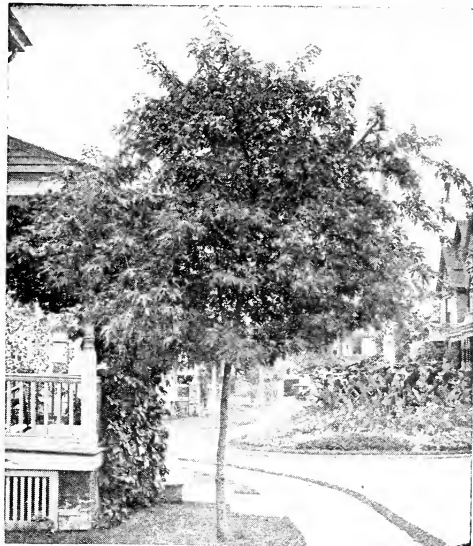
ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

ORNAMENTAL TREES—(Continued)



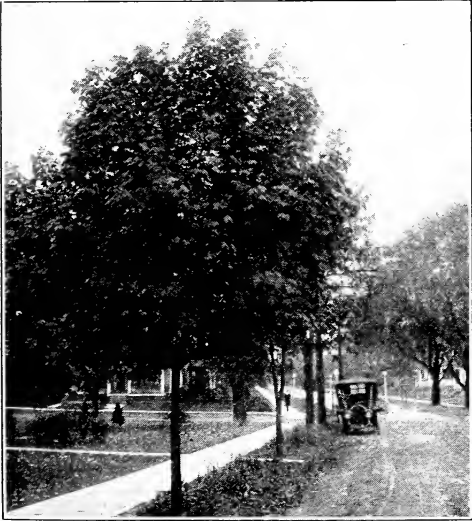
Japan Blood-Leaved Maple

Maple, Japan Blood-Leaved (C)— Dwarf habit and roundish form. Foliage very handsome, leaves cut and serrated, reddish-crimson in June, changing to dark purple which it retains all summer. Price of specimens with ball of earth on roots burlapped, 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00 each.



Wier's Cut-Leaved Maple

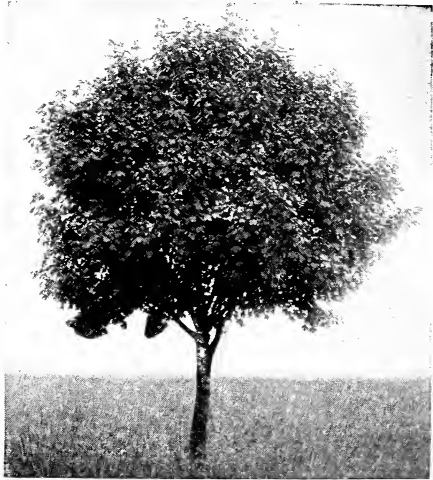
Maple, Wier's Cut-Leaved (A)—Foliage is abundant, with leaf stalks long and tinted with red on upper side. Growth is rapid, shoots slender and drooping. 8 to 10 ft., 75c each; \$7 per 10; \$65 per 100.



Silver Maple

Maple, Silver-Leaved or Soft Maple (A)— A North American species, of rapid growth, large size, and irregular rounded form; foliage bright green above and silvery beneath; very hardy and easily transplanted; where immediate shade is required, one of the most valuable trees.

	Price—Each	Ten	Hundred
8 to 10 ft.,	60c	\$5	\$15
10 to 12 ft.,	85c	8	75
Extra large size, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10.			



Norway Maple

Maple, Norway (A)— Its large, compact habit, broad, deep green, shining foliage and its vigorous growth render it one of the most desirable species for streets, parks and lawns.

	Price—Each	Ten	Hundred
8 to 10 ft.,	\$.75	\$ 7	\$ 65
10 to 12 ft.,	1.00	9	85
Extra large, 2 in. Caliper	1.50	12	100
“ “ 2 1/4 to 3 in. “	2.00	18	

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

ORNAMENTAL TREES—(Continued)

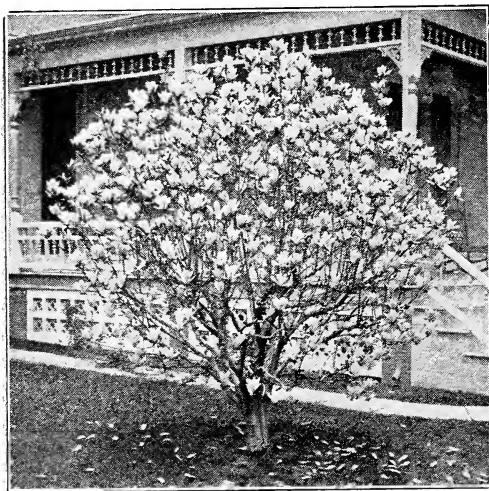
Maple, Ash-Leaved or Box Elder (B)—A fine rapid growing variety, with handsome, light green foliage and spreading head; very hardy; desirable for street planting and succeeds in many sections where other varieties do not thrive. 8 to 10 ft., 75c each; \$6.50 per 10; \$60 per 100.

Maple, Schwedlerii (Red Leaved) (B)—A beautiful variety, with the young shoots and leaves of a bright purplish or crimson color, which changes to purplish green in the older leaves. One of the most valuable trees. 8 to 9 ft., \$1.25 each; \$10 per 10.

Maple, Sugar or Rock (A)—A native tree valuable for its production of sugar and wood. Very stately in form, rapid grower and has fine foliage. Valuable ornamental variety. 8 to 10 ft., 75c each; \$6.50 per 10.

Mountain Ash (B)—A favorite; erect growing tree of medium size, producing white flowers early in the Spring, followed by clusters of bright scarlet berries which remain on the tree through the Winter. 8 to 10 ft., 75c each.

Laburnum, or Golden Chain (C)—A native of Europe with smooth shining foliage. Bears long pendant racemes of golden flowers in June. Very showy and beautiful. 4 ft., 50c each.

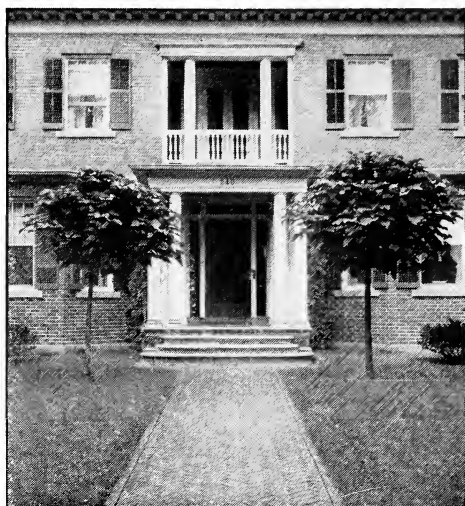


Magnolia

Magnolia, Soulangeana (C)—Chinese variety, dwarf grower, bears showy white and purple flowers, cup-shaped, and three to five inches in diameter. Foliage dark and glossy. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50 each.

Magnolia, Speciosa (C)—Flowers smaller, lighter in color than Soulangeana and remain on the tree longer than any other variety. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50 each.

Magnolia, Acuminata or Cucumber Mag. (A)—A magnificent tree, growing very rapidly and often attaining a height of 60 to 90 ft., producing in June yellow flowers tinted with bluish purple. Fruit when green resembles a cucumber, hence its name. Very handsome and desirable. 7 to 8 ft., 75c each.



Catalpa, Bungeii each side of walk

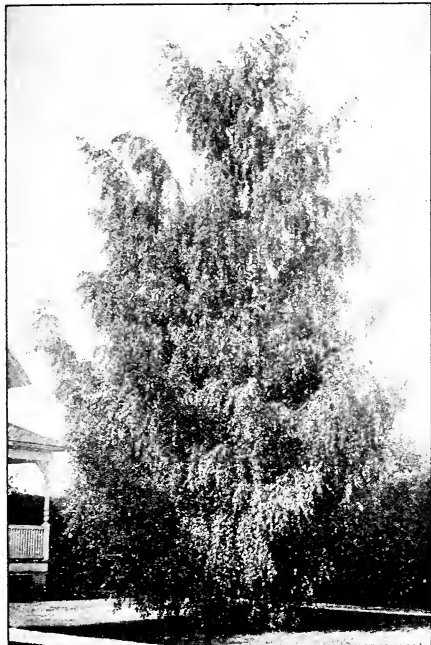
Catalpa, Bungeii (Umbrella Catalpa) (C)—Grafted on stems 6 to 8 ft. high, it makes an umbrella shaped top without pruning; perfectly hardy. Leaves large, glossy, heart-shaped, deep green. One of the most unique trees; desirable for lawn, park and cemetery planting. Two-year trees, extra large, \$1.00 each.



Catalpa, Speciosa

Catalpa, Speciosa (A)—This medium to large tree with its tropical-like foliage and its pyramids of white flowers is worthy of a place in every collection. It is very ornamental and is a valuable tree for the street or park. 7 to 8 ft., 50c each; 8 to 10 ft., 65c each.

ORNAMENTAL TREES—(Continued)



Cut-Leaved Birch

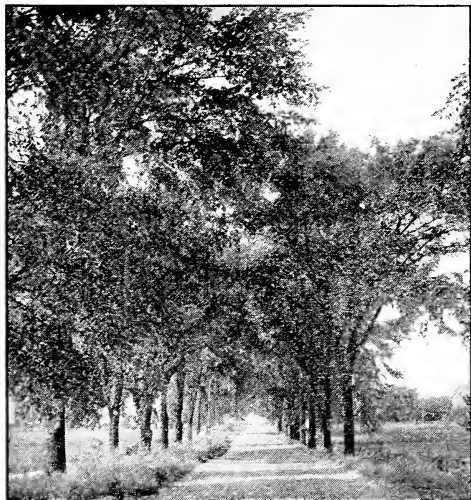
Birch, Cut-Leaved Weeping (A)—Its tall, slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful, drooping habit, silvery-white bark and delicately cut foliage present a combination of attractive characteristics rarely met with in a single tree. 4 to 5 ft., 75c each.



Rivers' Beech

Beech, Rivers' Smooth-Leaved Purple (B)

—An elegant, vigorous tree of compact, symmetrical habit of growth; foliage in spring is crimson, changing to dark purple in summer. Its peculiar, low-branching habit and dense growth of foliage render it one of the most striking lawn trees. Finest of all purple-leaved trees. 4 to 5 ft., \$1 each.



American Elm Trees in Front of Our Rochester Packing Grounds

Elm, American (A)—This tree ranks among the very best for avenue, or park planting, especially in deep or wet soil. It grows rapidly and makes tough branches. 8 to 10 ft., 75c each; \$6 50 per 10; 10 to 12 ft., \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10.



American Linden or Basswood

Linden, American (B)—A rapid growing, open head or spreading tree, with large leaves and fragrant flowers. Very desirable on account of its fine luxuriant foliage. 8 to 10 ft., 75c each.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

ORNAMENTAL TREES—(Continued)



Lombardy Poplar

Poplar, Lombardy (A)—Well known for its erect rapid growth and commanding form. Very desirable on large grounds or along roads, to break the average heights and forms of other trees.

Price, 8 to 10 ft., 40c each; \$3.50 per 10; \$30 per 100
10 to 12 ft., 50c 4.50 10; 40 " 100



Carolina Poplar

Poplar, Carolina (B)—Very large leaves, very glossy, deep green. Valuable as a street or shade tree where shade is required quickly.

Price, 8 to 10 ft., 30c each; \$2.50 per 10; \$20 per 100
10 to 12 ft., 40c 3.50 10; \$25 " 100

Mulberry, Downing (B)—This tree is not alone valuable for the large refreshing berries it bears, but is very handsome as a lawn or street tree. This should be in every yard or garden. 7 to 9 ft., 50c each; \$4.50 per 10; \$40 per 100.

Mulberry, Russian (B)—A hardy variety. Tree is a rapid grower; foliage is abundant. 7 to 8 ft., 50c each; \$4.50 per 10; \$40 per 100.



Tea's Weeping Mulberry

Mulberry, Tea's Weeping (C)—One of the finest, most graceful and satisfactory of weeping trees. Umbrella shaped head, with slender willowy branches drooping to the ground. It has beautiful glossy foliage, handsomely cut or divided into lobes. It is perfectly hardy. \$1.25 each.

Thorn, Paul's New Double Flowering (C)—This tree deserves to be classed among the most beautiful of all ornamentals. It is a dense, low grower, and occupies but little space; well adapted to beautify small grounds. Blooms in May and June. Flowers are a bright carmine color. 4 to 5 ft., 75c each.

Tulip Tree, or White Wood (A)—One of our largest native trees, with large, glossy leaves shaped like a violin, and beautiful tulip like flowers. Very desirable for planting on lawns, or where rapid growing trees are desired. 8 to 10 ft., 75c each; 10 to 12 ft., \$1.00 each.

Willow, Babylonica (B)—A well-known, weeping variety; forms a large, round-headed, graceful tree. It does not require much attention and succeeds well in rather dry soil. Very desirable. 7 to 8 ft., 75c each.



Bechtel's Double-Flowering Crab

Crab, Bechtel's Double Flowering (C)—We wish to call special attention to this very fine variety. It possesses wonderful beauty and is a worthy ornament to any garden. Tree medium size, covered in early spring with large, double, fragrant flowers of a delicate pink color. From a distance they have the appearance of roses. Blooms when quite young. Very popular. **2 to 3 ft., 50c each; 3 to 4 ft., 75c each.**

Butternut (A)—Valued for its tropical appearance and beautiful wood, as well as for its nuts. Produces large, handsome, elongated nuts with rich, sweet, oily kernel; very nutritious. The tree grows rapidly and yields large crops in a few years. There are large profits in Butternut growing. **4 to 5 ft., 50c each.**

Walnut, Black (A)—The well-known native species; hardy, prolific and valuable; timber in point of durability is difficult to excel. **4 to 5 ft., 50c each.**

Walnut, English (B)—A very rare and valuable new, hardy variety, that bears when quite young. The nuts are rich and finely flavored. Highly recommended for general culture. **3 to 4 ft., 50c each; 4 to 5 ft., 75c each.**

Walnut, Japan (B)—Perfectly hardy, rapid grower, handsome form, large leaves; bears young and abundantly; one of the finest ornamental trees. Nuts produced in clusters; resemble English Walnut in shape, but excel it in quality. **3 to 4 ft., 50c each; 4 to 5 ft., 75c each.**



Purple-Leaved Plum (Prunus pissardi)

Plum, Purple-Leaved (Prunus pissardi) (C)—The finest purple-leaved small tree of recent introduction. The young branches are a very dark purple; the leaves when young are lustrous crimson, changing to a dark purple, and retain this beautiful tint till they drop late in autumn; no other purple-leaved tree or shrub retains its color like this. It transplants easily and is worthy of wide dissemination. Flowers small, white, single, covering the tree. **5 to 6 ft., 50c each.**



English Walnut

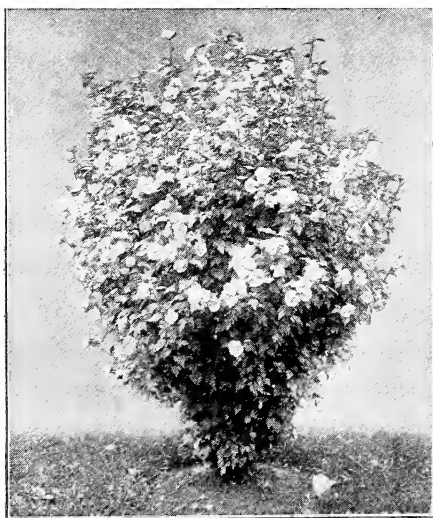
WOODLAWN NURSERIES

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS



MAKE your home more attractive by having the grounds surrounding it nicely laid out and cared for. It will not only give you great pleasure, but will increase its value more than anything you can do. The Shrubs we grow are of the very choicest varieties, are extra strong, two to three years old and from two to four feet in height.

D denotes shrubs, which attain 9 to 12 feet in height at maturity.
E “ “ “ “ 5 to 8 “ “ “
F “ “ “ “ 2 to 4 “ “ “



Althea, or Rose of Sharon



Azalea

Althea, or Rose of Sharon (D)—Fine, free growing shrub, bearing bell-shaped flowers of striking colors; blooms in Sept. and Oct. We have the following colors: Pink, Purple, Red, White. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

Tree Althea (D)—Same as bush, but grown in tree form, with single stem. Colors: Pink, Purple, Red, White. 50c each.

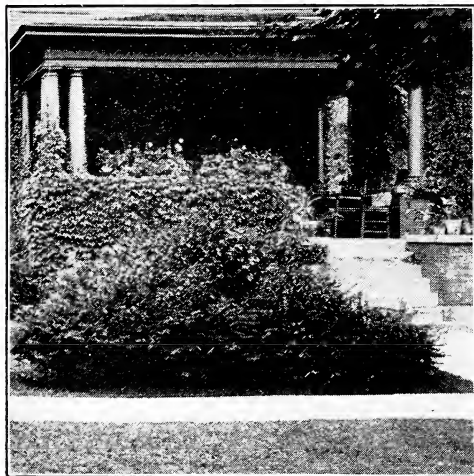
Azalea, Mollis (F)—This little plant is literally covered with bloom in April or May. Flowers are large and of a variety of colors in shades of red, yellow and orange. 50c each; 5 for \$2.00.

Azalea, Ghent (F)—Handsome and distinct shrub from Japan; unequalled for brilliancy and variety of color, while flowers are not so large as in the Mollis, the color is more delicate. 75c each; 5 for \$3.25.



Barberry, Purple-Leaved

Barberry, Purple-Leaved (E)—A very desirable purple-leaved shrub of upright habit and prickly stem, bearing an abundance of yellow flowers in May, and reddish purple berries in autumn, which remain nearly all winter. Very effective in groups or masses or grown singly. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.



Barberry, Thunbergii

Barberry, Thunbergii (F)—A shrub of marked excellence on account of its bright green foliage, which changes to brilliant colors in the fall, and its bright scarlet berries, which are conspicuous throughout the winter. The habit is dwarf and regularly spreading. Grows well in the shade and is extensively used in landscape work. Very hardy; has never been known to winter-kill. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00. See back cover.



Butterfly Bush

Butterfly Bush (E)—This name was given it because it seems to attract butterflies in large numbers. This shrub, planted either in the Spring or Fall, will mature to full size the first Summer, making a handsome bush of about four feet. It produces long, graceful stems, which terminate in tapering panicles of beautiful lilac-colored flowers that are of miniature size and borne by the hundreds on a flower head which is often ten inches long. A single plant will throw out as many as fifty flower spikes the first season, which increase greatly in number during succeeding years. It blossoms from early Summer till frost; splendid for cutting. 35c each; 5 for \$1.25.



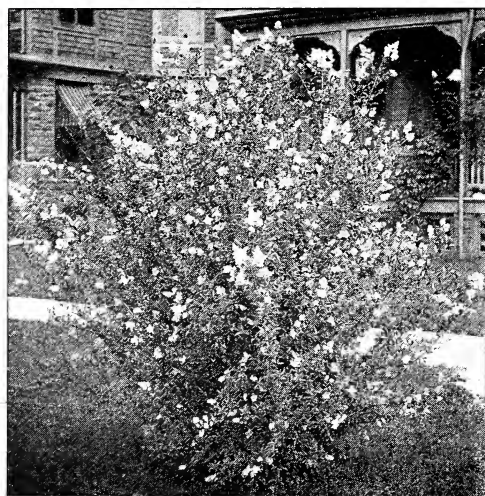
Clethra Alnifolia

Clethra Alnifolia, or Sweet Pepper Bush (E)—Very hardy; blooms every season without fail; cold never harms it; flowers pure white, in spikes three to six inches long. A bed of Clethras will perfume the air for a long distance around; a single sprig will fill a room with its delightful fragrance. It is a neat, upright growing shrub. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES



A very effective planting for the front lawn. View unobstructed. Twenty-eight Shrubs were planted at a cost of only \$5.70



Privet

Privet, California (E)— Handsome, smooth, shining green leaves; spikes of white flowers in June. Compact and regular in form. It is almost an evergreen and thrives in all soils. Very showy and should be in every collection of shrubs. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

Almond (Large Double Flowering) (E)—One of the most beautiful early flowering shrubs, bearing double flowers like small roses. Two varieties, pink and dark red. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.



Cornus, Mascula

Cornus, Mascula (Cornelian Cherry) (E)—A large shrub that bears bright yellow flowers early in spring and bright red berries in autumn. 30c each; 5 for \$1.25.

Cornus, Elegantissima (Variegated Leaf) (E)—One of the finest shrubs, with beautifully variegated foliage. Some leaves are broadly margined with white, while others are entirely white. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

Calycanthus, or Sweet-Scented Shrub (E)—Its foliage is rich; flowers of a rare chocolate color, with an agreeable odor. Blossoms in June and intervals through the summer. Very desirable. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

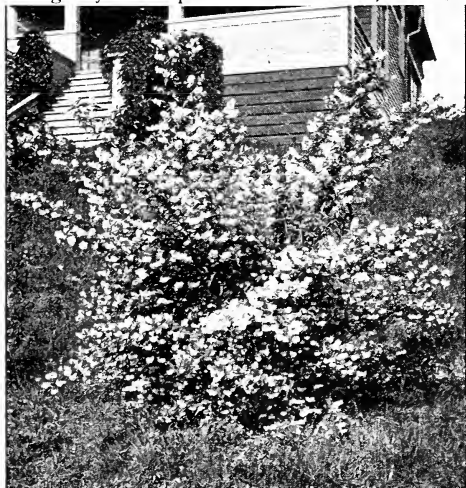


Deutzia, Gracilis

Deutzia, Gracilis (F)—A charming species of dwarf habit; flowers pure white. Fine for pot culture, as it flowers freely in a low temperature during the winter. (See back cover.) 25c each; 5 for \$1.

Deutzia, Candida (E)—Pure white flowers, very double. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

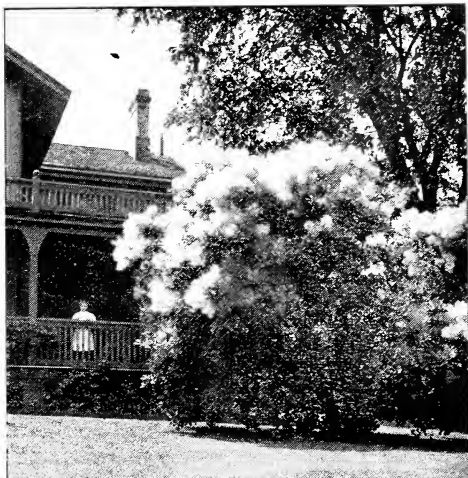
Deutzia, Crenata (E)—A tall growing variety having very double pink flowers. 25c ea.; 5 for \$1.



Deutzia, Pride of Rochester

Deutzia, Pride of Rochester (E)—Very large double white flowers. It excels in size of flower, profuse bloom and vigorous growth; nearly a week earlier than *Deutzia Crenata*. 25c each; 5 for \$1.

Deutzia, Lemoinei (F)—Pure white flowers, borne on stout branches of upright growth. Dwarf habit, free flowering. (See back cover.) 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.



Purple Fringe or Smoke Tree

Fringe, Purple (Smoke Tree) (D)—A small tree or shrub very much admired on account of its peculiar fringe, or hair-like flowers, covering the whole surface of the bush in mid-summer. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

Forsythia, or Golden Bell (E)—A very early and showy spring bloomer; flowers bright yellow, appearing before the leaves. Very effective for covering steep slopes, walls, fences and arbors. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.



Golden Glow

Golden Glow, or Summer Chrysanthemum (E)—Large showy plant, attaining in good soil a height of 6 to 8 feet the same season planted. Flowers $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, double, well formed and of deep golden yellow color, resembling yellow Chrysanthemums, and borne on long stems which render them suitable for cutting. 10c each; 3 for 25c.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES



Golden Elder

Elder, Golden-Leaved (E)—Beautiful variety with light yellow leaves, which hold their color well and render the plant very conspicuous and effective. (See back cover.) 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

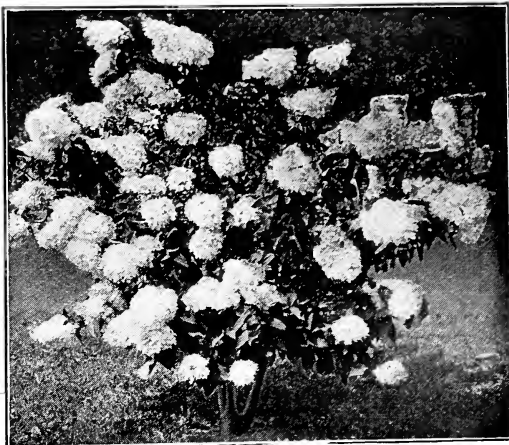
Elder, Variegated (D)—Beautifully cut, drooping leaves which are margined with yellow. Its handsome foliage, together with the delicately white, fragrant flowers, create a most artistic effect. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.



Hydrangea, Arborescens

Hydrangea, Arborescens Grandiflora Alba (Hills of Snow) (E)—This hardy American shrub is the very finest addition to this class of plants found in many a year. The blooms are of the very largest size, of pure snow-white color, and the foliage is finely finished. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

Quince, Japan (E)—Dark green foliage, and showy, deep scarlet flowers of good size, produced singly or in masses along the branches. Much admired and often used for hedges. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.



Hydrangea, P. G.

Hydrangea, P. G. (E)—One of the most popular hardy shrubs. The immense heads of bloom are cream-color in bud, pure white when fully expanded, changing to pink and bronze with age, and finally to brown when frosted. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

Hydrangea, P. G., Tree Form (E)—Same as bush, but grown in tree form with single stem. Very desirable. 50c each; 5 for \$2.00.



Lilac, White

Lilac, Lemoine (D)—A choice variety bearing large clusters of double white flowers. 50c each.

Lilac, Purple (E)—Bluish-purple flowers, standard variety; always good. 25c each; 5 for \$1.

Lilac, Red (D)—Purple-red flowers, standard variety. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

Lilac, White (E)—Cream colored flowers; very fine. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

Snowball, Lantana (D)—A large, robust shrub, with soft, heavy leaves and large clusters of white flowers in May; succeeded with red fruit; retains its foliage very late. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.



Common Snowball

Snowball, Common (E)—A well known favorite shrub producing its snowy-white sterile flowers in large balls in May and June. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

Snowball, Japan, (Viburnum Plicatum) (E)—An erect, compact shrub, blooming in June; the shrub being completely covered with large balls of flowers that are as white as snow; foliage is dark green. We recommend this most highly. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

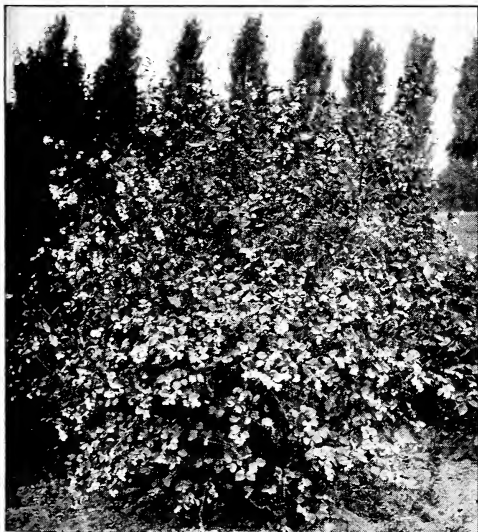


Syringa, Golden

Syringa, Golden (F)—This is a very pretty medium-sized shrub with golden-yellow foliage. It keeps its color the entire season. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

Syringa, Common (E)—Of vigorous habit; large handsome leaves and beautiful white flowers. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

Spirea, Aurea (Golden) (E)—Foliage green, bordered with a rich golden yellow. In June the branches are covered with double white flowers. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.



Snowberry

Snowberry, Racemosus (E)—Bushy form, small pink flowers in summer; quantities of large, white, waxy, roundish berries in autumn that remain on the plant through part of the winter. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.



Spirea, Anthony Waterer

Spirea, Anthony Waterer (F)—New dwarf Spirea; dark crimson flowers, one of the finest. 30c each; 5 for \$1.25.

Spirea, Billardi (E)—Rose colored flowers in spikes, blooms nearly all summer. 25c ea.; 5 for \$1.

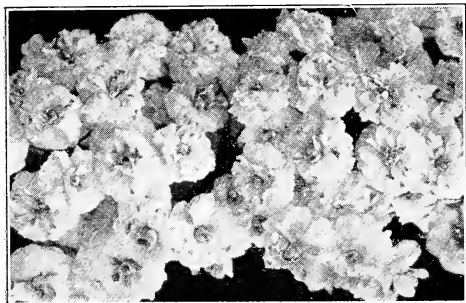
Snowberry, Vulgaris (E)—Low growing, spreading, graceful habit; foliage attractive; noteworthy from the beauty of its clusters of red berries which hang on the bush all winter. 25c ea.; 5 for \$1.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES



Spirea, Van Houttei

Spirea, Van Houttei (E)—Without doubt the finest of all the Spireas. During the flowering season in May and June, the bush is covered with white flowers, presenting a beautiful appearance. Very hardy. (See back cover.) 25c each; 5 for \$1.



Spirea, Prunifolia

Spirea, Prunifolia (Bridal Wreath) (E)—Double daisy-like, pure white flowers. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.



Weigela, Candida

Weigela, Candida (E)—A strong, upright grower; flowers pure white. 25c each; 5 for \$1.



Weigela, Eva Rathke

Weigela, Eva Rathke (F)—Very attractive variety; flowers deep carmine. 25c each; 5 for \$1.

Weigela, Variegated (F)—Fine variegated foliage and lasts the entire season; contrasts finely with its rose colored flowers. 25c each; 5 for \$1.



Weigela, Rosea

Weigela, Rosea (E)—Hardy shrub, bearing rose-colored flowers in May. 25c each; 5 for \$1.

PLANTS AND BULBS



Japan Iris

Iris, Japan—The flowers of the Japan Iris are of the richest colors, ranging from white to purple, with delicate markings and veinings. They are quite different in form from the German Iris, being much larger and flatter. Some of the flowers are eight inches in diameter, and the most delicate and beautiful combinations of colors imaginable. 20c each; 5 for 75c. If sent by mail add 5c per plant.



Wood's Superb Hardy Phlox

Phlox—These are justly esteemed as the finest of herbaceous plants. They are of dwarf habit, perfectly hardy, of very easy culture, and yield a profusion of bright, showy flowers. They are hardly equalled by any other hardy plant for the decoration of the garden. We have some select, field grown plants to offer in the following colors: Lilac, Pink, Purple, Red, Variegated, White. 15c each; 5 for 65c. If sent by mail, add 5c per plant.

Yucca (Spanish Bayonet)—Has a fine appearance; the stem is covered with large, bell-shaped flowers on laterals, forming a perfect pyramid; very desirable for rockwork, and effective in clumps on the lawn. Endures the severest winters and blooms year after year. Extra strong plants. 25c each; 5 for \$1. If sent by mail, add 5c per plant.

Lily of the Valley—Flowers small, bell-shaped, in pretty racemes; very fragrant. Will thrive in any kind of soil. 10c each; 50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100. If sent by mail, add 1c per plant.



Lily of the Valley

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

ORNAMENTAL VINES

*If sent by mail,
add 5c per vine.*

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Japan Ivy)—A beautiful, hardy, climbing plant of Japanese origin. It grows rapidly and clings with the tenacity of Ivy; the foliage is very handsome green in summer, changing to crimson in autumn. For covering brick and stone structures, walls, stumps of trees, rockeries, etc., no plant is so useful. **25c each; 5 for \$1.**

Ivy, American or Virginia Creeper—A fine rich green in summer, changing to crimson in autumn. Affords shade quickly and is very desirable for covering walls, verandas, or trunks of trees. **25c each; 5 for \$1.**



Clematis, Paniculata

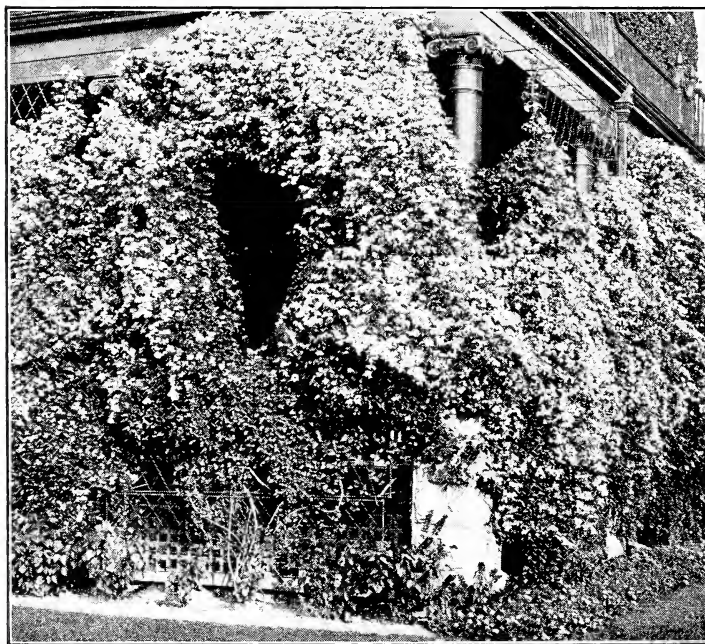
CLEMATIS—As a climber for the veranda, a screen for fences, for pillars in a garden or on a lawn, for training on walls or arbors, in masses on rockwork the Clematis has no equal. The vines

can be planted two feet apart, allowing four or five different colors to run on the same frame or trellis. The ground should be made rich by using liquid manure, and pouring it around the vines as often as once a month during the growing season. Do not give them too much water; it will decay the roots.

Clematis, Henryii—Single; the finest white Clematis; very large, fine flowers; grows rapidly; blooms freely during summer and autumn. **35c each; 3 for \$1.**

Clematis, Mme. Ed. Andre—Flowers medium size, dark red; velvety; very free flowering. **35c each; 3 for \$1.**

Clematis Paniculata—Single, white. Of extremely rapid growth, with shining green foliage, and a profusion of flowers which are small but borne in large panicles; very popular. **25c each; 5 for \$1.**



Clematis, Paniculata

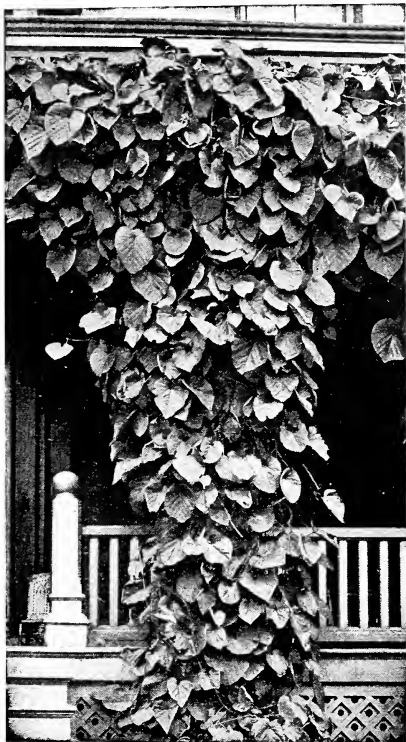
ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

VINES—(Continued)



Clematis, Jackmanni

Clematis, Jackmanni—Large, intense violet purple and remarkable for its velvety richness; free in growth and an abundant and successive bloomer. 35c each; 3 for \$1.00.



Birthwort—Dutchman's Pipe

Birthwort, or Dutchman's Pipe—A rapid growing vine, with magnificent foliage and curious piped-shaped brown flowers. 40c ea.; 5 for \$1.75.

Chinese Matrimony Vine—It has dark green foliage; beautiful flowers, and loads of small berries, which far surpass the holly berries. Perfectly hardy. 25c each.



Wistaria, Purple

Wistaria, Chinese Purple—One must see this plant in bloom to appreciate its magnificence. It flowers in spring in long drooping racemes; very beautiful; perfectly hardy. 25c each; 5 for \$1.

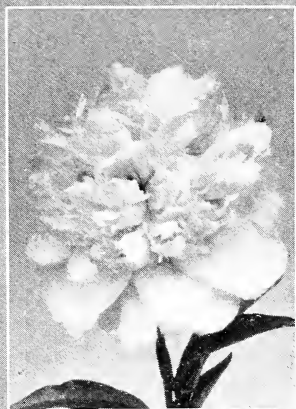


Hall's Japan Honeysuckle

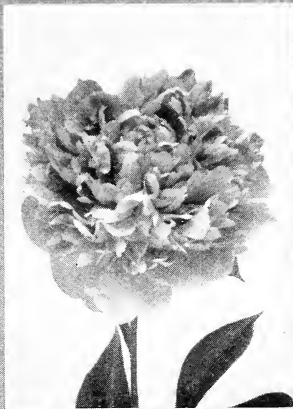
Honeysuckle, Hall's Japan—A strong, vigorous grower, almost evergreen, with pure white flowers, turning to yellow; very fragrant; covered with flowers from July to December. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

PAEONIES



Darmouth (White)



Purpurea Superba (Purple)



Dorata (Bluish)

Prices of Paeonies (Except Fringe Leaved) 25c each ; 5 for \$1.00

Prices of Fringe Leaved, 35c each ; 5 for \$1.50. If Paeonies are to be sent by mail, add 5c per plant

Our Paeonies are 2 years old, extra strong, and have from 3 to 5 eyes

Agida—Red, with scarlet hues; very full, strong grower and free bloomer; superb.

Comte de Paris—Large red; very showy.

Darmouth—White with yellow tints arising from a few stamens showing amidst the petals. Large, rather full flower of superb form.

Delachei—Violet crimson; fairly compact, rose type; strong, erect, vigorous growth.

Dorata—Delicate bluish; exceedingly beautiful, large flower, borne on long, erect stem; free bloomer; one of the best.

Duchess de Nemours—Guard petals white, center lemon-yellow; cup-shaped; very fine.

Fringe Leaved—A beautiful variety with delicate fern-like foliage and double scarlet-crimson flowers; brilliant and satiny. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

Globosa—Delicate flesh pink. Large, compact, rose type; very showy.

Madame Coste—Variegated; magnificent colorings; large, full, globular bloom.

Purpurea Superba—Very large purplish-crimson flower, good shape; outside petals large; center small and compact; tall and showy; late.

Rubra Triumphans—Dark purplish-crimson, petals large; semi-double; fine.



Globosa (Pink)



Duchess de Nemours (Yellow)



Fringe Leaved (Crimson)

WOOD'S CHOICE ROSES

If sent by mail, add 5c per plant

NO class of flowers is as well or as universally loved as are Roses. They do best in a warm, sunny spot, and must be shielded from strong winds; they thrive in most any soil that is well drained. Our Roses are strong, hardy, field grown plants, *and will bloom the first year.*



Kaiserin Augusta Victoria

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria—A Rose that blooms continually from spring until fall. A very strong grower; buds are pointed; flowers large and double; snowy white. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

American Beauty—Probably the widest known and most prized cut flower among all American Roses, and equally popular for bedding. Deep pink approaching crimson; of exquisite form and fragrance; large size. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

Mrs. R. G. S. Crawford—A variety introduced from Ireland. Color, deep rosy pink. Blooms practically all summer long; very vigorous. Awarded gold medal at National Rose Show of England. 25c each; 5 for \$1.10.

General Jacqueminot—Brilliant crimson. Large and extremely effective; fragrant and of excellent habit. 25c each; 5 for \$1.10.

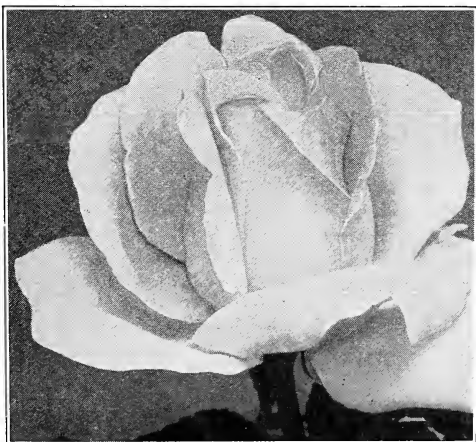
Gruss an Teplitz—Scarlet, shading to velvety crimson, very fragrant, a full grower and most profuse bearer. One of the choicest. 25c each; 5 for \$1.15.

LaFrance—Hybrid Tea Rose. Delicate silvery rose color, changing to silvery pink; very large and full, globular form. Sweetest Rose and most constant bloomer. 25c each; 5 for \$1.15.



Killarney

Killarney—Flesh color, large buds, long and pointed; blooms profusely throughout the season. 25c each; 5 for \$1.15.



Frau Karl or Snow Queen

Frau Karl Druschki, or Snow Queen—An exquisite pure white Rose. Very large and fragrant. Most perfect of all white Roses. 25c ea.; 5 for \$1.15.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

ROSES—(Continued)



Baby Rambler (The above photograph was taken in September)

Baby Rambler—Bush, not Climbing. Flowers are large, well formed, crimson in color, and borne in clusters of 20 to 40 flowers at one time. Blooms profusely from June until frost. Very desirable for summer bedding and, when planted as a hedge, is an object of beauty. 25c each; 5 for \$1.



Earl of Dufferin

Earl of Dufferin—Rich, brilliant, velvety crimson, shaded with dark maroon; large, full, finely formed; delightful fragrance. One of the finest dark Roses. 25c each; 5 for \$1.10.

Margaret Dickson—A beautiful, fragrant, white Rose with a pale pink center; petals very large, shell shaped and of great substance; foliage very large, dark green. 25c each; 5 for \$1.10.

Moss Rose—A favorite with everyone on account of the beautiful buds, which, for bouquets, are invaluable. We have two colors: **Red** and **White**. 25c each; 5 for \$1.15.

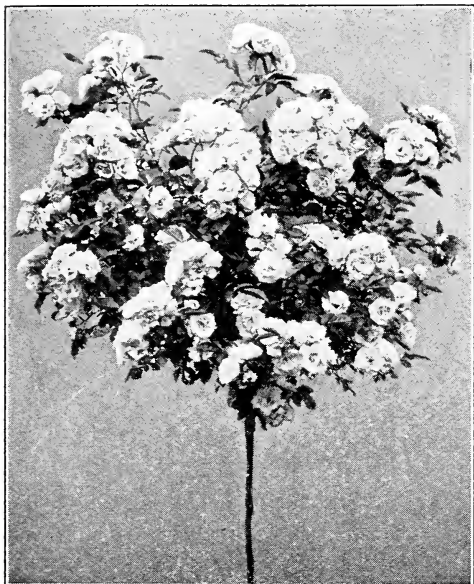
Paul Neyron—One of the finest hardy Roses ever grown. It blooms unceasingly from June to November, on uniformly long, stiff, thornless stems, with immense cup-shaped flowers 4 to 6 inches across. Color a deep pink. 25c each; 5 for \$1.10.

Persian Yellow—Bright yellow, nearly full. Hardy and vigorous. 25c each; 5 for \$1.15.

Prince Camille de Rohan—Very dark velvety crimson, changing to intense maroon. A very prolific bloomer, and flowers are of excellent form and size. 25c each; 5 for \$1.10.

Soleil d'Or, or Golden Sun—Rich golden yellow shaded with deep red, very beautiful. A robust and vigorous grower; free bloomer. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

The planting of nursery stock should not be figured as a luxury, but as an investment for the improvement of property.

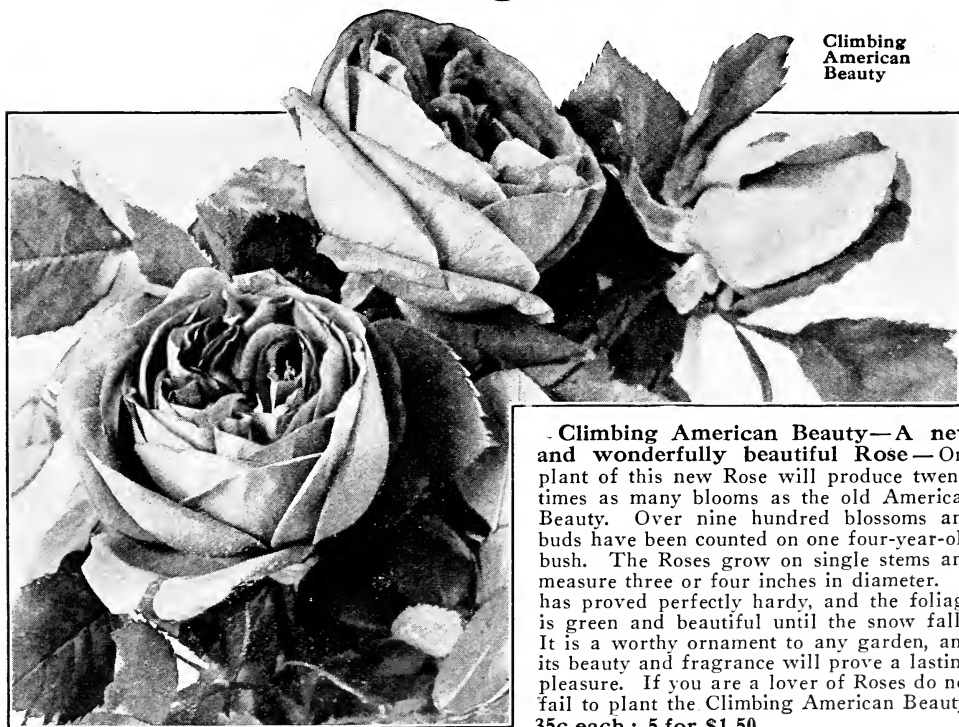


Tree Rose

☞ DON'T fail to read the enclosed folder. It announces a new offer which we know will interest you. The PREMIUMS shown are of extraordinary value and you need only to glance at them to determine their worth to you.

Tree Roses are grafted on hardy rose canes four to five feet high, are tree shaped, and when in full bloom are objects of beauty. They need winter protection. We can supply very strong trees, that will bloom the first year, in the following colors: **Crimson, Pink, Red, White and Yellow.** 50c each; 5 for \$2.00.

Climbing Roses

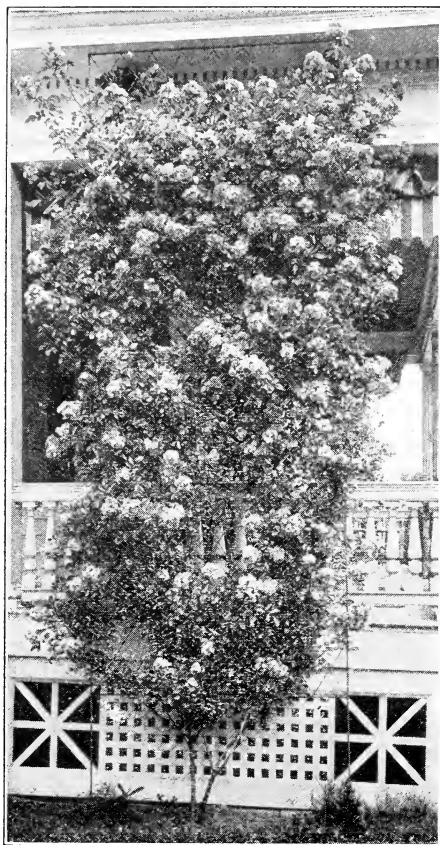


Climbing
American
Beauty

Climbing American Beauty—A new and wonderfully beautiful Rose—One plant of this new Rose will produce twenty times as many blooms as the old American Beauty. Over nine hundred blossoms and buds have been counted on one four-year-old bush. The Roses grow on single stems and measure three or four inches in diameter. It has proved perfectly hardy, and the foliage is green and beautiful until the snow falls. It is a worthy ornament to any garden, and its beauty and fragrance will prove a lasting pleasure. If you are a lover of Roses do not fail to plant the Climbing American Beauty. 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

CLIMBING ROSES—(Continued)



Crimson Rambler

Crimson Rambler—A vigorous and rapid grower, often growing 8 to 15 feet the first season. Charming variety for covering trellises or buildings. If grown on a wire fence as a hedge it will attract immediate attention. It produces clusters of handsome crimson roses. **25c each; 5 for \$1.10.**

Pink Rambler—Resembles Crimson Rambler in every respect, but color. **25c each; 5 for \$1.10.**

White Rambler—Similar to Crimson Rambler, only the color is pure white. **25c each; 5 for \$1.10.**



Thousand Beauties

Thousand Beauties—A superb Rose. Blooms profusely from early June until August, the flowers appearing in immense clusters of large size, and double. The colors vary from a soft rose through the shades of carmine, white, yellow and other delicate tints. It is a strong grower and its magnificent foliage is of itself a valuable feature. **25c each; 5 for \$1.00.**

Yellow Rambler—Light canary shade; clusters smaller, individual flowers larger than Crimson Rambler. **25c each; 5 for \$1.10.**

Dorothy Perkins—Same habit of growth as Crimson Rambler; sweetly scented and of a beautiful shell-pink color. **25c each; 5 for \$1.00.**

YOU can make your home charming by a small expenditure of time and money, but to do this it is necessary to know what to plant. If you are in doubt as to what would be appropriate for your grounds, write us sending a rough drawing of your place and we will help you to make a proper selection. We welcome correspondence on this subject.

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.



Barberry Thunbergii Hedge

Barberry Thunbergii—Dwarf growing; foliage, rich bright green which takes on a brilliant red color in autumn. Red berries also appear at that time. It is perfectly hardy, easily transplanted, and free from insects. Very ornamental and as attractive in winter as in summer. (See illustration on back cover)

	Each	Ten	Hundred
12 to 18 in.	20c	\$1.50	\$10.00
18 to 24 in.	25c	2.00	12.00

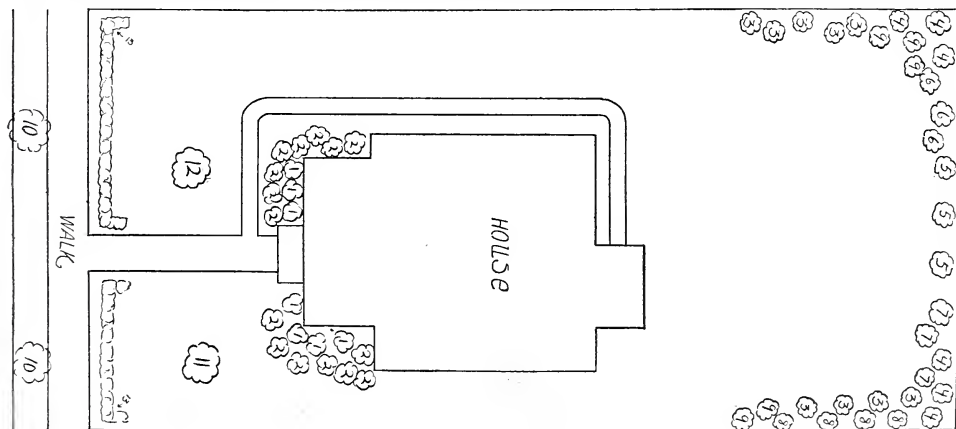
If you tell us what you want to expend on your grounds and send us a rough drawing of your place, we can make you a blue print map for \$2.00 or \$3.00, and tell you what to plant and how to arrange it. The illustration below shows how to arrange a lot 50 x 120 ft. at a cost of \$25.00. It is not necessary to expend as much as this, but this plan will help you to make your selection.



California Privet Hedge

California Privet—A rapid and vigorous grower. It has handsome glossy, oval-shaped leaves which remain on well into the winter. Very popular for ornamental hedges and trimmed specimens.

	Each	Ten	Hundred
18 to 24 in.	10c	\$.75	\$4.00
2 to 3 ft.	15c	1.00	5.00
3 to 4 ft.	20c	1.50	6.00



Lot 50 x 120 ft.

1 Seven Spirea, VanHouttei -	\$1.40	6 Three Snowball -	\$.85	11 One Cut-Leaf Birch -	\$.75
2 Fifteen Barberry Thunbergii -	3.00	7 Three Syringa, Golden -	1.05	12 One Tea's Weeping Mulberry -	1.25
3 Eight Hydrangea, P. G. -	1.60	8 Four Deutzia, Pride of Rochester -	1.00	13 Sixty-three Barberry Hedging -	7.55
4 Six Forsythia -	1.20	9 Six Spirea, Anthony Waterer -	1.50		
5 Three Lilac, Assorted -	.85	10 Two Norway Maple -	3.00		

TOTAL COST, \$25.00

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

EVERGREENS



Rhododendron

RHODODENDRON (Rosebay) — Through its blooming season in May and June, no shrub in Nature's garden, the world over, can compare with this. In winter the great leathery leaves of the Rhododendrons form rich banks of green. Rhododendrons are most effective and most easily cared for when planted in large beds or groups, so that their flowers may be displayed in rich masses. They will grow in any good soil, but are finest in a somewhat sheltered situation, where the soil is deep, well drained and mulched with leaves. The plants we offer are strong and bushy, well set with flower buds, and will flower nicely first year. Colors pink, purple, red, white. \$1 each; 5 for \$4.50.



Colorado Blue Spruce

Koster's Colorado Blue Spruce—The most beautiful variety of all evergreens; fine, compact habit; rich blue foliage. In great demand throughout the Eastern States where fine specimens are established. (See back cover.) 2 ft., \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50 each.

To increase valuation of your property plant ornamentals.



Boxwood

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.

EVERGREENS—(Continued)

Boxwood—This old-fashioned variety is used extensively in tubs and jardiniere for terraces, porches and window boxes, as well as for winter decorations. **12 in., 35c each.**

American Arbor Vitæ—Much used for hedges, screens, singly on lawns or in tubs for porches. A handsome little tree, and if allowed to grow naturally will be tall and pyramid-shaped. Can be trimmed and kept in any form and height. In summer the foliage is bright green above, yellowish beneath.

	Each	Ten	Hundred
18 to 24 in.	30c	\$2.50	\$20.00
2 to 3 ft.	40c	3.00	25.00

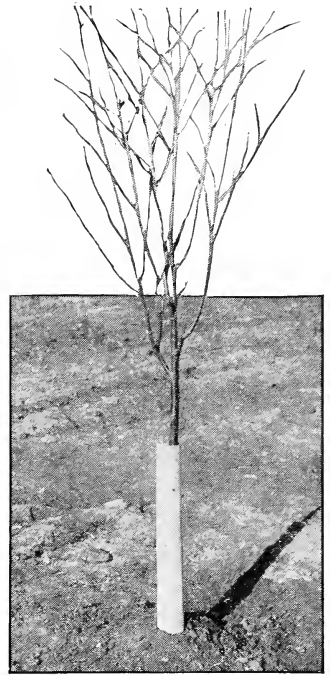
Irish Juniper—Very desirable for planting on lawns, or in cemetery lots, where larger Evergreens are not admissible. **50c each.**

Norway Spruce—Pyramidal in form, of rapid growth, and extremely hardy. Makes a beautiful ornament for the lawn when planted singly and when set out as a hedge or wind break cannot be beaten. Norway Spruce will grow singly or in a hedge form as high as 25 feet.

	Each	Ten	Hundred
18 to 24 in.	30c	\$2.50	\$20.00
2 to 3 ft.	40c	3.00	25.00

TREE PROTECTORS

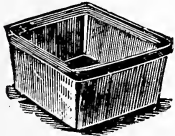
will keep the mice and rabbits from eating the bark off your young trees. These are made from a sheet of basswood 18 inches long and 9 inches wide. Soak them well in water; then roll them around the trunks of the trees, tying them with twine. **\$1.50 per 100; \$5.50 per 500; \$10 per 1000.**



A Real Tree Protector

BASKETS

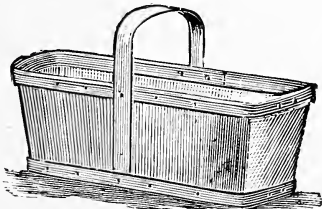
Standard Quart and Pint Berry Baskets



500 quarts or pints	-	-	-	-	\$2.40
1000 "	-	-	-	-	3.85
500 or more	-	-	-	-	\$3.50 per 1000

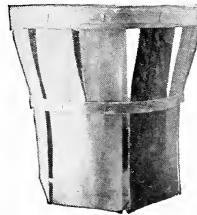
Standard 36 Quart Berry Crates, 50c each

Standard Grape Baskets with Cover "CLIMAX" BRAND



Four Pound Size			Six and Eight Pound Size		
100	-	\$ 2.75	100	-	\$ 3.75
500	-	12.50	500	-	17.25
1000	-	24.00	1000	-	33.00

Ten Quart Peach Baskets



These are made of best selected elm or beech timber, and nailed with wire staples.

100	-	\$ 3.75
500	-	16.50
1000	-	30.00

Jersey Peach Basket

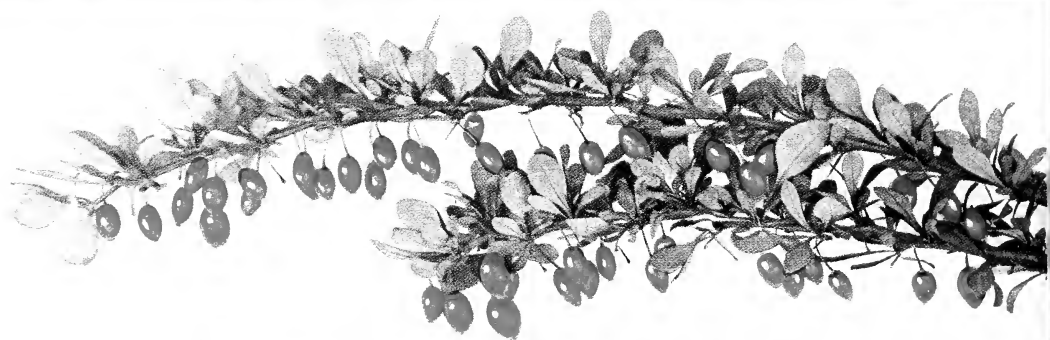
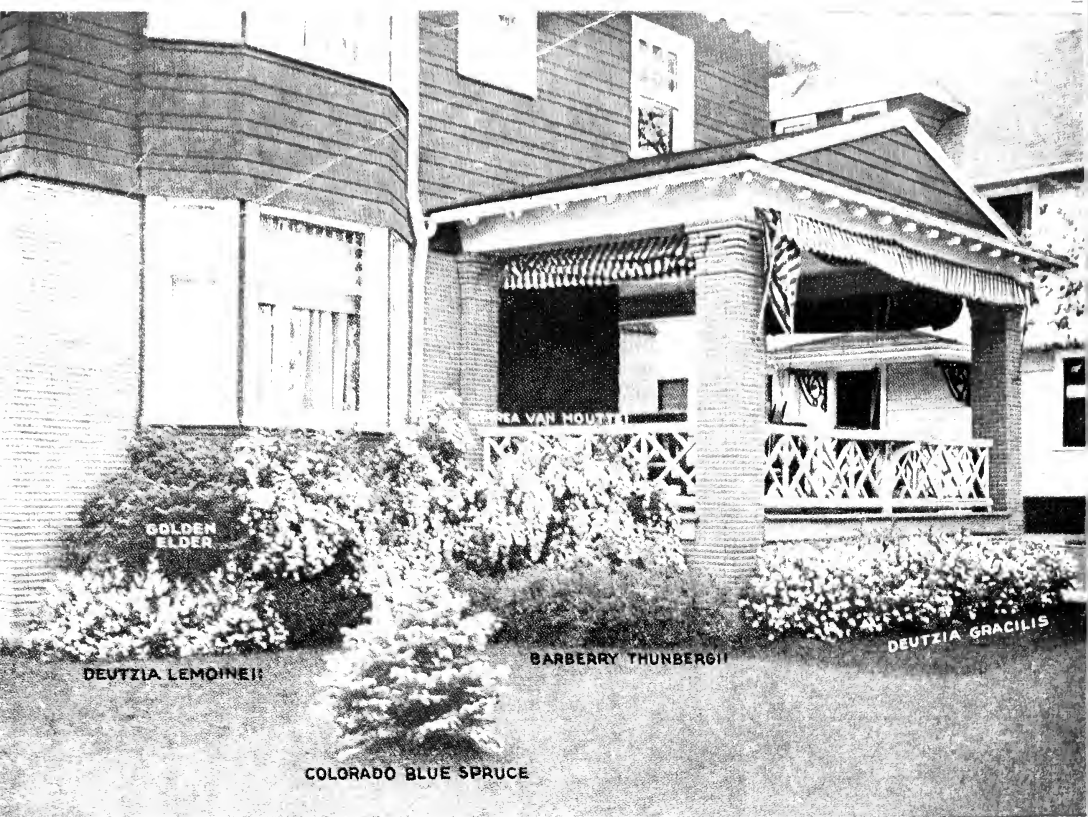
An eight stave basket, staves sawed down to the middle band. Bands are double stapled.

100, 14 or 16 qts.	\$ 5.50
500, 14 or 16 qts.	24.00
1000, 14 or 16 qts.	45.00

Two Piece Jersey Peach Basket Covers

100	-	\$ 3.35
500	-	16.00
1000	-	30.00





BRANCH OF BARBERRY THUNBERGII IN AUTUMN

